

**VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF
FORESTRY- BRANCH 2**



ENGLISH 3

**Exam
Question
Bank**

**ONLY FOR INTERNAL USE
2016**

Compositions: Write 150-200 words.

(4 points per sentence: 1 for grammatical accuracy, 2 for lexis and communication of message, 1 for spelling)

01. Do you like travelling by plane? Why?

02. Do you like going on holiday abroad? Why?

03. You saw an advertisement for English classes in York in this month's English Today magazine and you want to come to that language school next summer. Write an informal letter to your English friend living in that area to tell why you want come there and ask for more information about the school.

04. Write about your future plans and dreams

05. Which mean of transports will you choose if you go on holiday? Why?

06. What are the advantages and disadvantages of train travel?

07. Do you like travelling by motorcycle? Why?

08. Do you like travelling by train? Why?

09. Do you like travelling by car? Why?

10. Imagine you have received an email from an old friend. Write an email reply.

- Give your news.
- Tell him/her your plans for the future.
- Make a plan to see him/her.

UNIT 7:

I. Multiple choice

Choose the word whose stressed syllable is different from the one of the others.

01. A. wonderful B government C possibly D. advertisement
02. A. reasonable B. journalist C. successful D. comfortable
03. A. successful B. exactly C. employment D. wonderful
04. A. advertisement B. mysterious C. photographer D. information
05. A. seriously B. possibly C. comfortable D. reasonable
06. A. information B. competition C. politician D. mysterious
07. A. government B. employment C. wonderful D. journalist
08. A. competition B. information C. seriously D. politician
09. A. mysterious B. seriously C. advertisement D. photographer
10. A. photographer B. politician C. information D. competition
11. A. arrive B. invite C. explain D. beauty
12. A. improve B. beauty C. kindness D. lawyer
13. A. lawyer B. discuss C. artist D. difference
14. A. noisy B. friendly C. famous D. employ
15. A. discuss B. different C. employ D. agree
16. A. lawyer B. artist C. agree D. noisy
17. A. invitation B. explanation C. information D. advertisement
18. A. ambition B. decision C. government D. discussion
19. A. explain B. friendly C. different D. noisy
20. A. famous B. beauty C. invite D. artist

Choose the best answer

01. Which word is a verb?
A. arrive B. kindness C. lawyer D. artist
02. Which word is a noun?
A. noisy B. friendly C. famous D. difference
03. Which word is an adjective?
A. beauty B. different C. difference D. information
04. Which word has 2 syllables?
A. difference B. decision C. discussion D. ambition
05. Which word has 2 syllables?
A. ambition B. decision C. different D. discussion

06. Which word is a noun?
 A. arrival B. dangerous C. useful D. moody
07. Which word is an adjective?
 A. trainer B. improvement C. disastrous D. invitation
08. Which word is NOT a job?
 A. interpreter B. artist C. scientist D. user
09. Which word is NOT a job?
 A. musician B. listener C. lawyer D. librarian
10. Which word is NOT a job?
 A. politician B. accountant C. speaker D. photographer
11. Which word is NOT a job?
 A. reader B. receptionist C. decorator D. actor
12. Which word is an adjective?
 A. patience B. fame C. happiness D. beautiful
13. Which word is a noun?
 A. useful B. disastrous C. kindness D. different
14. Who governed the tiny principality for nearly 56 years?
 A. Sigmund Freud B. John Lenon
 C. Roald Dahl D. Prince Rainier of Manaco
15. Who has made clothes for many famous people, including Madona?
 A. Sophie Dahl B. Bella Freud
 C. Julian Lenon D. Princess Caroline of Manaco
16. Who has modelled for Vogue and Yves Saint Laurent.
 A. Sophie Dahl B. Bella Freud
 C. Julian Lenon D. Princess Caroline of Manaco
17. Who has been in the music business since 1984?
 A. Sigmund Freud B. John Lenon
 C. Roald Dahl D. Julian Lenon
18. Who has been married three times and has four children?
 A. Sophie Dahl B. Bella Freud
 C. Julian Lenon D. Princess Caroline of Manaco
19. When she was young, she in Wales.
 A. lives B. lived C. has lived D. was living
20. She several jobs in her life. She was a secretary and a teacher before being a writer.
 A. has B. had C. has had D. had had

31. We lived in Edinburgh from 2001 to 2005.
 A. We moved because I got a job in London.
 B. I really need a cup of coffee.
 C. I went camping with some friends.
 D. Before that it was an office
32. We haven't had a break for an hour.
 A. We moved because I got a job in London.
 B. I really need a cup of coffee.
 C. I went camping with some friends.
 D. Before that it was an office
33. I last had a holiday in 2003.
 A. We moved because I got a job in London.
 B. I really need a cup of coffee.
 C. I went camping with some friends.
 D. Before that it was an office
34. This building has been a school since 1999.
 A. We moved because I got a job in London.
 B. I really need a cup of coffee.
 C. I went camping with some friends.
 D. Before that it was an office
35. to Zimbabwe yet.
 A. I never went
 B. I've never gone
 C. I've never been
 D. I never go
36.his father. He died before he was born.
 A. He never met
 B. He's never met
 C. He didn't met.
 D. He never meet
37.to Maggie yesterday?
 A. Have you talked
 B. Did you talk
 C. Did you talked
 D. Do you talk
38. this music before.
 A. I never hear
 B. I never have heard.
 C. I've never heard.
 D. I never heard
39.the news last night?
 A. Have you seen
 B. Did you saw
 C. Were you see
 D. Did you see
40. a competition in my life.
 A. I've never won
 B. I never won
 C. I never have won
 D. I never win

41. that you could fly?
 A. Did you ever dream B. Have you ever dream
 C. Have you ever dreamt D. Have you dreamt ever
42. Princess Diana has died in a car crash in Paris in
 A.1995 B. 1996 C.1997 D. 1998
43. Roald Dahl
 A. drew lots of paintings B. wrote lots of children's books
 C. made lots of albums D. made clothes for famous people.
44. Who invented psychoanalysis to help his patients?
 A.Sigmund Freud B. John Lenon
 C. Roald Dahl D. Prince Rainier of Manaco
45. She's happy one moment and sad the next. She is
 A. easy-going B. moody C. popular D.spoilt
46. He's often angry. He is
 A. selfish B. thoughtful
 C. bad-tempered D. talented
47. She's rude and angry when she doesn't get what she wants. She is ...
 A. easy-going B. moody C. popular D.spoilt
48. He's relaxed and doesn't often get worried or angry. He is
 A. easy-going B. moody C. popular D.spoilt
49. She's kind and thinks about other people. She is
 A. selfish B. thoughtful C. bad-tempered D. talented
50. He's not generous. He is
 A. mean B. thoughtful C. bad-tempered D. talented
51. She's not polite. She is
 A. selfish B. thoughtful C. bad-tempered D. rude
52. He's very good at something. He is
 A. selfish B. thoughtful C. bad-tempered D. talented
53. A lot of people like her. She is
 A. selfish B. thoughtful C. popular D. talented
54. He always thinks about himself. He is
 A. selfish B. rude C. bad-tempered D. mean
55. What did youto do for your holiday?
 A.decide B. invite C. improve D. imagine
56. Can youlife without computers?
 A.decide B. invite C. improve D. imagine

57. He wants to be aone day.
 A. imagination B. politician C. decision D. politics
58. Thank you. That's veryof you.
 A. invite B. invitation C. kind D. improvement
59. We need to make aabout the project before next week.
 A. imagination B. politician C. decision D. politics
60. There has been a great in your English this year.
 A. invite B. invitation C. kind D. improvement
61. I would like tothem to dinner.
 A. invite B. invitation C. kind D. improvement
62. Young children are not interested in
 A. imagination B. politician C. decision D. politics
63. Did you get anto Jo and Jed's wedding?
 A. invite B. invitation C. kind D. improvement
64. You need to have a lot ofto write novels.
 A. imagination B. politician C. decision D. politics
65. I'm going to the USA for six months to..... my English.
 A. decide B. invite C. improve D. imagine
66. I try to have a lifestyle - lots of exercise, fruit, and no junk food.
 A. healthy B. important C. lucky D. romantic
67. Mum and Dad. I have some news. I'm getting married.
 A. healthy B. important C. lucky D. romantic
68. She had a car crash, but she was to escape with no injuries at all.
 A. healthy B. important C. lucky D. romantic
69. Venice is a verycity. A lot of people go there on honeymoon.
 A. healthy B. important C. lucky D. romantic
70. Before you can get a credit card, you have to give a lot of details.
 A. useless B. careless C. successful D. personal
71. After his heart attack, he needed major surgery, but fortunately the operation was
 A. useless B. careless C. successful D. personal
72. My sister is soI lent her my watch and she lost it.
 A. useless B. careless C. successful D. personal
73. This knife isYou can't cut anything with it.
 A. useless B. careless C. successful D. personal

74. Be..... when you ride your motorbike.

A. useless B. careless C. careful D. personal

75. I speak French, which was very when I went to work in Quebec.

A. useless B. careless C. useful D. personal

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

1. John Lennon started his first band when he was 15. His eldest son, Julian, has been in the music business since he was 19. He has made five albums. He didn't know his father very well.

2. Roald Dahl wrote the story The BFG in 1982 for his granddaughter, Sophie. It is about a little girl called Sophie. Sophie Dahl has been a model since she was 17, but she also likes writing. She has written some short stories and one novel.

3. Sigmund Freud worked in Vienna for most of his life. His great-granddaughter, Bella Freud, was born in London and has worked there since 1990. But when she was a fashion student, she lived in Rome.

4. Prince Rainier of Monaco married American film star Grace Kelly in 1956. Their daughter, Caroline, has had quite a tragic life. She divorced her first husband after only two years and both her mother and

Answer these questions:

1. When did John Lennon start his first band?

2. How long has Julian Lennon been in the music business?

3. When did Roald Dahl write The BFG?

4. How many novels has Sophie Dahl written?

5. Where did Sigmund Freud work?

6. Where has Bella Freud worked since 1990?
7. Who did Prince Rainier marry?
8. How many times has Princess Caroline been married?

READING 2

Steven Spielberg is the most famous filmmaker in the history of Hollywood. Since 1975, he has directed many of the most successful American films, including Jaws, E.T. - The Extra Terrestrial, Raiders of the Lost Ark, Jurassic Park, Schindler's List, and War of the Worlds, and he has earned billions of dollars. Since he started making films, he has won many awards, including three Oscars.

Even as a young child, he had a fascination for the film industry. He made little films which involved crashes with his train set, and his friends paid to see them!

Then he got a prize for his first real film, called Escape to Nowhere, when he was only 13 years old. But he still couldn't get into film school, so he studied English Literature at California State University.

While he was a student, he made another film called Amblin. Because of this film, he got his first job in Universal Studios, and he became the youngest-ever director to work for a major film studio.

Steven Spielberg says that his success at work is because of his happy family life. He has been happily married to his second wife, actress Kate Capshaw, since 1991, and between them they have seven children. They all live in California, where he now has his own film studio – Dreamworks SKG. Although he is always busy, he only works from 9.30 to 5.30 during the week, and never at weekends. Although he is one of the most successful filmmakers of all time, he is a family man first!

Write the questions about Steven Spielberg.

1. What

He's a filmmaker.

2. How much money.....?
Billions of dollars.

3. he ever an Oscar?
Yes, he has. Three.

4. What.....?
English Literature.

5. How old when he.....?
Thirteen.

6. When Kate Capshaw?
In 1991.

7. What.....?
She's an actress,

8.....children?
Yes, they have seven!

9. Where ?
In California,

READING 3

Davina Moody Drama Queen

Los Angeles

Wednesday, February 8th

She arrived by private jet on Sunday morning with a 20-strong entourage, including her PA (personal assistant), the PA to the PA, her hairdresser, make-up artist, manicurist, chef, dietician, masseuse, personal trainer, chauffeur, six bodyguards and, of course, a vet for her six-month-old King Charles Spaniel, Pooksie.

By Sunday evening the staff at California's Hollywood Hills Hotel, who have met and looked after some of the world's most famous and most temperamental film stars, felt that this star deserved an Oscar for her off-

screen performance. Davina Moody was very moody, the moodiest of them all.

Answer these questions:

1. How did Davina travel?
2. Who did she travel with?
3. Is Davina the first famous star to stay in the hotel?
4. Did the hotel staff enjoy looking after her?

READING 4

MISS MOODY is in Hollywood to attend the premiere of her latest movie. She has hired 17 rooms in the hotel at a cost of \$40,000 a night. Unfortunately, since her arrival, there have been a series of disasters. These have given the usually calm and patient Arnold Baglioni, hotel manager, a near nervous breakdown and played havoc with the normal running of his hotel.

1. No red carpet!

The first disaster came very soon after her arrival. Davina climbed out of her white stretch-limousine onto ... the sidewalk. There was NO RED CARPET and Miss Moody NEVER walks on sidewalks. She hasn't walked on a sidewalk since she became a child star nearly 30 years ago.

2. No white roses!

Worse was to follow. The corridor leading to her rooms was lined with roses. Davina loves roses but these were yellow roses. She wanted white roses. She hates yellow roses. In fact Miss Moody hates anything yellow. She has never worn anything yellow in her life.

3. The wrong lighting!

Davina travels with a 'lighting director'. She has just employed a new lighting director. He has the job of organizing the lighting in any room to

show her face to its best advantage. She likes pink lights. She looks younger with pink ones. The lights in her hotel room were ... yellow! Miss Moody has now moved rooms and fired the lighting director.

4. Fire! Fire!

A real disaster! At midnight on Monday there was a fire in the hotel kitchens. The fire brigade arrived and ordered everyone to leave the building. However, the hotel staff were too afraid to wake Miss Moody. They decided to let her sleep. Fortunately the fire was small. After ten hours' sleep, Miss Moody woke in a bad mood. No one has had the courage to inform her of the danger she was in.

