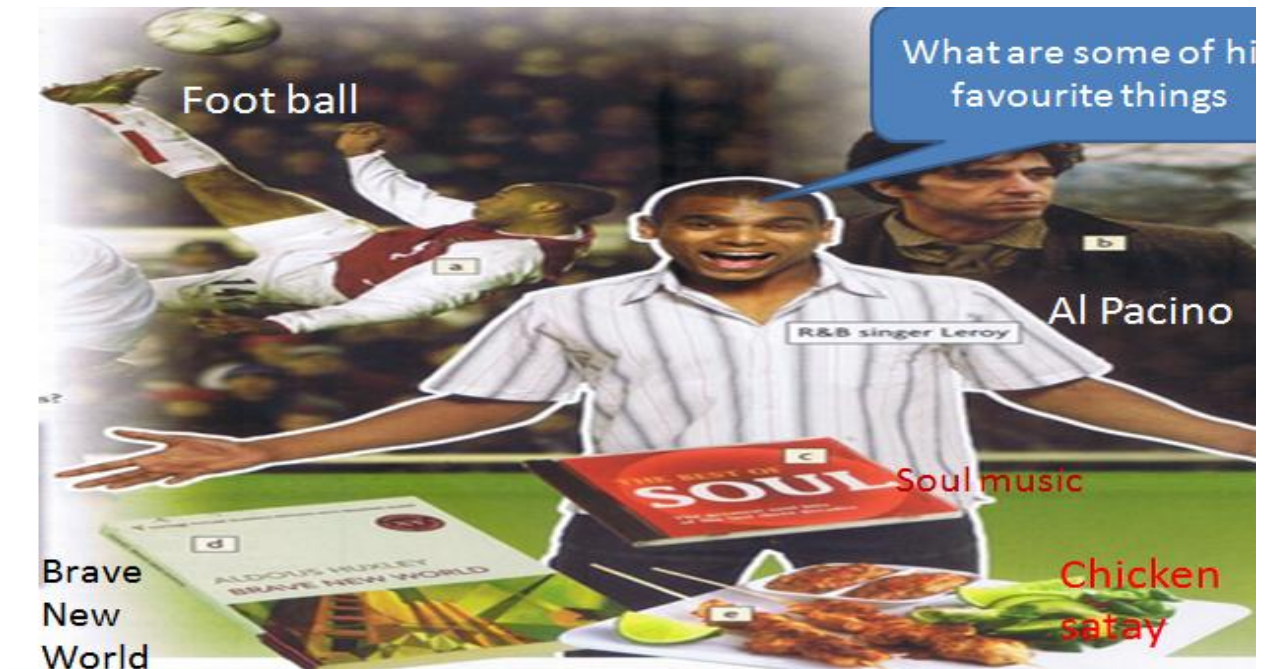


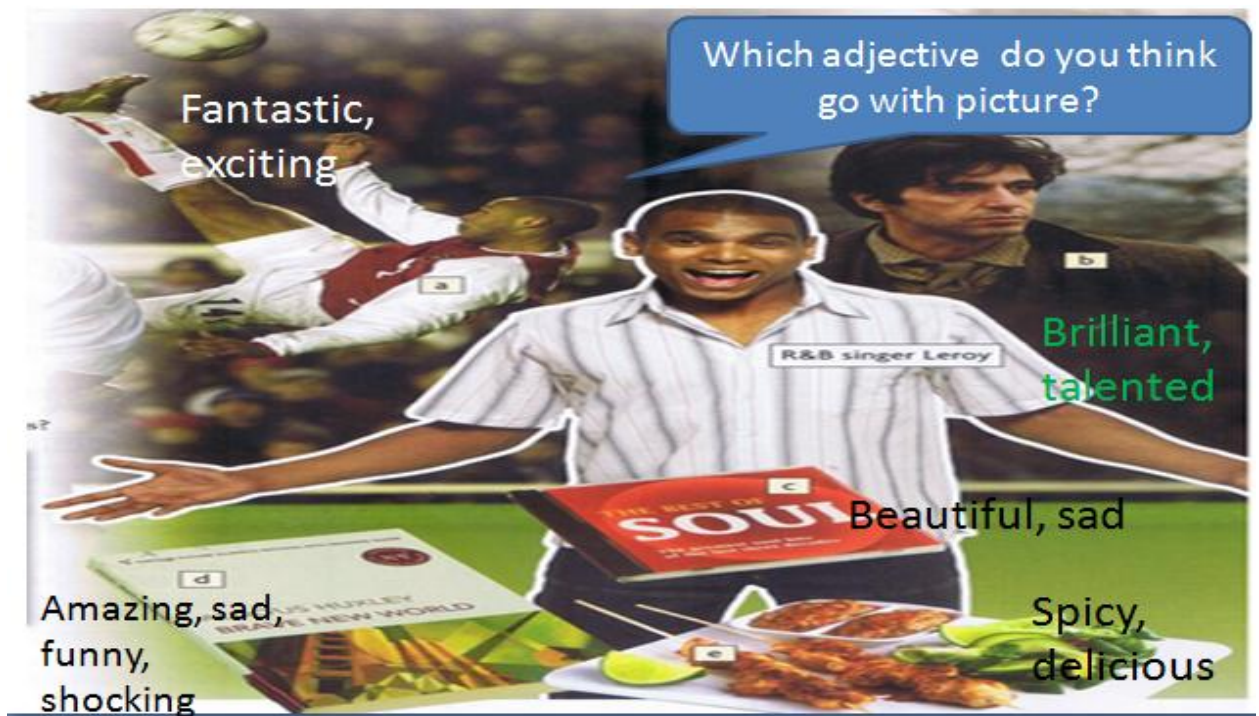
# UNIT 6 PLACES AND THINGS

## MY FAVOURITE THINGS

1. Look at the photos of the singer Leroy and some of his favourite things?



2. Which adjective do you think go with picture?



## GRAMMAR

What ...like?

Describe something or somebody

Ex: What is soul music like?

It's sad.

What is he like?

He is talented

## PRACTICE

1. Leory is answering questions about his home town, London. Complete the questions.

- 1 Q What 's London like?  
A Well, it's a really exciting city! There's so much going on all the time.
- 2 Q What is the weather like?  
A It's OK, and not very cold in winter, but people don't come here for the sunshine!
- 3 Q What are the people like?  
A They're very interesting. They come from all over the world. London's a very cosmopolitan city.
- 4 Q What are the buildings like?  
A Fantastic! Lots of them are historical and famous, but there are some wonderful modern ones, too.
- 5 Q What are the restaurants like?  
A They're great! You can find food from every country in the world.
- 6 Q What is the night life like?  
A Oh, it's amazing! There are so many clubs and theatres, and, of course, the music scene is fantastic!

2. Listen and check.
3. Ask and answer questions about the town or city you are in now.

GOOD, BETTER, BEST!

## GRAMMAR

### Comparatives and superlatives

#### 1. Short adjectives

- Example: cheap → cheaper → the cheapest  
fast → faster → the fastest
- Form:

#### **Short adj + er/ est**

\* Note:

- If an adjective ending in “y” and before “y” is a consonant, we change “y” → “i” then add “-er”/ “-est”

Ex: dry → drier/ driest

But: grey → greyer / greyest

- If an adjective ending in “-e” we just add “-r”/ “-st”

EX: safe → safer/ safest

wide → wider/ widest

If an adjective ending in one vowel + one consonant, we need to double the last consonant of the adjective then add “-er”/ “-est”

EX: big → bigger/ biggest

hot → hotter/ hottest

#### 2. Long adjectives



EX: useful → more useful → the most useful

expensive → more expensive → the most expensive

dangerous → more dangerous → the most dangerous

- Form: **more / the most + long adj**

## PRACTICE

1. Work in team. Compare the things.

The ...is taller than the ..., but the ...is the tallest.



<b>1 tall</b>	Petronas Towers (Kuala Lumpur) Eiffel Tower (Paris) Empire State Building (New York)
<b>2 small</b>	Monaco Vatican City Andorra
<b>3 big</b>	Atlantic Ocean Arctic Ocean Pacific Ocean
<b>4 fast</b>	horse human elephant
<b>5 expensive</b>	Porsche Ferrari Rolls Royce
<b>6 dangerous</b>	lion shark hippopotamus

2. Listen and check the answer for each team.
3. In team, write one more general knowledge question comparing three things.
4. Work with a partner, compare the things.

**Type of holiday**

- skiing
- beach
- sightseeing
- camping

**Type of film**

- comedy
- thriller
- science fiction
- romance

**Type of music**

- jazz
- rap
- classical
- rock

5. Correct these sentences.

1. He is more older than he looks

....is older than....

2. Jessica's as tall than her mother.

...is taller than ....

3. A: What does New York like?

B: It's really exciting!