5. The worst disaster of all!

Tuesday was the big day - the premiere of *The Lady Loves To*. Before it, there was a special champagne reception. Hundreds of important people from the movie industry were invited to greet the beautiful star. They came and they waited ... and waited. Three hours and 500 bottles of champagne later, Miss Moody's PA to the PA rushed into the room. The explanation? Davina was too upset to attend - she had a broken finger nail and nobody could find the manicurist.

6. A happy and not so happy ending!

Davina Moody missed the premiere. Perhaps this was fortunate. This morning's newspaper headlines read: DAVINA'S \$10,000,000 MOVIE DISASTER. So her movie has flopped, and apparently the manicurist and Mr Baglioni have run away together to start a new life.

Read the article again. Are these sentences true (✓) false (X)? Correct the false sentences.

1. Davina Moody has hired 40 rooms in the hotel.
2. The hotel manager has had a nervous breakdown.
3. She has been a star for many years.
4. She always wears yellow dresses.
5. She didn't like the lighting in her room.

6. She was very angry when the staff woke her up.
7. She met hundreds of important people at the champagne reception.
8. Her film was not successful.
9. She sacked her manicurist.

III. Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

1. What have you done at the weekend?
2. I've been at the school since three months.
3. Where have you met your husband?
4. My teacher is very impatience. She always tells us to hurry up and finish our work.
5. Has your teacher got a lot of patient?
6. Who is the most patience person you know?
7. What puts you in a bad moody?
8. Have you ever done anything very danger?
9. What's the different between an exam and a test?
10. Does your school employment many teachers?
11. Have you made much improve in your English over the last year?
12. What is your ambitious in life?
13. Would you like a politics?
14. What do you think is the secret of happy?
15. I try to have a health lifestyle – lots of exercise, fruit, and no junk food.

16. Mum and Dad. I have some importance news. I'm getting married.
17. She had a crash car, but she was luck to escape with no injures at all.
18. Venice is a very romance city. A lot of people go there on honeymoon
19. Before you can get a credit card, you have to give a lot of person details.
20. I am here since last week.
21. Kevin had his new job for nine months. He loves it.
22. I lived here for ten years but I'm going to move soon.
23. Bridgit knows Philip for a year and a half.
24. We have been to China in 2005.
25. How long do you have your dog?
26. They have known each other since three days.
27. She's had a sore throat for this morning.
28. Jane was a vet for thirty years and she still enjoys it.
29. How long do you live in this city?

IV. Make sentences from the given words or phrases.

1. When/ John Lenon / start his first band?
2. How long / Julian Lenon / be in the music business?
3. How many novels / Sophie Dahl / write?
4. How many times / Princess Caroline / be married?
5. She / not publish / a book for adults yet.

6. She /never / live / in Ireland.
7. She /never be/ very good at sport.
8. You / make / decision / yet?
9. How long / know / Jamie?
10. She / be / Sweden / twice.
11. Their plane / just / land.
12. He's carrying a suitcase. He / be / on / holiday.
13. His plate is empty. He / eat / everything.
14. She can't find her bag. She / lose / bag.
15. Her leg is in plaster. She / broke / leg.
16. The final score is 3-1 to our team. Our / team / win / match.
17. I haven't got any more money. I / spend / all / my / money

IV. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning.

1. I last went to the cinema two weeks ago.
2. I've had this watch for 3 years.
3. We've used this book since the beginning of this term.
4. Those workers haven't had a break for an hour.
5. I last had a holiday in 2003.
6. This building has been a school for 3 years.
7. He's been in China since January.

8. He has worked for a company called KMP for several years.
9. He and his wife have lived next to me since their son, Tom, was born.
10. I have known him for many years.
11. We have been friends since we were at university together.
12. His wife has had her own studio for six months.
13. Tom has been at my house since 8.00 this morning.
14. Amy joined British Airways two years ago.
15. I bought a bicycle six months ago.
16. She moved Los Angeles in 1995.
17. I went abroad five years ago.
18. We saw Jenny a year ago.
19. I started studying English at primary school.

V. Translate into English or Vietnamese

1. Trời vẫn còn mưa à? – Không, không. Nó vừa mới tạnh.

2. Are those new jeans you're wearing?
- No, they aren't. I've had them for ages.

3. Have you got the time, please?
- No, I haven't. I'm sorry my watch has stopped.

2. A: Did you see the football last night?
B: Yes, I did. It was a great game.

3. A: Have you got change for a pound?
B: No. sorry, I haven't. I've only got a ten-pound note.
4. A: Have you tried the new pizza place?
B: Yes, I have. I went there last weekend with Frank.
- 5 A: Are you ambitious?
B: Yes, I am. I want to have my own business one day.
- 6 A: Are you doing anything tonight?
B: No, I'm not. Why? What are you doing?

UNIT 8

I. Multiple choice

1. I saw your advertisement
A. in English Now. C. send me information about your courses.
B. Richardson D. to hearing from you as soon as possible.
2. Yours
A. wishes B. studying English at your school.
C. faithfully D. six years at school.
3. I look forward
A. send me information about your courses.
B. to hearing from you as soon as possible.
C. like some information about accommodation.
D. to use English in my job.
4. Please could you?
A. send me information about your courses
B. to hearing from you as soon as possible
C. like some information about accommodation
D. to use English in my job
5. I would also
A. send me information about your courses.
B. to hearing from you as soon as possible.
C. like some information about accommodation.
D. to use English in my job.

6. Best
 A. wishes B. studying English at your school.
 C. faithfully D. six years at school.
7. Dear Ms
 A. wishes B. Richardson
 C. send me information about your courses. D. faithfully
8. I am interested in
 A. wishes B. studying English at your school.
 C. faithfully D. six years at school.
9. I studied English for
 A. wishes B. studying English at your school.
 C. faithfully D. six years at school.
10. I have
 A. send me information about your courses.
 B. to hearing from you as soon as possible.
 C. like some information about accommodation.
 D. to use English in my job.
11. My motherdo the cooking. My father can't cook
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
12. My grandmotherget up early. She's retired.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
13. My sister babysit. She's 16 and we have a baby sister.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
14. My brother do the shopping. My father does it.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
15. My grandfather work in the garden. He's got a bad back.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
16. I get up early. School slarls at 7.00.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
17. I make the beds. My parents don't have time.
 A. has to B. A. has to C. have to D. doesn't have to
18. I do the ironing. My mother is too busy.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
19. We do the washing up. We haven't got a dishwasher.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to
20. My father go to work. He is a doctor.
 A. has to B. have to C. doesn't have to D. don't have to

21. I wear glasses because my eyes aren't very good.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
22. Remember! When you drive in England, you drive on the left!
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
- 23.A: Can I go and see the dentist when I want?
 B: Well, usually you -- make an appointment, unless it's an emergency.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
24. At weekends Jack wears jeans and a T-shirt. During the week he
 wear a suit and a tie.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
25. Sorry, I'm late. I go to the bank, and there was a queue.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
26. I don't like my job, -Sometimes I work till midnight.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
27. Farmerswork every day of the year.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
28. Their car broke down, so they call breakdown service.
 A. has to B. have to C. had to D. didn't have to
29. Geoff works too much. I think he take it easy.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
30. Your clothes smell, and you've got a cough. You smoke.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
31. I'm going to bed. Iget up early tomorrow.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
32. I'd like to meet your boyfriend. Youinvite him round.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
33. Soldiers.....have short hair.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
- 34.You.....come with me if you don't want to. I'll go on my own.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
35. If you can't do your homework, you.....ask for help.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
36. If you've got a ticket, you queue. You can go straight in.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
- 37.You tell lies. It's wrong.
 A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to

38. Your hair's too long. I think you get it cut.
A. should B. have to C. shouldn't D. don't have to
39. Peter's got a very bad cold.
A. I think he should go to bed.
B. I think he should check the bill with the phone company.
C. I don't think they should get married.
D. I think he should go to the dentist.
40. Keith wants to drive home, but he hasn't got his glasses.
A. I don't think he should drive.
B. I think he should check the bill with the phone company.
C. I don't think they should get married.
D. I think he should go to the dentist.
41. Ann's phone bill was enormous! £300!
A. I don't think he should drive.
B. I think she should check the bill with the phone company.
C. I don't think they should get married.
D. I think you should go to the dentist.
42. Jenny and Tony are only sixteen, but they say they want to get married.
A. I don't think he should drive.
B. I think she should check the bill with the phone company.
C. I don't think they should get married.
D. I think you should go to the dentist.
43. My tooth hurts.
A. I don't think you should drive.
B. I think you should check the bill with the phone company.
C. I don't think they should get married.
D. I think you should go to the dentist.
44. My children want £50 pocket money.
A. I don't think you should give them so much.
B. I think you should phone your bank.
C. I think you should take them back to the shop.
D. I think you should say sorry.
45. I've lost my wallet and credit cards.
A. I don't think you should give them so much.
B. I think you should phone your bank.
C. I think you should take them back to the shop.
D. I think you should say sorry.

46. There's a hole in my shoe, I only bought them last week!
- A. I don't think you should give them so much.
 - B. I think you should phone your bank.
 - C. I think you should take them back to the shop.
 - D. I think you should say sorry.
47. Kate's crying because I pushed her. It was an accident.
- A. I don't think you should give them so much.
 - B. I think you should phone your bank.
 - C. I think you should take them back to the shop.
 - D. I think you should say sorry.
48. George has asked me to marry him.
- A. What do you think he should do?
 - B. Do you think I should buy them?
 - C. Do you think I should say yes?
 - D. Do you think I should apologize?
49. Teresa has invited me to a party at her parents' house.
- A. Do you think I should go?
 - B. Do you think I should remind her?
 - C. Who do you think I should invite?
 - D. Do you think I should apologize?
50. Hazel still hasn't given me back the money she owes me.
- A. Do you think I should go?
 - B. Do you think I should remind her?
 - C. Who do you think I should invite?
 - D. Do you think I should apologize?
51. I'm having a party, and I have to write a guest list.
- A. Do you think I should go?
 - B. Do you think I should remind her?
 - C. Who do you think I should invite?
 - D. Do you think I should apologize?
52. Lisa isn't speaking to me because I said she was stupid.
- A. Do you think I should go?
 - B. Do you think I should remind her?
 - C. Who do you think I should invite?
 - D. Do you think I should apologize?

53. Paulo doesn't know whether to go to university or travel round the world.

- A. What do you think he should do?
- B. Do you think he should buy them?
- C. Do you think he should say yes?
- D. Do you think he should apologize?

54. It's my mother's birthday tomorrow. I.....

- A. must buy her a present and a card
- B. must see it
- C. must tidy it up
- D. must visit him

55. There's an excellent film on at the moment. You

- A. must buy her a present and a card
- B. must see it
- C. must tidy it up
- D. must visit him

56. My bedroom's a real mess. I

- A. must buy her a present and a card
- B. must see it
- C. must tidy it up
- D. must visit him

57. Peter's in hospital. I

- A. must buy her a present and a card
- B. must see it
- C. must tidy it up
- D. must visit him

58. Our train leaves in two minutes! We

- A. must hurry
- B. must be careful with it
- C. must try it
- D. must tidy it up

59. You can borrow my tennis racquet, but you ... It was very expensive.

- A. must hurry
- B. must be careful with it
- C. must try it
- D. must tidy it up

60. There's a wonderful new restaurant opened in town. You

- A. must hurry
- B. must be careful with it
- C. must try it
- D. must tidy it up

61. Who works on the land?

- A. A receptionist
- B. An architect
- C. A lawyer
- D. A farmer.

62. Who welcomes guests?

- A. A receptionist
- B. An architect
- C. A lawyer
- D. A farmer.

63. Who designs buildings?

- A. A receptionist
- B. An architect
- C. A lawyer
- D. A farmer.

64. Who provides legal advice?

- A. A receptionist
- B. An architect
- C. A lawyer
- D. A farmer.

65. Who fights for his/her country?

- A. A soldier
- B. A firefighter
- C. A decorator
- D. A mechanic

66. Who puts out fires?
A. A soldier B. A firefighter C. A decorator D. A mechanic
67. Who paints rooms in a house?
A. A soldier B. A firefighter C. A decorator D. A mechanic
68. Who repairs cars?
A. A soldier B. A firefighter C. A decorator D. A mechanic
69. Who looks after the home and children?
A. A shop assistant B. A doctor C. A decorator D. A housewife
70. Who helps customers?
A. A shop assistant B. A doctor C. A decorator D. A housewife
71. Who prescribe medicine for patients?
A. A shop assistant B. A doctor C. A decorator D. A housewife
72. He's my sister's son. He's my
A. nephew B. athlete C. model D. flight attendant
73. I run in races. I'm an
A. nephew B. athlete C. model D. flight attendant
74. In my job I wear the latest fashions. I'm a
A. nephew B. athlete C. model D. flight attendant
75. I serve you drinks on a plane flight. I'm a
A. nephew B. athlete C. model D. flight attendant
76. I star in films. I'm an
A. nephew B. athlete C. model D. actor
77. I cook food for a restaurant. I'm a
A. actor B. chef C. bride, bridegroom D. sir, madam
78. The wedding was wonderful. The looked beautiful, and the looked handsome.
A. actor B. chef C. bride, bridegroom D. sir, madam
79. "Good evening, Good evening, Here is the menu"
A. actor B. chef C. bride, bridegroom D. sir, madam
80. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.
A. boot B. foot C. suit D. shoot

81. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. wear B. hair C. car D. fair

82. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. lord B. word C. bored D. ford

83. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. Meat B. cheat C. great D. heat

84. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. sung B. wrong C. young D. hung

85. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. flower B. lower C. shower D. power

86. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. war B. law C. far D. saw

87. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. pull B. pool C. wool D. full

88. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. dear B. near C. fear D. pear

89. Three words rhyme and one doesn't. Circle the one which doesn't rhyme.

A. food B. good C. should D. could

90. I can't stop sneezing and blowing my nose.

A. a sore throat B. diarrhoea C. a cold D. 'flu

91. I keep being sick, and I've got diarrhoea.

A. a sore throat B. food poisoning C. a cold D. 'flu

92. It hurts when I walk.

A. a sore throat B. diarrhoea C. a twisted ankle D. 'flu

93. I've got stomach-ache and I keep going to the toilet.

A. a sore throat B. diarrhoea C. a cold D. 'flu

94. My glands are swollen, and it hurts when I swallow.

A. a sore throat B. diarrhoea C. a cold D. 'flu

95. I've got a temperature, my whole body aches, and I feel awful.
A. food poisoning B. a twisted ankle C. a cold D. 'flu
96. You show your passport at the airport.
A. should B. have to C. had to D. shouldn't
97. I don't think you read that book. It isn't very good.
A. should B. don't have to C. mustn't D. shouldn't
98. If you want to learn English, you get an English pen friend.
A. should B. have to C. must D. shouldn't
99. I think we take some flowers when we go to Sue's for dinner.
A. should B. have to C. must D. shouldn't
100. We to forget Robert's birthday tomorrow.
A. mustn't B. don't have to C. must D. shouldn't
101. I must / should pay my taxes soon. I don't want to go to prison.
A. should B. have to C. must D. ought to
102. She's very rich, so she work.
A. mustn't B. don't have to
C. doesn't have to D. shouldn't
103. You smoke in here. It isn't allowed.
A. mustn't B. don't have to C. ought not to D. shouldn't
104. I'd like the salt, please. you pass me the salt, please?
A. Could B. Should C. Must D. Will
105. I don't think it's a good idea for you to stay. You stay.
A. can't B. shouldn't C. mustn't D. won't
106. It is certain to rain this afternoon. It rain this afternoon.
A. can B. might C. has to D. will
107. My flight leaves at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning and Justin wants to go out for a few drinks tonight.
A. I don't think you should go out with him.
B. I think you should pack warm clothes.
C. I think you should ring them.
D. I think you should go to bed early the night before.
108. It's going to be very cold in New York.
A. I don't think you should go out with him.
B. I think you should pack warm clothes.
C. I think you should ring them.
D. I think you should go to bed early the night before.

109. I haven't given my parents my New- York address.
- A. I don't think you should go out with him.
 - B. I think you should pack warm clothes.
 - C. I think you should ring them.
 - D. I think you should go to bed early the night before.
110. I have to get up very early.
- A. I don't think you should go out with him.
 - B. I think you should pack warm clothes.
 - C. I think you should ring them.
 - D. I think you should go to bed early the night before.
111. Where should I get American dollars? At the airport or from my bank?
- A. I think you should ring them.
 - B. I think you should go to bed early the night before.
 - C. I think you should get them from the bank.
 - D. I think you should take a taxi.
112. How should I travel to the airport? Taxi or train?
- A. I think you should ring them.
 - B. I think you should go to bed early the night before.
 - C. I think you should get them from the bank.
 - D. I think you should take a taxi.
113. If you want to do well in life,.....
- A. you must/have to work hard
 - B. you must/have to learn the grammar
 - C. you should buy a dictionary
 - D. you should do some sport
114. If you want to learn English,.....
- A. you should speak your language in class.
 - B. you must/have to learn the grammar
 - C. you shouldn't smoke
 - D. you should do some sport
115. If you want to do well in life, you don't have to go to university.
- A. you should go to university
 - B. you shouldn't work hard
 - C. you shouldn't smoke
 - D. you should do some sport
116. This is what you have to have before you get a job.
- A. train journey
 - B. Countryside
 - C. text message
 - D. job interview
117. Choose the odd one out.

- A. sir B. aunt C. bride D. madam
118. Choose the odd one out.
A actor B. musician C. teenager D. nephew
119. Choose the odd one out.
A. bridegroom B. nephew C. niece D. uncle
120. Choose the odd one out.
A. chef B. pilot C. model D. uncle
121. Choose the odd one out.
A. bride B. cousin C. athlete D. child
122. Choose the odd one out.
A. flight attendant B. aunt C. nurse D. chef
123. He's going to study engineering at university.
A. engineering B. nappy C. career D. training
124. She hasfor a job at the airport.
A. earned B. applied C. spent D. trained
125. Is there a room where I can change my baby's?
A. earn B. apply C. hard D. train
126. Do youa lot of money as an accountant?
A. earn B. apply C. get on D. train
127. I'm trying to choose aat the moment.
A. engineering B. nappy C. career D. training
128. You need to do a lot of to become a lawyer.
A. engineering B. nappy C. career D. training
129. 'I feel exhausted.' 'I think you go to bed.'
A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
130. It's a secret. You tell anyone.
A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
131. Shh! We make any noise.
A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
132. Do you think I marry him?
A must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
133. You be at the station before 6 o'clock, or you'll miss the train.
A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
134. A: Must I tidy my room now? – B: Yes, you
A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't

135. I'm going to a drama class after school and I arrive on time.
 A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
136. Your pay is low. You look for a new job.
 A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
137. You be over sixteen to buy tobacco.
 A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
138. The law says that you always carry an identity card.
 A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
139. I don't think you accept her behaviour.
 A. must B. mustn't C. should D. shouldn't
140. doesn't wear a uniform.
 A. A firefighter B. A nurse C. A soldier D. A nanny
141. looks after sick people.
 A. A firefighter B. A nurse C. A soldier D. A builder
142. works in an army.
 A. A firefighter B. A nurse C. A soldier D. A builder
143. sometimes repairs houses.
 A. A firefighter B. A nurse C. A soldier D. A builder
144. A nanny looks after babies.
 A. A firefighter B. A nurse C. A soldier D. A nanny
145. Guests... pay their bill before they leave the hotel.
 A. don't have to B. must C. mustn't D. should
146. Do you ... finish this homework today?
 A. have to B. must C. should D. has to
147. You ... bring an alarm clock. There is one in every hotel room.
 A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. don't have to D. should
148. I ... forget to buy him a birthday card.
 A. mustn't B. must C. should D. shouldn't
149. He wants to keep fit so he ... drive everywhere.
 A. doesn't have to B. should C. shouldn't D. must
150. Do I have to work at the weekend?
 A. No, you do. B. Yes, you should.
 C. Yes, you do. D. No, you must
151. What... wear for the job interview?
 A. should I B. must I C. must D. do I have to

152. Does Ruth ... do the exam?
 A. has to B. have to C. must D. must
153. We ... do any homework for next week.
 A. haven't to B. must C. don't have to D. shouldn't
154. You ... remember to call me when you arrive.
 A. mustn't B. must C. should D. have to
155. Would you like to work as a fire..... ?
 A. fighter B. message C. dresser D. side
156. Do you read the problemin magazines?
 A. interview B. wife C. pages D. school
157. I'm tired, I worked a nightlast night.
 A. experience B. shift C. fighter D. course
158. The hair..... cut my hair very nicely.
 A. fighter B. message C. dresser D. side
159. The house has a beautiful view of the country
 A. fighter B. message C. dresser D. side
160. Next week I'm doing a computer training
 A. experience B. shift C. fighter D. course
161. My mother's a house
 A. interview B. wife C. pages D. school
162. I've got a jobtomorrow.
 A. interview B. wife C. pages D. school
163. He did his workin an architect's office.
 A. experience B. shift C. fighter D. course
164. She went to the dance
 A. interview B. wife C. pages D. school
165. I've just got a text
 A. fighter B. message C. dresser D. side
166. He's going to engineering at university.
 A. study B. make C. spend D. work
167. Shethe children on Mondays.
 A. takes care of B. takes care C. looks for D. gets on with
168. I a lot of time cooking meals / foods.
 A. do/ meals B. spend / meals C. do/ foods D. spend/foods
169. I with my classmates.
 A. get on well B. get in well C. get in D. get well

186. I think I've twisted my ankle. (Give your advice.)
A. You must see a doctor.
B. You should relax and forget about them.
C. You should take it back to the shop
D. You should try to make friends with the people.
187. I've got exam next week, and I'm really nervous. (Give your advice.)
A. You must see a doctor.
B. You should relax and forget about them.
C. You should take it back to the shop
D. You should try to make friends with the people.
188. I like my job, but I don't like the people I work with. (Give your advice.)
A. You must see a doctor.
B. You should relax and forget about them.
C. You should take it back to the shop
D. You should try to make friends with the people.
189. My computer's behaving very strangely. (Give your advice.)
A. You must see a doctor.
B. You should relax and forget about them.
C. You should take it back to the shop.
D. You should try to make friends with the people.
190. I argue a lot with my parents. (Give your advice.)
A. You must take it to the garage. B. You should listen to them.
C. You should take it back to the shop. D. You should rest.
191. My car's making a funny noise. (Give your advice.)
A. You must take it to the garage. B. You should listen to them.
C. You should take it back to the shop. D. You should rest.
192. I think I've twisted my ankle. (Give your advice.)
A. You should rest. B. You should study hard.
C. You should buy another one. D. You should get another job.
193. I've got exam next week, and I'm really nervous. (Give your advice.)
A. You should rest. B. You should study hard.
C. You should buy another one. D. You should get another job.
194. I like my job, but I don't like the people I work with. (Give your advice.)
A. You should rest. B. You should study hard.
C. You should buy another one. D. You should get another job.

195. My computer's behaving very strangely. (Give your advice.)
A. You should rest. B. You should study hard.
C. You should buy another one. D. You should get another job.
196. I argue a lot with my parents. (Give your advice.)
A. You should get another one.
B. I don't think you should argue with them.
C. You should relax and forget about them.
D. You should rest.
197. My car's making a funny noise. (Give your advice.)
A. You should get another one.
B. I don't think you should argue with them.
C. You should relax and forget about them.
D. You should rest.

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

I = Interviewer T = Tristan

I : What hours do you work. Tristan?

T: It depends. I sometimes have to work at night but I usually work about eight to ten hours a day. It's hard to be exact.

I : How often do you have to work at night?

T: Well. I have to be on call two nights a week.

I : And do you have to work at weekends?

T : Sometimes. In this job you have to work very unsocial hours because you never know if there'll be an emergency.

I : Tell me about your days.

T: Well, there's always variety and that's good. In the mornings I work here in the surgery but in the afternoons I have to go out on visits - often, here in the countryside, to farms.

I : What's the most difficult thing about the job?

T: Well, it's the night shifts really. When I'm on call at night I don't have to stay in the surgery, I can go home but I can never relax. I can't watch TV or have a drink. And when I get back home after an emergency I find it really difficult to sleep.

I : I hear the training's quite hard.

T : Oh yes, I had to study for five years. I was at Liverpool University, and as part of my training I came here to do work experience and when I graduated, they offered me a job. I didn't have to look for a job.

I : That was lucky.

T: Yes, I know, but the other students on my course have all got good jobs now.

Answer the questions:

1. How long does he have to work?

2. Does he have to work at night?

3. How long did he have to study?

4. Why was he lucky?

5. What other things does Tristan have to do?

READING 2

D = Doctor M = Manuel

D: Hello, Come and sit down. What seems to be the matter?

M: Well, I haven't felt very well for a few days. I've got a bit of a temperature, and I just feel terrible. I've got stomach-ache as well.

D: Have you felt sick?

M: I've been sick a few times.

D: Mm. Let me have a look at you. Your glands aren't swollen. Have you got a sore throat?

M: No, I haven't.

D: Have you had diarrhoea at all?

M: Yes, I have, actually.

D: Have you eaten anything which might have disagreed with you?

M: No. I don't think so... Oh! I went to a barbecue a few days ago and the chicken wasn't properly cooked.

D: It could be that, or just something that was left out of the fridge for too long.

M: I think it was the chicken. I started being ill that night.

D: Well, you should have a day or two in bed, and I'll give you something that will help with the stomach-ache and diarrhoea. Drink plenty of liquids, and just take things easy for a while. I'll write you a prescription.

M: Thank you. Do I have to pay you?

D: No, no. Seeing me is free, but you'll have to pay for the prescription. It's £7.

M: Right. Thanks very much. Goodbye. D Bye-bye.

Answer the questions:

1. What are Manuel's symptoms?
2. What is the doctor's diagnosis?
3. What advice does she give him?
4. What does she prescribe?

READING 3

TODD CHRISTIAN, the Human Cannonball, has lost his job, because he is terrified of flying. But it isn't the enormous cannon that scares him, it's aeroplanes! He is quite happy to fly 30 metres above the circus at 80 kph, but he won't get on a plane.

When Todd, 26, injured his leg during a performance, the circus said he should go to Brazil for a special training course. But Todd refused to go. He said, 'I know it sounds crazy, because I'm a human cannonball, but I don't like long flights. If I'm on a plane for a long time, I start to panic.'

So the circus told him he had to leave his job. Todd said he was very upset. He is now discussing the situation with his lawyer. He thinks he doesn't have to do the course.

Meanwhile, Brazilian Diego Zeiman, the Human Rocket, has arrived at the circus to take Todd's job. Senhor Zeman has already done the special training course. 'I feel sorry for Todd, but this is my dream job and I'm very happy,' said the Human Rocket.

Marnie Dock, who became the world's first female human cannonball at the age of 16, is now the circus's cannon trainer. She thought that Todd

should do the training course. She explained that the circus had to be very strict, as the human cannonball performance could be very dangerous. 'We did it for his own safety,' she said.

Meanwhile, the circus has offered him another job - as a clown.

Read the newspaper article and mark the sentences true (✓) false (X), or don't know (?). Correct the false sentence.

1. Todd is scared of his job.
2. The circus wanted him to go on a training course in South America.
3. He was worried about flying there.
4. The circus said he didn't have to go on the course.
5. Todd doesn't think the training course is necessary.
6. Diego Zeman is a friend of Todd's.
7. Marnie Dock advised Todd to do the course.
8. Todd has decided to take the job as a clown.

Find words in the text which mean ...