What is New ...

4. London is more exciting that Paris.

....exciting than....

5. The University of Oxford is one of oldest universities in Europe.

.....the oldest...

1. He is more older than he looks  
older

2. Jessica's as tall than her mother.  
as tall as/ taller than

3. A: What does New York like?  
is

B: It's really exciting!

4. London is more exciting that Paris.  
than

5. The University of Oxford is one of oldest universities in Europe.  
the oldest

6. He isn't as intelligent than his sister.  
As intelligent as/ more intelligent than

7. This is more hard than I expected.  
harder

8. Who is the most rich man in the world.

richest

9. Everything is more cheap in my country.

cheaper

10. Rome was hotter that I expected.

than

### LISTENING AND SPEAKING

1. What pleasures are there in life that don't cost anything? Think of three things you love that are free.
2. Listen to five people talking about the best things in their lives that are free. Put these photos in order that you hear them.



3. Listen again and complete the chart.

Answers			
	What?	Why?	Is it free?
<b>Ben, 15</b>	Dog, Jasper	Grew up together – he's loving, crazy, fun, energetic	Yes
<b>Mary, 55</b>	Sunsets. Cards and calls from family Baby boy grandchild	Sunsets are beautiful – make washing up easier. Baby is beautiful	Sunsets and baby are free. Cards and calls cost something
<b>Michael, 36</b>	Countryside  Walk in the park	Great, quieter than the city, time to think. Lovely, lots of trees, small lake	Countryside is not free because he has to drive there A walk in the park is free
<b>Laura, 8</b>	Playing with sister, Abby	Good to play with, always waiting for her, thinks she's the best person in the world	Yes
<b>Kiera, 24</b>	Boyfriend, Dan	Likes walking, chatting, makes her laugh, nicest friend, feels lucky	Yes

## READING AND SPEAKING

1. - What is the capital city in your country?  
- Write down 2 things that you like about your capital and two things you don't like.
2. Describe your capital city
3. Read the introduction to the article. Are these sentences true/ false

- 1 London is more cosmopolitan than Toronto. **T**
- 2 New York is the most diverse city ever. **F**
- 3 Londoners don't work as hard as people in other cities. **F**
- 4 Immigrants want their children to learn English. **T**
- 5 Londoners are the friendliest people in the world. **F**
- 6 Londoners only like eating English food. **F**
- 7 Most Londoners want to leave the city eventually. **T**



4. Read the text and answer the questions.

#### VOCABULARY AND PRONUNCIATION

Synonyms and antonyms in conversation

1. Synonyms:



2. Complete the conversation with synonyms

1 A Look at all these **new** buildings!

B Yes. Paris is much more modern than I expected.

2 A Wasn't that film **brilliant**?

B Absolutely! It was fantastic. We loved it.

3 A Your bedroom's really **untidy**. Again!

B What do you mean? It doesn't look messy to me.



- 4 A I couldn't believe it, their son was so **impolite** to me.  
 B Don't worry. He's **rude** to everyone.
- 5 A Dan doesn't earn much, but he's always so **kind**.  
 B He is, isn't he? He's one of the most **generous** people I know.
- 6 A I'm **bored** with this exercise!  
 B I know. I'm **fed up** with it, too!

### 3. Antonyms



### 4. Write a synonym and an antonym for the adjectives.

Adjective	Synonym (same)	Antonym (opposite)
bored	<u>fed up</u>	<u>interested</u>
wonderful	<u>good</u> ,brilliant, fantastic	<u>bad</u> , terrible, awful, horrible
modern	<u>new</u>	<u>old</u>
impolite	<u>rude</u>	<u>polite</u>
untidy	<u>messy</u>	<u>tidy</u>
generous	<u>unselfish</u>	<u>mean</u> , stingy
cold	<u>chilly</u>	<u>hot</u>
miserable	<u>Sad/ unhappy</u>	<u>happy</u>