1. really scared =
2. very big, huge =
3. hurt (a part of your body) =
4. a show =
5. feel really nervous and scared =
6. unhappy =

READING 4

My daughter Evie is living in London now. She went there four months ago, and I'm really very worried about her. She says she's having a great time but I just think London's such a dangerous place for a young girl, and she's still only 18. She shouldn't live so far away from home. Her mother went with her to help her look for somewhere to live. But I didn't go. I don't like London - I don't like big cities. Why did she have to go there? I

don't understand. She says she wants to be a dancer, and she's doing a sort of course, a ballet course or something. But ballet isn't a real job, and you don't earn much money being a dancer, do you? She's a clever girl. I think she should go to university.

She's living in a flat in London - with her boyfriend. I think, and I don't like that at all! We've never met the boyfriend - Michael, I think his name is. He hasn't got a job and so Evie has to earn some extra money - she works at the weekends as a dancer in a theatre or club, I think. I just hope it's a nice place. She phones home sometimes, but not a lot, and we phone her, but so often her mobile's turned off or she doesn't answer. When I do manage to talk to her, she just tells us that we should get a mobile so she can text us. She says we shouldn't worry. How can we not worry? We're her parents, we miss her and of course we worry, sometimes I can't sleep at night. She really must come home more often.

Answer these questions:

1. How old is Evie? When did she move to London?
2. Is she enjoying living there? What does she think of London?
3. Why did she move there?
4. Where is she living?
5. Who is she living with?
6. What does her boyfriend do? What's his name?
7. What does she do at the weekend?
8. Why does she have to earn extra money?

9. How often does she phone home?

10. What does she say to her parents?

READING 5

I want to be a professional dancer, so I came to London four months ago to start a course at the English National Ballet School. If you want a good dance career, you have to go to a good school and you have to start young - I'm almost 19, nearly too old! I know my parents are worried about me living in London, but it isn't dangerous. You just have to be careful, that's all. It was difficult in the beginning. I didn't know anybody, and London's such a big place. But I love it now. There's lots to do and see.

I'm living in a small flat near the ballet school with Francine, another dance student. We're good friends now. And I've also got a boyfriend! His name's Marco and he's doing the same course. He still lives with his parents, quite close to our flat. His parents are really kind, and I often spend the evenings with them. I want to take Marco home to meet my parents. But the train journey is expensive. And I haven't got much money. London's really expensive, so Francine and I have to work every weekend. We teach children's dance classes at a school nearby. It's good fun, actually!

I phone my parents three times a week! My dad always sounds so worried! He shouldn't be. I try to tell him not to worry but he doesn't listen. I love my mum and dad very much, but I can't live at home for the rest of my life. They really must come to London to visit me. And I think they should get a mobile. Then I could send them text messages, and maybe they wouldn't worry so much.

1. How old is Evie? When did she move to London?

2. Is she enjoying living there? What does she think of London?

3. Why did she move there?
4. Where is she living?
5. Who is she living with?
6. What does her boyfriend do? Whats his name?
7. What does she do at the weekend?
8. Why does she have to earn extra money?
9. How often does she phone home?
10. What does she say to her parents?

READING 6

JOBS FOR THE BOYS AND GIRLS

A recent report by the Equal Opportunities Commission, called 'Free to Choose', says that schools and employers are still recommending some careers only for boys and others only for girls. The government has to take action on this, says the EOC.

At school, boys and girls continue to study subjects that are traditional for their gender, and they continue to get poor careers advice. Employers for some jobs still choose young people because of their gender, not their ability.

For example, less than 3% of men work in childcare in Britain, and only 1% of women work in building, engineering, and plumbing. So what's it like for someone to cross the gender gap at work?

Answer the questions

1. What was the EOC report called? What does this mean?
2. What does the report say schools and employers are still doing?
3. What school subjects do you think are 'traditional for their gender'? Give examples.
4. What examples does the EOC give of jobs which are 'traditional for their gender'?

READING 7

Jenny, a plumber from Harrow, says she has to fight sexism and prejudice every day in her job. A few years ago, while Jenny was studying psychology at college, she had a problem in her bathroom and had to call a plumber. 'I watched the plumber while he was working, and I was fascinated. I wanted to learn how to do it.' But she has had a lot of problems with male plumbers from the very beginning.

Jenny says, 'Some of them have been really horrible. It's been so difficult to change their negative opinion of me. They are so sure that I can't do plumbing just because I'm female. One employer told me, "This is a job for big strong men. We don't want women here."' "

But what do the customers think? 'Oh, the customers have been great!' she says. 'A lot of them actually prefer a female plumber!' Jenny loves her job. 'I get so much satisfaction from plumbing. I just love fixing things!'

What is her advice to other women who want to try non-traditional careers? 'You should definitely try it, but you have to be tough,' she says.

Answer these questions:

1. What did she study?
2. What is she doing now? Why?
3. Who has she had problems with? Why?
4. Does she like the career she finally chose?
5. What advice does she give to other people who want to do the same thing?

READING 8

Alex was an engineering student in Sweden until three years ago. But he found it boring and decided to change careers.

He has always loved children, and now he is a qualified male nanny (or 'manny!') to 18-month-old Jack. But he has had some problems. 'There is prejudice. A lot of people don't think that a man can look after a child as well as a woman. Some nanny agencies didn't want me at all,' he said. 'Some parents didn't want a man looking after their children. I had to wait nearly a year for my first job.'

But does he like his new career? 'I love it!' says Alex. 'Jack was 10 weeks old when I started looking after him. I don't think it's strange to feed him and change his nappy - it's my profession. It's wonderful to be part of his development. I love playing with him, and teaching him things as well.' What is his advice for other men who want to work in childcare. 'You should go for it!' he says. 'Ignore the prejudice. Just show them you can do it!'

Answer these questions

1. What did he study?

2. What is he doing now? Why?
3. Who has he had problems with? Why?
4. Does he like the career he finally chose?
5. What advice does he give to other people who want to do the same thing?

READING 9

A: Alex R: Rachel Foley (Jack's mother)

R: Good morning Alex. Nice to meet you. I have to say that this is a first! Interviewing a man for this job.

A: I know it's, it's unusual.

R: Well, certainly a man has never applied for it before. Tell me, have you always been a nanny?

A: No, not at all. I was studying engineering in Stockholm, and I knew I could earn a lot of money as an engineer but it was boring, so I stopped and decided to look at other careers.

R: OK I understand that. But why a nanny? Why did you choose this career, a career in childcare?

A: Well, obviously it's because I love children, but it's much more than that. You see my mother died when I was just twelve years old and I had to help my father take care of my younger brother and sister.

R: Ah, I see. So you didn't have to do a lot of training to be a nanny?

A: Oh yes, I did. I had to train for a year. I had to learn how to look after children properly. Actually, I was the only boy on the course - so I really enjoyed it!

R: So what kind of things did you learn?

A: Well, you know, how to change nappies ...

R: Very important!

A: How to cook healthy meals for children. How to play with them and organize their days. We worked hard and we all felt fully-qualified for the job at the end of the course.

R: Well, before I offer you the job I'd like you to meet Jack and spend some time with him to see how well you two get on together.

A: I'd love to.

R: Well, let's go and meet him. He's adorable! Oh I forgot - do you have any questions for me?

A: Just one. Do I have to wear a uniform?

R: No, that's not necessary. You look just fine.

A: Thank you very much.

R: OK, let's...

Answer these questions

1. Why did Alex choose a career as a nanny?
2. How long did he have to train?
3. How many boys were on his course?
4. What did he learn on the course?
5. What does Rachel want Alex to do before she offers him the job?
6. What question does Alex ask?

III. Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

1. You should visit Scotland in summer when is warmer.
2. Sorry I'm late. I did have to do some shopping.
3. She don't have to work late tonight.
4. He applied a job as a bus driver.
5. You should pass a driving test before you drive a car.

6. I don't think you should listen to her advices.
7. You have to has all the right documents to travel.
8. You don't have to smoke on aeroplanes,
9. Does she has to wear glasses?
10. Do you think should I go to the doctor?
11. Do you can drive a car?
12. I'm afraid we must to go now.
13. She cans sing very well.
14. She musts go to the dentist this afternoon.
15. You don't should drink and drive.
16. It won't raining tomorrow.
17. Could you to help me?

IV. Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1. time / you / up I what / have / get / do / to / ?
2. job / wear / have / in / uniform / you / your / to /do/a/?
3. books / have / many / you/ buy / so / why / did / to / ?
4. States / visa / get / to / to / go / you / do/ have / a / the / to / ?
5. John / does / pills / take / often / his / how / have / to / ?

6. plant / carefully / you / after / look / do/ have / to/this / very/?

V. Rewrite the following sentences without changing the meaning

1. Do you know how to drive?

=you

2. Do not leave luggage here. It isn't allowed.

= You.....

3. It's very important that you stop smoking.

= You.....

4. Janet doesn't know how to play an instrument.

= Janet.....

5. I think it would be a good idea to apologize.

= Youapologize.

6. It's necessary for the children to wear a uniform.

= The children.....

7. I can stay in bed until late tomorrow.

= I.....

8. Why was it necessary for you to go to the office?

= Why

9. Must you leave so soon?

=so soon?

10. I needed to make a phone call.

= I.....

11. It wasn't necessary for us to work on Sunday.

= We.....

12. I am interested in coming to England this summer.

= I'm

13. I have to use English frequently in my job now.

= I have

14. I now feel that it is necessary to continue my studies.

= I think.....

15. I would especially like to improve my pronunciation .

= I.....

16. I saw an ad in a magazine for a school in York.

= I saw.....

17. Can you send me some more information about language schools in your area?

= Please.....

18. I'd also love to meet some of your friends.

= I.....

19. I look forward to hearing from you.

= I can't.....

20. It isn't necessary for you to go to school so early.

= You don't

21. Must he leave now?

= Does he?

22. It isn't necessary for you to water that tree every day.

= You don't have

23. He stays up too late and he is always tired the next morning

= He should

VI. Translate into English or Vietnamese

1 Khi lái xe, bạn phải dừng xe khi đèn đỏ.

By Nguyen Hoang Thuc Doan

2. Khi lái xe, bạn nên tử tế với những tài xế khác.
3. Khi lái xe, bạn phải đeo dây an toàn.
4. On a long journey, you should have a rest from time to time.
5. Ở Anh, bạn phải lái xe bên trái.
6. Nếu bạn muốn học tiếng Anh, bạn nên mua một cuốn từ điển
7. If you want to learn English, you shouldn't speak your language in class.
8. A: My ex-boyfriend is going to my best friend's wedding. He was horrible to me. Should I go?
B: Of course you should. But look happy and wear a fantastic dress! I think you should show your ex that you're fine without him.
9. A: There's a group of bullies at school. They're making my life miserable.
B: You must tell your parents and your head teacher about this. You shouldn't let these cowards ruin your life.
10. A: I've fallen in love with my boss. Should I tell him?
B: No, you shouldn't. It will only cause problems at work. I don't think you should have relationships with people you work with.
11. A: I'm 16.1 chat to a boy on the Internet. He wants to meet me. Should I go?
B: I don't think you should. You have no idea what he's really like. If you do go to meet him, you must take a friend with you. This is really important.

12. I think I've twisted my ankle.
13. I've got exam next week, and I'm really nervous.
14. I like my job, but I don't like the people I work with.
15. My computer's behaving very strangely.
16. I argue a lot with my parents.
17. My car's making a funny noise.

UNIT 9

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the one of the others.

- | | | | | |
|----|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. | A. <u>near</u> | B. <u>health</u> | C. <u>clear</u> | D. <u>dear</u> |
| 2. | A. <u>learn</u> | B. <u>earn</u> | C. <u>earth</u> | D. <u>dear</u> |
| 3. | A. <u>jeans</u> | B. <u>mean</u> | C. <u>reason</u> | D. <u>health</u> |
| 4. | A. <u>care</u> | B. <u>wear</u> | C. <u>bear</u> | D. <u>health</u> |
| 5. | A. <u>wear</u> | B. <u>break</u> | C. <u>great</u> | D. <u>cake</u> |
| 6. | A. <u>fear</u> . | B. <u>theatre</u> | C. <u>beer</u> | D. <u>great</u> |
| 7. | A. <u>meat</u> | B. <u>bread</u> | C. <u>met</u> | D. <u>dead</u> |

Choose the best answer:

1. Ilast night. It's your turn tonight.

A. did the washing-up	B. did my best
C. made up my mind	D. made a noise.
2. Please tell the children not toI'm trying to work.

A. do the washing-up	B. do my best
C. make up my mind	D. make a noise.
3. Ibut I still failed the exam.

A. did the washing-up	B. did my best
C. made up my mind	D. made a noise.
4. I don't know if I want the chicken or the fish. I just can't

A. do the washing-up	B. do my best
C. make up my mind	D. make a noise.
5. My sister's very popular. She very easily.

A. makes friends	B. do a course
C. do me favour	D. made a fortune

39. What newspaper do you buy? - I The Times.
 A. buy B. is buying C. will buy D. bought
40. Would you like to order, sir? I the lamb.
 A. have B. will have C. am having D. have had
41. What time do you eat in the evening? – We supper at about 8.00.
 A. have B. will have C. am having D. have had
42. The phone's ringing! - OK. I it.
 A. answer B. am answering C. will answer D. answered
43. What will you do if you miss the plane?
 A. I'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
 B. I won't sunbathe for a few days.
 C. I won't miss it. I'll get there early.
 D. I'll find somewhere, a youth hostel, maybe.
44. What will you do if the plane is late?
 A. I'll sleep in the airport.
 B. I won't sunbathe for a few days.
 C. I won't miss it. I'll get there early.
 D. I'll find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
45. Where will you stay if the hotels are full?
 A I'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
 B. I won't sunbathe for a few days.
 C. I won't miss it. I'll get there early.
 D. I'll find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
46. What will you do if you don't like the food?
 A I'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
 B. I won't sunbathe for a few days.
 C. I won't miss it. I'll get there early.
 D. I'll find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
47. Where will you go if the beaches are crowded?
 A I'll visit the old town and the mountains.
 B. I'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
 C. I'll sleep in the airport..
 D. I'll find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
48. What will you do if you get sunburnt?
 A I'll just eat bread, cheese, and fruit.
 B. I won't sunbathe for a few days.
 C. I won't miss it. I'll get there early.

- D. I'll find somewhere. A youth hostel, maybe.
49. Bye! I you when Ihome.
 A. will phone/get B. phone/will get
 C. will phone/will get D. phone/get
50. Lucky you! While you on holiday, I at work.
 A. are / am B. are/will be
 C. will be/will be D. will be/am
51. I'm sorry you're going away. I glad when you back.
 A. am / are B. am / will be C. will be / are D. will be / will be
52. A: Give me your phone number. B: Sure. I it to you before I
 A. will give/ will go B. give/ will go
 C. give/ go D. will give/ go
53. The doctor will be ready in ten minutes. Take a seat while you
 A. will wait B. are waiting C. wait D. have waited
54. I'm going out before the shops
 A. will shut B. shut C. are shutting D. shuts
55. I by the phone until you ring.
 A. wait / ring . B. will wait / ring
 C. wait / will ring D. will wait / will ring
56. You must phone me as soon as you your exam results.
 A. get B. are getting C. will have D. have got
57. I hope to see you while I in London.
 A. am B. am being C. will be D. have been
58. Please turn out the lights you go to bed.
 A. after B. before C. while D. until
59. I like to relax I'm on holiday.
 A. as soon as B. before C. after D. while
60. you are the first person up in the morning, make me a cup of tea.
 A. as soon as B. when C. while D. If
61. I'm going to keep asking you to marry me you say yes.
 A. after B. when C. while D. until
62. We can go you're ready.
 A. after B. as soon as C. while D. before
63. I'm having my hair cut, you can do the shopping.
 A. after B. if C. while D. until
64. Stop at a petrol station we run out of petrol.

- A. after B. when C. before D. if
65. you've read the newspaper, can I have it?
A. After B. Before C. While D. Until
66. I am so worried about James you hear any news, phone me.
A. after B. As soon as C. While D. Before
67. we discover life on another planet, will it be intelligent?
A. As soon as B. When C. While D. If
68. I'm waiting.....the postman to arrive.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
69. Lookthat picture! Isn't it lovely?
A. with B. for C. to D. at
70. I'm looking Mary. Is she here?
A. with B. for C. to D. about
71. Can I talk.....you for a minute?
A. with B. for C. to D. about
72. I need to talk to you a problem.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
73. I agreeyou about most things, but not politics.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
74. If you have a problem, askhelp.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
75. Have you heard? Dave's going outAnna!
A. with B. for C. to D. about
76. Let me paythe coffees. You can get them tomorrow.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
77. I'm thinkingbuying a car.
A. with B. for C. to D. about
78. Are you any goodtennis?
A. of B. at C. from D. in
79. This town is fulltourists.
A. of B. at C. from D. in
80. Are you interested.....history?
A. of B. at C. from D. in
81. Dave's getting marriedAlice! Next week!
A. of B. at C. to D. in

82. My daughter's afraid.....dogs.
 A. of B. with C. to D. about
83. Flowers! For me! How kind.....you!
 A. for B. with C. to D. of
84. Why are you angryme? I didn't do anything!
 A. for B. with C. to D. about
85. I'm totally differentmy sister. We aren't similar at all.
 A. from B. with C. to D. about
86. New York is famous it s buildings.
 A. for B. with C. to D. about
87. I'm worriedmy exams, I haven't done any revision.
 A. for B. with C. to D. about
88. We were really surprisedhe arrived unexpectedly.
 A. before B. as soon as C. when D. if
89. I'm really hungry! Let's go for dinner the film finishes.
 A. before B. as soon as C. after D. if
90. Waityou've had lunch!
 A. until B. after C. when D. before
91. I'm very busy, but I'll go shoppingI have time.
 A. until B. when C. if D. as soon as
92. I'll have a showerI go to bed.
 A. before B. after C. while D. when
93. Oh no! I forgot to feed the cat! I'll do itwe get home.
 A. after B. as soon as C. when D. after
94. We'll go skiing this weekend it snows enough this week.
 A. when B. after C. if D. before
95. We're staying in a guesthouseour new house is built.
 A. until B. when C. before D. after
96. If you drive too fast, you'll
 A. buy a flat. B. have an accident.
 C. post them to you. D. keep it.
97. If he has enough money, he'll
 A. buy a flat. B. have an accident.
 C. post them to you. D. keep it.

98. If she doesn't pass her exams, she'll
- A. have a gap year. B. see her new baby.
C. post them to you. D. keep it.
99. If I don't visit my sister this weekend, I won't
- A. have a gap year. B. see her new baby.
C. post them to you. D. keep it.
100. If find your keys, I'll
- A. have a gap year. B. see her new baby.
C. post them to you. D. keep it.
101. If our new dog bites the children, we won't
- A. have a gap year. B. see her new baby.
C. post them to you. D. keep it.
102. She in plumbing last year.
- A. did a course B. got lost C. made sure D. got sunburnt
103. It's a big city. If you don't take a map, you'll
- A. do a course B. get lost C. make sure D. get sunburnt
104. you lock the car doors.
- A. do a course B. get lost C. make sure D. get sunburnt
105. How do you usually? By car or by public transport?
- A. get to school B. better C. make sure D. get sunburnt
106. 'Is your cold? – No, it isn't. I feel worse!'
- A. getting to school B. getting better
C. making sure D. getting sunburnt
107. Will you help me later? There are a lot of plates!
- A. do the washing-up B. do your homework
C. make a fortune D. take two tablets a day
108. I'm going to now. I have to do some grammar exercises.
- A. do the washing-up B. do my homework
C. make a fortune D. take two tablets a day
109. My uncle in his advertising business. Now he's a millionaire.
- A. did the washing-up B. did your homework
C. made a fortune D. took two tablets a day
110. This is my prescription. I have to with food.
- A. do the washing-up B. do your homework
C. make a fortune D. take two tablets a day

111. Be careful. The sun is very strong. Don't
- A. do a course B. get lost C. make sure D. get sunburnt
112. Did itto drive to Scotland?
- A. do a course B. take a long time
C. make sure D. get sunburnt
113. I on well with the people in my office.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
114. Can youme a favour and lend me five pounds?
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
115. Bye.care. See you soon.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
116. If you go out without a coat, you'llcold.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
117. Does he oftenangry with you?
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
118. I'llmy best, but I'm not sure if I'll pass this exam.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
119. Shh. If wea noise, Barney will wake up.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
120. Excuse me. Can youa photo of us, please?
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
121. They usuallyhome at about 5 o'clock.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
122. I think I've a big mistake.
- A. taken B. got C. made D. done
123. Should I have the steak or the chicken? I can'tup my mind.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
124. How long did it you to do the test?
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
125. London is a big city. It's easy tolost.
- A. take B. get C. make D. do
126.sure you close the windows when you leave the room.
- A. Take B. Get C. Make D. Do
127. two tablets a day and you'll feel better in a couple of days.
- A. Take B. Get C. Make D. Do

128. Next year I'm going to a cooking course in Italy.
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
129. Can you go and ready? We're going out soon.
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
130. Where do you usuallyyour homework?
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
131. Be careful on the beach. Don'tsunburnt.
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
132. Her Internet business is really successful. I'm sure she'll ... a fortune.
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
133. What's the best way toto the station?
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
134. Which subjects would you like tonext year?
 A. take B. get C. make D. do
135. If I pass my driving test,
 A. we'll send them to you. B. I'll buy a car.
 C. I don't know what he'll do. D. you see her?
136. You'll learn English more easily if
 A. will you pay for the meal? B. we find somewhere to live.
 C. you study a little every day. D. you don't water them.
137. Will you give her these when?
 A. we'll send them to you. B. I'll buy a car.
 C. I don't know what he'll do. D. you see her?
138. If they don't give him the job,
 A. we'll send them to you. B. I'll buy a car.
 C. I don't know what he'll do. D. you see her?
139. I'll marry you as soon as
 A. will you pay for the meal? B. we find somewhere to live.
 C. you study a little every day. D. you don't water them.
140. Your plants won't grow well if
 A. will you pay for the meal? B. we find somewhere to live.
 C. you study a little every day. D. you don't water them.
141. As soon as we get the tickets,
 A. we'll send them to you. B. I'll buy a car.
 C. I don't know what he'll do. D. you see her?

142. If I buy the champagne,
- A. will you pay for the meal? B. we find somewhere to live.
C. you study a little every day. D. you don't water them.
143. I feel ill -I think I
- A. am getting a cold B. make up my mind
C. get on well with her D. do me a favour
144. Should I buy a VW or a Seat? I can't
- A. am getting a cold B. make up my mind
C. get on well with her D. do me a favour
145. I like my mother-in-law. Iher.
- A. am getting a cold B. make up my mind
C. get on well with her D. do me a favour
146. Could youand carry these books?
- A. am getting a cold B. make up my mind
C. get on well with her D. do me a favour
147. I'm sorry I broke your MP3 player. Please don't....It was an accident.
- A. get angry B. make up my mind
C. get on well with her D. do me a favour
148. Did anyone at the party? Jane did. 'She has a new camera.'
- A. take any photos B. get home
C. made a noise D. do your best
149. What time did Peterlast night?
- A. took photos B. get home C. made a noise D. do your best
150. I a lot of spelling mistakes in my homework.
- A. made B. got C. took D. did your best
151. Shh! Don't
- A. take any photos B. get home
C. make a noise D. do your best
152. Who will.....of the dog while you are on holiday?
- A. take care B. get home C. make a noise D. do your best
153. Good luck in your maths exam. Just and you'll be fine.
- A. take any photos B. get home
C. make a noise D. do your best
154. I don't want any cake, I'm trying to weight.
- A. lose B. sore C. spend D. make
155. I've got athroat and a headache.
- A. lose B. sore C. spend D. make

156. I'd love tomore time with my children.
A. lose B. sore C. spend D. make
157. He'sfor a job at the hospital.
A. applied B. worn C. spent D. made
158. I'd like toa complaint about the food.
A. lose B. sore C. spend D. make
159. Could you give me ato the station?
A. lift B. sore C. spend D. make
160. I never a watch when I'm on holiday.
A. wear B. sore C. spend D. make

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

Read the magazine article and answer the questions.

Travelling at the speed of light!

I'm getting on the plane at Heathrow Airport when I realize that I don't want to make this journey. I already feel tired just thinking about it, but if I don't go now, I'll waste over £1,000 on my round-the-world ticket - so I get on the plane.

5,500 miles and eight time zones later, I get off the plane in L.A. It is late afternoon, but my body clock is telling me that it is 5 a.m. When I get to the hotel, all I'll want to eat is toast and jam, not dinner. But if I don't eat now, I'll feel hungry in the middle of the L.A. night.

Next morning I wake up, and try to eat breakfast. Then I go on a quick tour of Hollywood, before I catch my next plane. Another 5,500 miles later, and another four time zones later, I get off the plane in Fiji. I am exhausted, but this is paradise. When I have a proper holiday next year, I'll come back here. I go to the hotel and lie under a palm tree. But all too soon. I'm back at the airport.

Another 1,341 miles and an international dateline later, we arrive in Auckland, New Zealand. Next I'm in Australia, flying from Sydney to Fremantle. Unfortunately, I don't have a clear memory of New Zealand or Australia, except for sheep, a seaplane, whales, and a waterside restaurant. I am just too tired.

I wake up 1,603 miles from Fremantle, and I'm in Bali in the Pacific Ocean. I have never felt so awake before! Bali is beautiful, and I really enjoy my day here. If I ever get married, I'll come back here on my honeymoon.

1,040 miles later, I'm in Singapore. How did I get here?

Then I'm flying home, still wishing I was back in Bali. As soon as I get home, I know I'll start feeling bored!

Answer these questions

1. How long is the journey that Tom is going to make?
2. Why doesn't he want to go?
3. How much did the ticket cost?
4. When and where does he want to eat toast and jam?
5. Which parts of the journey can't he remember?
6. Which places does he want to come back to?
7. How many stops did he make? What are they?

READING 2

My name is Ben. I am 32 years old and I am a travel addict. I've been back home now for almost six months, but I know that I will always be an addict. If I see just one travel brochure, I know I will want to go away again.

Two years ago I was on an island in Fiji, at the start of a year-long break that took me and my girlfriend, Jane, to 14 countries. We watched fireworks over the Sydney Opera House at New Year, saw the sun rise over the temples of Angkor Wat in Cambodia, and spent my 31st birthday on a Thai beach.

It was without doubt the best year of our lives. No work, no boss, no worries. No grey skies of Britain, just carefree months going into the distance. True, there wasn't much money, but it didn't matter. We loved having the freedom to go where we wanted, when we wanted. If we liked a place, we stayed. If not, we just got the next bus out. We only had one worry in the world. We knew we had to return to Britain.

Coming back was awful. We had huge debts, and we had to find work. The routine of getting up, going to work, going home, eating, sleeping, and getting up again is just about killing me. I'm finding it difficult to do what other people tell me to do.

Before I went travelling, I worried about earning more money, buying a bigger car, a house, etc. Now that I'm back, I don't care about those things any more. I'm living like a student again, and saving all my money. As soon as I have enough, I'll be off on my next trip round the world.

Answer these questions:

1. How long ago did he travel?
2. What did he and his girlfriend go to Sydney Opera House for?
3. What did he see in Cambodia?
4. Why was coming back awful for them?
5. How does he feel the daily routine for him?

6. What activities are just about killing him?
7. What doesn't he care about any more when he comes back?
8. When will he travel again?
9. What does "travel addict" mean?

READING 3

Sandie & Ian's story ...