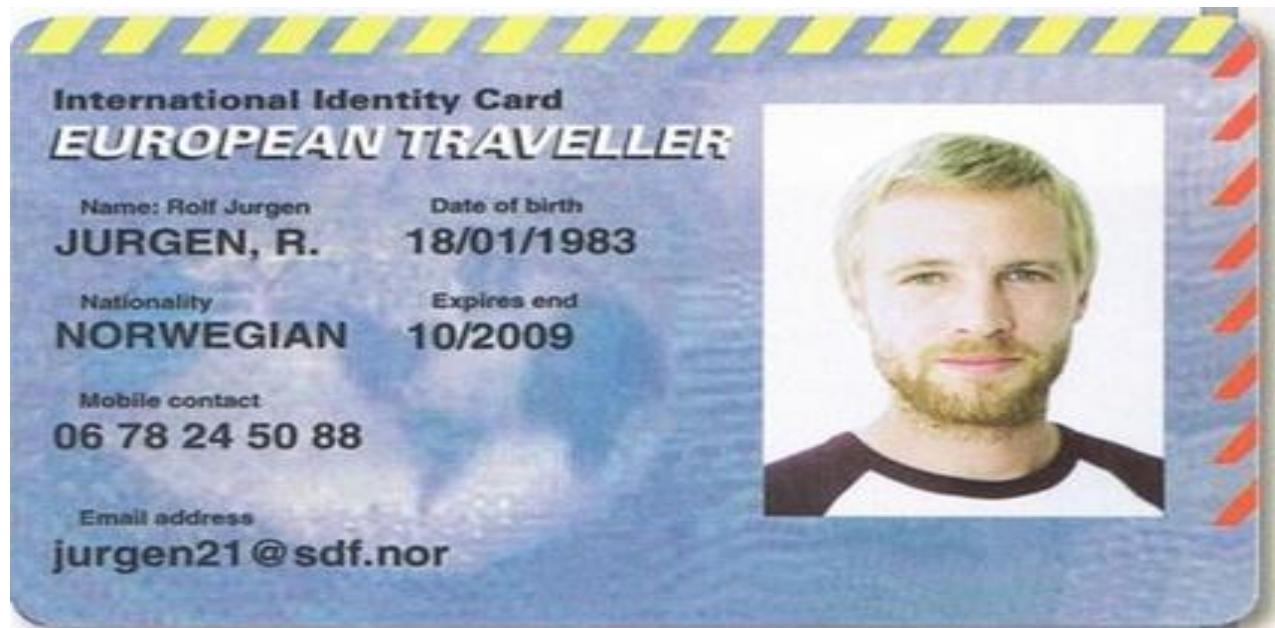
### 5. Reply to these sentences in a polite way

1. Tokyo's such an expensive city  
Well, it's certain not very cheap
2. 2. Paul and Sue are so mean  
They're not very generous, that's for sure.
3. Their house is always so messy.  
I know, it's not very tidy, is it?
4. 4. That sales assistant was so rude!  
She wasn't very polite, was she?
5. 5. Jim looks really miserable.  
Yes, he's not very happy at the moment, is he?
6. 6. This exercise is so boring!  
It's certain not very exciting.

## EVERYDAY ENGLISH

### A city break

1. Rolf has booked a city break. He is going for three nights with his friends, Jonas. Look at the pictures and complete the online booking form.



**Metropole Hostel Online Booking**

**Booking details**  
 Check in date   
 Number of nights   
 Number of people

**Please select a room**  
 Price per person per night  
 6 bed mixed dorm 20€ ☐  
 6 bed female dorm 25€ ☐

**Customer details**  
 First name  Last name   
 email  Phone number   
 Gender M ☒ F ☐ Nationality

**Credit card details**  
 Card holder's name   
 Credit card number   
 Card type  Expiry date  MM/YY  
 Total cost of rooms  €  
 Booking fee  €  
 Total  €

I have read and accept the [Terms and Conditions](#) ☐

2. Rolf and Jonas are in the Tourist Office. Make questions from the columns A and B. Match a question with a leaflet.

*Where can I buy a new backpack? Orchard Shopping Centre - c*

A	B
Where	can I buy a new backpack?
How much	exhibitions are showing this week?
What time	's the nearest cashpoint?
How long	does the metro stop running?
What	can I get something to eat?
	does the tour take?
	play is on this week?
	is a travel card for a week?
	can I get a battery for my camera?
	is there a bar with live music?





3. Listen the conversation between Rolf and Jonas with someone who works in the tourist office. Complete the line of the conversation.

- 1 Excuse me. Could you help me?
- 2 We'd like to take a trip on one of those buses ...
- 3 How long does the tour take ?
- 4 How much is it to get in ?
- 5 ... it's best to book a few days in advance.
- 6 I need to buy a present for my mother.
- 7 Is there a gift shop around here?
- 8 There's a good one just round the corner.

4. Plan a two-day break for someone coming to your town. Including information on:

- Where to stay/eat/shop ...
- What to see/do ...
- How to get around