While I was travelling, I met other people like me. Sandie, 28 and Ian, 33, got married and spent a year travelling on their honeymoon. We met on a beach in Thailand. They were both IT consultants with stressful jobs. Now that they are home, they are making big changes to their lives. 'Work just isn't so important anymore,' says Sandie. 'But I suppose we'll have to stay in these jobs until we find a way to escape.'

1. What is the relationship between Sandie and Ian?
2. How long did it take them to go on honeymoon?
3. What did they do?
4. Did they like their jobs? Why or why not?

III. One sentence has a mistake. Find out and correct it.

1. When you can't do your homework, ask for help.
2. I'll pay you back if I next see you.
3. I'll come to bed if this programme ends.
4. When anyone phones me, tell them I'm out.
5. Come on! When we hurry, we'll catch the bus.

6. If I play tennis with Justin, he always wins.
7. The shops are full of things to buy if Christmas comes.
8. A: I've lost my bag. B: When I find it, I'll let you know.
9. She'll pay me back as soon as she'll get some money.
10. I'll wait here until you'll get back.
11. Give me a ring when you'll hear some news.
12. The TV programme will end after I'll do my homework.
13. I'll have a bath before I'll go to work.
14. She'll be in Paris while he'll visit friends.
15. The lesson will end as soon as I'll go home.
16. I won't leave the house until the postman will call.
17. What will you do if you'll lose your job?
18. The meeting can start as soon as Lionel will arrive.
19. If its too expensive, I want buy it.
20. I'll give it to John when he come.
21. I'm going tomorrow to Scotland.
22. Who's making the washing-up tonight?
23. Can you tell me where is the bus station?
24. We arrived in school at eight o'clock this morning.

25. We'll leave as soon you're ready.
26. I get a newspaper when I will go to the shops.
27. She's going to wait until he'll come.
28. As soon as you'll turn left, you'll see the church.
29. Pietro's going to meet us before he'll see Janet.

IV. Put the words in the right order.

1. bath / I / when / home / will / get / have / a / I
2. hear / if / I / news / any / you / I / phone / will
3. pay / as / you / I / back / soon / can / I / as / will
4. you / feel / stop / better / if / will / you / smoking
- 5 car / Peter / enough / when / he / buy / a / has / will / money
- 6 problem / help / I / you / have / you / a / will / if

V. Translate into English or Vietnamese

1. Trước khi tôi đi học đại học, tôi sẽ du lịch vòng quanh Nam Mỹ.
2. Ngay sau khi tôi có đủ tiền, tôi sẽ đặt vé đi Rio de Janeiro.
3. Khi tôi đang đi du lịch, tôi sẽ gọi điện về nhà hai lần một tuần.
4. Nếu tôi không giữ liên lạc, tôi biết là ba mẹ tôi sẽ lo lắng.
5. Tôi sẽ làm việc trong viện dưỡng lão ngay khi tôi học xong.

6. Tôi cũng sẽ sống ở nhà trong khi tôi đang làm việc ở đó.
7. Tôi sẽ làm việc cho tới khi nào tôi tiết kiệm đủ tiền để đi nghỉ mát.
8. Tôi sẽ đi Hy Lạp với một số bạn bè sau khi công việc kết thúc.
9. Tôi sẽ không mệt nếu tôi có một kỳ nghỉ trước khi học kỳ bắt đầu!
10. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu bạn bị đông vật hoang dã đuổi?
11. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu bạn bị cháy nắng? – Tôi sẽ súc nhiều kem chống nắng.
12. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu bạn bị lạc trong bụi rậm?
13. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu xe hơi bạn bị hư?- Nếu nó hư, tài xế sẽ vá nó.
14. Ngay sau khi bài học kết thúc, tôi sẽ gọi điện về nhà.
15. Nếu tôi có thời gian tối nay, tôi sẽ bày bạn làm bài tập đó.
16. Nếu thầy cho nhiều bài tập tối nay, tôi sẽ không đi chơi với bạn đâu.
17. Trong khi tôi đang làm bài tập về nhà, tôi sẽ tắt điện thoại di động.
18. Chừng nào tôi làm bài tập xong tôi mới đi ngủ.
19. Nếu hè năm nay tôi có kỳ nghỉ, có lẽ tôi sẽ đi Nam Mỹ.
20. Khi tiếng Anh của tôi lưu loát, tôi sẽ đi du học.
21. As soon as I'm earning a good salary, I'll save money to buy a house.
22. Before I get old, I'm going to travel as much as possible.
23. Khi tôi già, tôi sẽ không thức dậy sớm nữa.
24. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu bạn thi rớt?

25. Nếu chúng ta không (rời) đi sớm, chúng ta sẽ bị trễ?
26. Bạn sẽ bị ướt nếu bạn ra ngoài. Trời đang mưa.
27. Nếu Trang nói dối với tôi một lần nữa, tôi sẽ giận lắm!
28. Có lẽ trời sẽ mưa. Bạn sẽ làm gì nếu trời mưa.
29. Có khả năng David sẽ mất việc. Anh ta sẽ làm gì nếu anh ta mất việc.
30. Khả năng là sẽ không còn vé. Tôi sẽ làm gì nếu tôi không có vé?
31. Có lẽ Alice bỏ lỡ chuyến bay. Cô ấy sẽ làm gì nếu cô ấy bỏ lỡ chuyến bay?
32. The hotel is opposite the car park.
33. The bank is on the corner of Lower Road and Hill Road. It is next to the baker s.
34. The supermarket is between the chemist s and the greengrocer s.
35. There is a bus stop in front of the newsagent s in Station Road.
36. There are two pubs. The Red Lion is in Station Road, opposite the newsagent s near the railway bridge, and the Old Shepherd is in Church Street, behind the school.
37. The greengrocer's is between the chemist's and the baker's.
38. Go down the road and turn left. The flower shop is on the corner.
39. The pub is next to the bookshop, opposite the station.
40. Go over the bridge and walk across the main road.

10. How many BMWs in Oxford?
A. will make B. will be made C. will be make D. make
11. Coca-Colain Texas for more than 100 years.
A. has been made B. is made C. was made D. will be made
12. Have you your homework?
A. done B. made C. told D. said
13. hello to Kay when you see her.
A. Do B. Make C. Tell D. Say
14. He's a green umbrella.
A. carrying B. having C. doing D. saying
15. He always expensive watches.
A. wears B. carries C. does D. says
16. The TVby Logie Baird.
A. was discovered B. was invented
C. was made D. was done
17. She £30,000 when she sold her business.
A. made B. did C. makes D. does
18. I'm going to you a funny joke.
A. say B. tell C. make D. do
19. This aeroplanefour hundred passengers.
A. carries B. keeps C. wears D. makes
20. The job of the soldiers is to the peace.
A. carry B. keep C. make D. do
21. She ofteninteresting ideas.
A. has B. makes C. gives D. does
22. He..... me a present - a ring from a very expensive jewellery shop!
A. made B. gave C. did D. kept
23. The new Boeing aeroplane600 passengers.
A. keeps B. gives C. carries D. makes
24. I can'ta secret, so don't tell her.
A. keep B. give C. carry D. make
25. Marka lift to work yesterday.
A. kept B. gave C. carried D. made
26.policemenguns in your country?
A. Do keep B. Do give C. Do carry D. Do make

27. me some interesting information about the company .
 A. Keep B. Give C. Carry D. Make
28. I have..... a diary since I was a child.
 A. kept B. given C. carried D. made
29. That's Greg over there. He isa black briefcase.
 A. keeping B. giving C. carrying D. making
30. Teaall over the world.
 A. is drunk B. be drunk C. was drunk D. will be drunk
31. Applesin Britain.
 A. are grown B. grows C. are grow D. has been grow
32. The instructions in Japanese.
 A. is written B. are wrote C. are write D. are written
33. The ticketson the Internet.
 A. will sell B. will be sold C. is sold D. will be sell
34. The Egyptiansa kind of paper from papyrus.
 A. were made B. make C. are made D. made
35. Paper by the Chinese.
 A has been invented. B. was invented
 C. invented D. has invented
36. Have my shoes?
 A. repaired B. been repair C. be repaired D. been repaired
37. X-ray machines for over a hundred years.
 A. have been used B. have used
 C. are used D. is used
39. Sugarto the West Indies by Columbus.
 A. is took B. was taken C. is taken D. was took
40. Aspirin in Germany.
 A. was invented B. has been invented
 C is invented D. invented
41. Chinese at my children's school.
 A. won't be taught B. won't teach
 C. won't be teach D. won't be teach
42. DNAin Cambridge.
 A. was discovered B. invented
 C. was invented D. discovered
43. me the truth.

- A. Tell B. Say C. Speak D. Talk
44. Can you hello to Juliet when you see her?
A. tell B. say C. speak D. talk
45. John a very long phone call to Australia.
A. did B. made C. talked D. spoke
46. Mummy, can you me a story?
A. say B. tell C. speak D. talk
47. If we run, we won't the train.
A. lose B. miss C. catch D. take
48. I'm enjoying my holiday, but I my boyfriend.
A. lose B. miss C. remember D. talk
49. Scientists have a very important discovery about GM food.
A. made B. done C. carried D. lost
50. I was very disappointed that we another game.
A. made B. did C. missed D. lost
51. Does he usually glasses?
A. wear B. carry C. discover D. make
52. We a complaint to the holiday company.
A. made B. gave C. kept D. told
53. What's TV tonight?
A. from B. on C. in D. for
54. Jane's very happy because she's love.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
55. Is Mr James work this week? 'No»
he's.....holiday.'
A. from/on B. at/by C. at/on D. in / for
56. Would you like to go a walk?
A. from B. on C. in D. for
57. I live the fourth floor of a block of flats.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
58. Here's a present your new baby.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
59. I didn't mean to open your letter. I did it accident.
A. from B. on C. by D. for
60. I'm a bit busy the moment. Can you call back next week?
A. at B. on C. in D. for

61. I'm not eating chocolate this month. I'ma diet.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
62. I've read a lot about the warthe papers.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
63. I often go abroadbusiness.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
64. "Can you help me?" "Not now.a minute."
A. from B. on C. in D. for
65. There are no trains today. The workers are strike.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
66. my opinion, film stars are overpaid.
A. From B. On C. In D. For
67. I hate being late. I have to arrive.....time.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
68. I left schoolthe age of 16.
A. at B. on C. in D. for
69. 'Did you steal that pen?'course not!
A. Of B. On C. In D. For
70. I spoke to her the phone last week.
A. from B. on C. in D. for
71. I keep.....touch with my friendsemail.
A. from/by B. in/by C. in/by D. in / for
72. I got the information The Internet.
A. of B. on C. in D. for
73. Around £50,000.....from a bank in Oslo last night.
A is stolen B. was stolen C. are stolen D. were stolen
74. The first train by George Stevenson in the mid 19th century.
A. was discovered B. was made
C. was invented D. was built
75. In China, red envelopes full of money to children at New Year.
A. is given B. are given
C. will be given D. have been give
76. X-rays..... accidentally by Wilhelm Konrad Roentgen in 1896.
A. were discovered B. were made
C. were invented D. were built

92. hello to your parents from me when you see them.
 A. Speak B. Say C. Tell D. Talk
93. Are you the manager? We'd like toa complaint.
 A. do B. make C. Tell D. Talk
94. I was late for work because I the bus.
 A. lost B. carried C. missed D. discovered
95. I'm no good at reading maps so we completely our way.
 A. lost B. carried C. missed D. discovered
96. I've just a really good idea! Do you want to hear it?
 A. made B. gave C. done D. had

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

A PHOTOGRAPH THAT CHANGED THE WORLD

This is the first X-ray photograph. It was taken by a German scientist, Wilhelm Konrad Roentgen, in 1896. It is his wife's hand. The bones in her hand (and also her wedding ring!) are clearly seen in the photo.

X-rays were discovered by accident, while Roentgen was experimenting with electricity. Soon after, he built the first X-ray machine. Immediately, hospital operations were made much safer. For the first time, doctors could see inside people's bodies before they cut them open! In 1901, Roentgen was awarded the very first Nobel Prize in Physics. His invention is still used every day by doctors and dentists, and is called 'the window into the human body'.

Since the introduction of computer imaging in the 1970s, X-ray machines have been used for other things, too. At airports, many criminals have been caught with illegal items in their luggage. Also, lost works of art have been discovered underneath other paintings. In factories, many faults in new products are found every day, using X-rays. There is no doubt that new uses for X-rays will be developed in the future.

**Read the story of X-rays. Are these sentences true (T) or false (X)?
 Correct the false sentences.**

- X-rays were discovered by Wilhelm Roentgen in 1986.
- The first X-ray photograph was taken by Roentgen's wife.

3. The first X-ray machine was also invented by Roentgen.
4. It is called 'the window into the human body'.
5. X-rays are only used in medicine. X(in medicine, at airport, in factories)

READING 2

The history of paper

Today, paper is used for hundreds of everyday things - books and newspapers, of course, but also money, stamps, cups, bags, and even some clothes. Long ago, before paper, people wrote on animal skins, bones and stones. Then in 2700 BC, the Egyptians started to make papyrus, which was similar to paper. But the first real paper was invented in AD 105 by a Chinese government official, Ts'ai Lun. It was made from a mixture of plants and cloth. The Chinese kept their invention secret for centuries. Finally, in the 10th century, paper was brought to Europe by the Arabs. The first European paper mill was built in Spain in 1150. Since the 18th century, most paper is made out of wood, because it is much stronger than cloth. Nowadays, each person uses about 300 kg of paper every year. That's a lot of paper!

Answer the questions:

1. When was paper invented?
2. Where was the first real paper invented?
3. Who was it invented by?
4. When was it brought to Europe by the Arabs?
5. Where was the first paper mill built?
6. How long has paper been made out of wood?

7. How much paper is used by each person every year?

Correct these sentences.

1. Paper is only used to make newspapers and books.
2. All clothes are made out of paper.
3. Before paper, people wrote on trees.
4. Paper was invented by a Chinese scientist.
5. The Chinese gave their invention to the world immediately.
6. They made paper out of wood.
7. The first paper mill in Europe was built in France.
8. Paper has been made out of cloth since the 18th century.

READING 3

The discovery of DNA

Did you know that a tiny piece of your hair gives us information about... ?

- who you are related to
- which career you could be successful in
- any crimes you have committed
- what illnesses you could get
- how and when you could die

This is possible thanks to the information in DNA (or deoxyribonucleic acid). Your hair and every cell in your body contains your own unique DNA. It can tell you a lot about your family, health, and personality. DNA was discovered by a German scientist, Friedrich Miescher, in 1869, but nobody realized its importance then. Other scientists thought that it was too simple to contain the map of how we are made! In 1953, a group of British scientists at Cambridge University finally discovered the structure of DNA and how it worked. They were given the Nobel Prize for Medicine in 1962.

Gradually, scientists learned to ‘read’ more and more of the information in DNA. In 1986, for the first time DNA testing was used by the police. Some DNA is usually left by a criminal at the place where the crime was committed. This can be matched with DNA from a suspect. The test shows if the suspect is guilty.

In 1990 the Human Genome Project was begun. Scientists wanted to make a map of the 3 billion chemical letters in human DNA. Over 1,000 scientists all over the world worked on the project, and it took 10 years. With this information, it is possible that a cure for many diseases will be found in the future. But it also brings with it many questions. Do we want to be able to choose what our babies will look like, or pick the best person for a job with DNA tests?

Answer the questions.

1. Who made the discovery/invention
2. How long did it take to develop?
3. Were there any problems in the beginning?
4. What are important dates in its history?
5. How useful is the discovery/invention now? Give an example.
6. What could happen with it in the future?

READING 4

The invention of Google

How many common English words were invented by Shakespeare?
How long did it take people to find the answer to this question 15 years ago? And now? You can google it and find the answer immediately!

Google is the most popular Internet search engine in the world. It was invented by two students, Lany Page and Sergey Brin. They met in 1995, when they were both studying computer science at Stanford University, USA. They were also both fans of the science fiction TV programme Star Trek, and they loved the spaceship computer. They dreamed of producing something that could also answer any question in seconds.

Internet search engines at the time were slow and gave many websites that weren't useful. In January 1996, Page and Brin decided to make a better and faster search engine. They thought the results should be based on the popularity of each website - the most popular ones have the highest number of 'weblinks' (links to other websites).

Nobody would give them money for their project, so they used their credit cards and bought as much computer memory as possible. They also borrowed money from family and friends. Then, in 1998, they were given a cheque for \$100,000, and they started their own company. Their first office was in a friend's garage! The company name Google comes from mathematics. A 'googof' is a very high number - 1 followed by a hundred zeros.

The Google search engine was soon used by thousands of people worldwide because it was fast, easy and accurate. By 2002 it was the biggest search engine on the Internet. Now, more questions have been answered by Google than any other Internet service, from sport to science, and from music to medicine. Google hopes that in the future all the world's information will be put on the Internet, so that everybody can find everything.

Answer the questions.

1. Who made the invention?
2. How long did it take to develop?
3. Were there any problems in the beginning?
4. What are important dates in its history?

5. How useful is the invention now? Give an example.

6. What could happen with it in the future?

READING 5

Freeplay -the world's first clockwork radio

The clockwork radio is the only radio that doesn't need batteries or electricity. It is powered by turning the handle for a minute. Nowadays, thousands of these radios are made everyday. They are bought by people in Third World countries where there isn't any electricity.

The clockwork radio was invented in 1991 by Trevor Bayliss, a British inventor. Trevor had the idea while he was listening to some news on the radio about Africa. It was reported that Africans were dying of Aids and there was no easy way to send them information about the disease.

But no one would help Trevor develop his idea for a new kind of radio. Finally, in 1993, his invention was shown on a TV programme, and afterwards, a South African businessman heard of Trevor's clever idea and contacted him. The first Freeplay radios were built in South Africa in 1995.

Since then, the radios have been a great success. Millions of them have been sold worldwide, and Trevor have been given many awards, including one from Nelson Mandela. Trevor has hung a letter on the wall in his house. It was written in 1991 by another engineer who explained in great detail why he thought Trevor's idea for a clockwork radio couldn't possibly work!

Complete the questions about the clockwork radio.

1. The clockwork radio was invented by Trevor Bayliss.
.....?

2. The clockwork radio was invented in 1991.
.....?

3. They are bought by people in the Third World.
.....?
4. His invention was shown on TV.
.....?
5. It was developed in South Africa.
.....?
6. The first radios were built in 1995.
.....?
7. Thousands of Freeplay radios are made every day.
.....?
8. Millions of radios have been sold worldwide.
.....?

READING 6

TIGER'S LUCKY ESCAPE

A cat called Tiger, who was lost for three weeks in the village of Streatham, has been found today. Tiger was discovered this morning by builders under the floor in a new house. The builders heard a small noise while they were trying to mend a badly-fitted waterpipe. The cat was taken immediately to the vet's. The vet said the cat only survived because it was able to drink water from the broken pipe. Tiger's owner, who was interviewed by the local paper, said that for the first time in his life he was grateful to bad plumbers.

STOP IN THE NAME OF THE LAW!

An 86--year-old man was stopped by police while he was driving the wrong way down a motorway. When Mr Hum was asked what he was doing, he said, 'I'm glad to see you. I've been shouted at by all the other drivers. But they're all going the wrong way.' The police drove him back home. Since then, his driving licence has been taken away. He will be driven by his granddaughter in future.

Not so stupid after all

A lorry driver, who was called 'Stupid Stewart' by his colleagues, has been offered a place at Cambridge University to study history. Stewart Wilson, 30, became a truck driver after he left school with no qualifications. He was laughed at by his workmates, until he took a Mensa test. He was told he had an IQ of 15 which put him in the top 2% of the country. So he immediately went back to college to take his school exams. Stewart said, 'It's a dream come true! And I haven't been called 'Stupid' recently, I'm happy to say!'

Answer these questions

1. Who was discovered under the floor of a new house?
2. Where was Tiger taken?
3. Why was Mr Hurst stopped by the police?
4. Why will he be driven by his granddaughter in future?
5. Who was called. 'Stupid Stewart' by his colleagues?
6. Where has he been offered a place?

III. Correct the mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, and spelling.

1. Walt Disney was created the character of Mickey Mouse about eighty years ago.
2. Mickey calls Topolino' in Italian and 'Mi l.o Shu' in Chinese.
3. At first he called Mortimer Mouse.
4. He gave the name Mickey by Walt Disney's wife, Lillian.

5. Disney was made the first full-length cartoon, 'Snow White', in 1937.
6. Mickey Mouse cartoons have translated into at least sixty languages.
7. Since 1928, about 120 cartoons have made.
8. Paper was inventing in China.
9. The lost keys was discovered under the bed.
10. The thief has been arresting by the police.
11. My grandmother gave me some good advise.
12. These books was written 200 years ago.
13. Someone has stealing my bicycle.
14. How many pasengers does the boat carry?
15. The bookshop is opposite of the pub.
16. Can you make me a lift to school?
17. Walk accross the road.
18. (on the phone) Hi. Is that Dawn? I am Sonya.
19. I write everything in my dairy.
20. She was took to hospital.
21. I want to make a complain.
22. Samsung phones is made in Korea.
23. The telephone has been invented in 1876.
24. It was invented from Alexander Graham ReIL

25. Hundreds of Roman coins were been found in a garden in London.
26. A German chemist was invented aspirin.
27. Google is an amazing discovery.
28. Oh no! I've lost the bus.
29. Sandra is very good at telling advice.
30. I always make my homework listening to music.
31. I'm afraid the line's occupied. Would you like to hold?
32. Where was these shoes made?
33. I was given this watch from my uncle.
34. Someone has been stolen my bag!
35. The newsagent is sold stamps.
36. British policemen aren't carried guns.
37. All the beer was drank by nine o'clock.
38. Have all the sandwiches eaten?
39. The money was stole from the shop.
40. Dinner are usually served at 6 o'clock.
41. A new bridge will be build next year.
42. Spanish spoken in Latin America.
43. These cars are make in Germany.

44. I have watched TV last night.
45. I live in Chesswood for five years.
46. We moved here after my daughter was born.
47. Before that we have lived in London.
48. I am a teacher since I left university.
49. I have been to Bristol University in 1994.
50. We have studied English since three years.
51. I have never been to Russia, but I'd like to go.
52. Samsung phones is made in Korea.
53. The telephone has been invented in 1876.
54. It was invented from Alexander Graham Reil
55. Hundreds of Roman coins were been found in a garden in London.
56. A German chemist was invented aspirin.
57. Google is an amazing discovery.
58. Oh no! I've lost the bus.
59. Sandra is very good at telling advice.
60. I always make my homework listening to music.
61. I'm afraid the line's occupied. Would yon like to hold?

Correct the sentences.

1. Paper is made from plastic.

2. John Lennon was killed in London.
3. Coffee is grown in Scotland.
4. Sunflowers was painted by Renoir.
5. Clockwork radios haw been produced since 1885.
6. The Berlin Wall was knocked down in 1982.
7. The 2004 Olympic Games were held i n Sydney,
8. Rolls-Royce cars are made in Japan.
9. The iPod was developed by Microsoft.

IV. Put the words in the correct order.

1. world / is / English / the / all / spoken / over
2. since / has / nylon / 1932 / made / been
3. Mary's / invited / I / to / wasn't / party / why?
4. will / when / be / new / the / bridge / built?
5. asked / car / design / were / they / to / new / a

V. Rewrite the sentence without changing the meaning

1. They make Rolls Royce cars in Britain.
Rolls Royce
2. Over 5 million people visit the Eiffel Tower every year.
The Eiffel Tower

3. Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone in 1876.
The telephone
4. Thieves stole 'The Scream' by Edvard Munch in 2004.
'The Scream'
5. They sold a Van Gogh painting for \$82 million.
Van Gogh painting
6. More than 2,000 people have climbed Mount Everest.
Mount Everest
7. BMW will produce 200,000 Mini cars next year.
200,000 Mini cars
8. Did Leonardo da Vinci invent the helicopter?
..... the helicopter.....?
9. Bell didn't invent the television.
The television
10. They haven't repaired the computer.
The computer
11. They'll cancel the football match.
The football match
12. Have you worn the jacket many times?
..... the jacket
13. Do they eat much spicy food in China?
..... much spicy food
14. They will clear up the mess after dinner.
The mess.....
15. They won't answer the phone after 10 p.m.
The phone

16. They took the two women to the police station.
The two women

17. I didn't invite them to the party.
They.....

18. Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1492.
America

19. We want a part-time assistant who do not need to have any experience.
→ A part-time assistant

20. We buy and sell jewellery here.
Jewellery

21. We accept credit cards here.
→ Credit cards

22. We serve afternoon tea here
→ Afternoon tea

23. We do not allow dogs in here.
No dogs

24. Someone sells tickets at the box office.
Tickets

25. People built Stonehenge thousands of years ago.
Stonehenge.....

26. Someone has serviced my car.
My car

27. They opened three new hospitals last year.
Three new hospitals

30. People will eat six million hamburgers this year.
Six.....

31. They cancelled the football match because of heavy rain.

The football match

32. Someone cleans the kitchen every morning.

The kitchen

33. The police arrested the escaped prisoner late last night.

The escaped prisoner

34. How did scientists discover DNA?

How

VI. Translate the sentences into Vietnamese or English.

1. Is that Geoff?;

2. Who's speaking, please?

3. I'm afraid he's out at the moment.

4. Can you say that Elaine called?

5. Do you always wear a watch? Yes. all the time. Don't you?

6. Are you good at telling jokes?

No. I'm hopeless. I can never remember the ending.

7. What was the last present you gave? Who to?

Mmmm. I think it was when I gave some flowers to my mum for Mother's Day.

8. What was the last phone call you made? Who to? Why? Just before I came into class. I called a friend to ask if she's doing anything tonight.

9. Do you keep a diary?

Yes, but I don't write very personal things in it, in case someone finds it.

10. Have you or a friend ever made a complaint in a restaurant? No. but my dad often complains. I find it embarrassing, but he says it's important to do it.

11. Have you ever been homesick? Did you miss your family or your friends?

12. What is the best advice you've ever been given?

14. If you can't say anything nice, don't say anything at all.

UNIT 11

I. Choose the correct option.

1. What would you say?
A. if I take it to the police. B. if you met your favourite film star
C. if I'd never cook. D. if I were a vegetarian
2. If I could live in any country,.....
A. I'd never cook. B. I'd live in Spain
C. I were a vegetarian D. I'd buy another house.
3. If I found €100,
A. I'd take it to the police. B. I will live in Spain
C. I never cook. D. I buy another house.
4. If I won a lot of money,
A. I never cook. B. I'll live in Spain
C. I were a vegetarian D. I'd buy another house.
5. If my husband was a chef,
A. I'd never cook. B. I'd live in Spain
C. I were a vegetarian D. I'd buy another house.
6. I wouldn't eat meat.....
A. if I'd never cook. B. if I'd live in Spain
C. if I were a vegetarian D. if I'd buy another house.
7. They to the cinema with us.
A. might come B. might comes C. mights come D. might coming
8. Sophia them tomorrow.
A. might see B. sees C. mights see D. might seeing

9. If the weather is fine, we to the seaside.
 A. might go B. will go C. will might go D. might will go
10. I've got a new job and I today.
 A. am starting B. might start C. am going to start D. will start
11. We on holiday. We have bought our tickets and packed our bags.
 A. might go B. are going C. is going D. might going
12. It next weekend.
 A. isn't raining B. might not rain
 C. mights not rain D. will not rain
13. We to the party. We're not sure.
 A. might come B. are coming C. will come D. are come
14. I'm sure everything fine.
 A. will be B. mights be C. might get D. might being
15. England, but I would be surprised.
 A. will win B. mights win C. might win D. is going to win
16. Paula karate lessons, but she hasn't decided yet.
 A. mights have B. might have C. will have D. is going to have
17. We married tomorrow. Two hundred people have been invited to the wedding.
 A. are getting B. might get C. will get D. are going to get
18. I wouldn't live in a flat if I a princess.
 A. am B. were C. would be D. had been
19. Would she help if we asked her?
 A. Yes, she helps. B. Yes, she will.
 C. Yes, she would. D. Yes, she was.
20. If I had a ghost in my house, I... get rid of it.
 A. won't B. wouldn't C. didn't D. were
21. The meeting would ... early if he stopped talking.
 A. finished B. be finished C. finish D. finishing
22. Where would you go if you ... a three-month holiday?
 A. have B. has C. had D. would have
23. Would you have a servant?
 A. Yes, I will. B. No, I would. C. No, I wouldn't. D. No, I didn't
24. What... if you met a famous person?
 A. would you say B. will you say
 C. did you say D. were you say

- 25....., I'd telephone the police.
 A. When I am you B. If I were you
 C. If you were me D. When I was you
26. If she ... harder, she would earn more money
 A. would work B. wouldn't work C. worked D. works
27. Would you tidy your bedroom if I... you?
 A. paid B. pay C. would pay D. will pay
28. You should look the wordin the dictionary.
 A. up B. out C. off D. for
29. He gavehis job because it was boring.
 A. up B. out C. off D. for
30. Oh, no! The printer's runof ink.
 A. up B. out C. off D. for
31. Look! There's a scorpion near your fool.
 A. up B. out C. off D. for
32. The plane has takenfive minutes early.
 A. up B. out C. off D. for
33. Can you lookthe baby for a while?
 A. up B. after C. at D. for
34. Tom getswell with most people.
 A. up B. out C. on D. for
35. I'm going upstairs to liefor a while.
 A. up B. down C. on D. for
36. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "one".
 A. when B. won C. own D. want
37. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "weigh".
 A. why B. we C. way D. while
38. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "court".
 A. cost B. caught C. cut D. catch
39. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "threw".
 A. though B. tough C. through D. throat
40. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "tie".
 A. tea B. Thai C. toe D. tight
41. Find the word that sounds THE SAME as "peace".
 A. pies B. piece C. peas D. pear

42. Tom was frightened.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
43. I don't think this was a good idea.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
44. Den and Linda areboring people.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
45. There wasfood at the party.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
46.people knew, I'm surprised no one said anything.
 A. So B. So many C. So much D. Such
47. The book was..... interesting, I read until 3 a.m.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
48. She didn't go to work for a month because she wasill.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
49. Hello! I haven't seen you fora long time!
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
50. That wasa good meal.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
51. You are annoying!
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
52. I feel sick - I've eatenchocolates.
 A. so B. so many C. so much D. such
53. When are you goingto London?
 A. for B. back C. away D. on
54. Excuse me. I'm lookinga post office. Is there one near here?
 A. for B. back C. away D. down
55. Don't throwyour old clothes. Give them to charity.
 A. for B. back C. away D. down
56. I'm feeling exhausted. I'm going to liesofa for a while.
 A. for B. back C. away D. down
57. Hi, Max. Come and sithere next to me.
 A. for B. back C. away D. down
58. My daughter never puts.....warm clothes.
 A. for B. back C. away D. on
59. Why don't you takeyour coat if you're hot?
 A. for B. off C. away D. on

60. Remember to turnthe lights before you go out.
A. for B. off C. away D. on
61. I like those shoes. Can I try them, please?
A. for B. back C. away D. on
62. Why are all your clothes lying on your bedroom floor? Pick them, please.
A. for B. up C. away D. on
63. Lookthe moon. It's so clear tonight.
A. for B. after C. at D. up
64. When are you going to London?
A. back B.on C. off D. down
65. If you putyour glasses, you'd see better.
A. back B.on C. off D. down
66. Turn the TV, please. I'd like to talk to you.
A. back B.on C. off D. down
67. If you're not feeling well, why don't you go home and lie?
A. back B.on C. off D. down
68. I threw my old CD player because it was broken.
A. back B.away C. off D. down
69. Excuse me. Where are the changing rooms? I'd like to try ... this skirt.
A. back B.on C. off D. down
70. Can you takeyour shoes before you come in?
A. back B.on C. off D. down
71. Lookthe sea. It's so blue!
A. for B.up C. at D. after
72. Can I siton this seat next to you?
A. back B.on C. off D. down
73. Whose is this wallet? I've just picked it floor.
A. back B.on C. off D. up
74. He looked everywhere his diary, but he couldn't find it
A. for B.up C. 4 D. after
75. Unfortunately, we petrol on the way home.
A. run out of B. looked up C. broke down D. got on with
76. I need to go out. Can you the baby?
A. puts off B. gives up C. takes off D. looks after

77. The car on the motorway.
 A. run out of B. looked up C. broke down D. got on with
78. Ianhis parents very well.
 A. runs out of B. looks up C. breaks down D. gets on with
79. The doctor told her to..... smoking.
 A. put off B. give up C. take off D. look after
80. I like it when the plane.....
 A. put off B. give up C. take off D. look after
81. My mumher job when we were born.
 A. put off B. gave up C. took off D. looked after
82. Oh dear. We've.....paper for the photocopier.
 A. run out of B. looked up C. broken down D. got on with
83. Claire usuallythe dog while we're on holiday.
 A. puts off B. gives up C. takes off D. looks after
84. I didn't know the word so I itin the dictionary.
 A. took ...off... B. looked ... up C. looked...out D. put ...off
85. I've ... the meeting ... until the 13th because nobody can come on the 11th.
 A. taken ...off... B. looked ... up...
 C. broken ... down D. put ...off
86. If I had more money, I... a new car.
 A. would buy B. will buy C. bought D. buy
87. I would buy the book if it... so expensive.
 A. isn't B. wasn't C. wouldn't be D. weren't
88. If he asked you to marry him, would you say yes?
 A. Yes, I say. B. Yes, I would. C. Yes, I will. D. No, I would.
89. If it... so cold, I'd go out.
 A. wouldn't be B. didn't C. weren't D. wasn't
90. If the food was bad, I would ... a complaint.
 A. made B. be made C. make D. do
91. If she ... a choice, would she stay in her job?
 A. had B. have C. has D. get
92. Would you eat a snake?
 A. No, I would. B. No, I wouldn't.
 C. Yes, I will. D. Yes I won't.
93. What... if you met a famous person?

- A. would you say
C will you say
94. I'd give up smoking
A. if you were me
C. if I were you
95. If he ... a mobile phone, I would text him.
A. had B. didn't have C. has D. have
96. Would he kill an animal if he ... ?
A. have to B. had to C. has to D. would have to
97. Tessa's worried. Her four-year-old daughter is walking on a high wall.
A. She might miss it. B. She might fall.
C. She might get wet. D. She might not like it.
98. Danuta's worried. She's got two important exams tomorrow.
A. She might miss it. B. She might fail.
C. He might get wet. D. She might not like it.
99. David's worried. His parents are away, and he's invited about twenty friends to his house for a party.
A. They might break something. B. He might lose his job.
C. He might get wet. D. She might not like it.
100. Francis is worried. He thinks its going to rain and he doesn't have an umbrella.
A. They might break something. B. He might lose his job.
C. He might get wet. D. She might not like it.
101. Toby's worried. His company is going to cut some staff.
A. He might break something. B. He might lose his job.
C. He might get wet. D. He might not like it.
102. Kaori's worried. Her plane leaves in forty minutes, and she's stuck in a traffic jam.
A. She might miss it. B. She might fall.
C. She might get wet. D. She might not like it.
103. Could Ion those shoes, please? Size nine.
A. fill B. give C. put D. try
104. I want the children to..... on their sunhats.It's very hot today.
A. fill B. give C. put D. try
105. Just away! You're really annoying me.
A. go B. give C. put D. try

106. Could you in this form, please, and sign it at the bottom?
 A. fill B. give C. put D. try
107. I've got a really bad headache. I'm just going todown.
 A. lie B. get C. look D. fall
108. What does 'gorgeous' mean? No idea. I'll it up in the dictionary.
 A. lie B. get C. look D. fall
109. I'mfor my glasses. Have you seen them anywhere?
 A. lying B. getting C. looking D. falling
110. She off her horse and hurt her wrist.
 A. got B. gave C. went D. fell
111. I was a smoker, but Iup last year,
 A. gave B. got C. looked D. fell
112. I don't like James, but Ion very well with his wife.
 A. lie B. get C. look D. fall
113. You look tired. Sitand have a cup of tea.
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
114. I'm looking for yesterday's newspaper. Did you throw it.....?
 A. out B. up C. down D. away
115. Turnthe light, please! It's too dark in here.
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
116. I live in Bristol now but I grew in Leicester.
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
117. Come! Hurry! You'll be late for school.
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
118. Don't worry about the baby. I'll look her while you're out.
 A. out B. up C. down D. after
119. John! Wake! Can you hear a noise downstairs?
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
120. Putthat cigarette! I hate you smoking in here.
 A. out B. up C. down D. on
121. He'd move to Spain,
 A. if he'd be very happy B. if I were you.
 C. if I had a car. D. if he spoke Spanish.
122. If she got the job,
 A. she'd be very happy B. if I were you.
 C. if I had a car. D. we'd have a barbecue.

123. If the weather were nicer,
- A. she'd be very happy B. if I were you.
C. if I had a car. D we'd have a barbecue.
124. I'd drive to work,
- A. she'd be very happy B. if I were you.
C. if I had a car. D we'd have a barbecue.
125. I'd take an aspirin,
- A. she'd be very happy B. if I were you.
C. if I had a car. D we'd have a barbecue.
126. Hi Nora. I'm sorry, but we be able to get to the cinema by 6.45.
Our car has broken down.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
127. That's OK. Do you think you be able to get here by 9.00?
There's another showing of the film then.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. will not
128. Well, Max thinks he be able to fix it. If not, we get the
bus. See you there at 9.00.
- A. will/will B. might /will C. will/might D. might / might
129. Are you going to watch the football tonight?
- Yes I am. Who do you thinkwin?
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
130. Well, I'm not sure. Barcelona are the better team, but Porto are
playing well at the moment, so they win tonight.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
131. If no one wins, theyhave to play again next week.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
132. A Are you going to Mark's party this Saturday?
- I'm not sure. I'm tired, so I ... go. I just watch a DVD and relax instead.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
135. Oh, go on, I go if you go. It be fun.
- A. might/will B. might not /will C. will / might D. won't
136. OK then, Ipick you up at 8.00.
- A. might B. might not C. will D. won't
137. It wasa nice day that we decided to have a picnic.
- A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
138. That book was.....interesting that I couldn't put it down.

139. I've gotwork to do. I won't finish it by this evening.
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
140. You've worked.....hard all week. You deserve a break.
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
141. It was.....a great party that no one wanted to leave!
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
142. There were people in town it took ages to do the shopping.
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
143. That's a fantastic dress. You look smart.
 A. so / such B. such /so C. so much/such D. so/so
144. I'm looking forward to my holiday.....
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
145. Some people have money they don't know what to do with it!
 A. so B. such C. so much D. so many.
146. That film wasbad! I've never seenan awful film.
 A. so / such B. such /so C. so much / such D. so/so.
147. Put something warm. It's cold today.
 A. out B. at C. down D. on
148. There's some ice-cream in the freezer. Can you get it ?
 A. out B. at C. down D. on
149. Dave! Come here and sit next to me.
 A. out B. at C. down D. on
150. Look the countryside. Isn't it beautiful?
 A. out B. at C. down D. on
151. When are you going to your country?
 A. out B. back C. down D. on

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

Nisa Isaacs

I live with my parents in a shanty town outside the city. My parents collect old newspapers and junk to sell. They don't make much money, so we're poor. But I'm going to change all that. I love school. I'm studying very hard, because I'm taking my high school exams next year. Then I'm going to get a job in an office in town. But that isn't my main ambition. I really

want to go to university. So I'm going to work for a while to save some money. I'm hoping to be an architect, then I can build my parents a proper house.

Viktor Panov

I'm studying for my certificate of Education, but I'm not sure what I want to study afterwards. I love doing art at school, so I might go to art college. That would be fun. I might become a designer. But I also enjoy Russian language and literature, so I might study that at university. I'll have to get good exam results to do that. I'd also like to try living in another country. I've got family in Germany, so I might live there for a while. Perhaps I could study art and design in Berlin. That would be great!

Answer these questions:

1. Who is certain about what they want to do? Who is not?
2. Who is more ambitious? What makes you think this?
3. Where does Nisa live? What do her parents do?
4. What does Viktor enjoy studying?
5. Who wants to live in another country?
6. What job are they thinking of doing?

READING 2

At a crossroads in life Andy

I've had some bad news about my job. I'm going to be made redundant in three months' time. It's such a shock! I've worked for the same computer company for 12 years. But I need to think what to do next.

Actually, I've always dreamed of emigrating to Australia. So I might try that! I have a friend in Melbourne, and I'm sure he would help me to find a job there. But if I went to Australia, my parents would be so sad. And they wouldn't be able to visit me very much. It's so expensive. So I would have to find a really good job so that I could come home a lot or pay for them to visit me. That might not be easy. Another thing I might do is start my own business, using my redundancy money. What if I started a computer servicing company? People are always having problems with their computers. If I did that, I'd have to work really hard in the beginning. It wouldn't be easy, but I would enjoy it. I think.

Answer these questions:

1. What has happened to Andy?
2. What choices do he have?
3. Why does he hesitate to move to Australia?
4. What kinds of business might he start? Why?

READING 3

At a crossroads in life Lucy

I'm so surprised! My boyfriend's just asked me to marry him! It was terrible, because I couldn't give him an answer immediately. You see. I really love my boyfriend, and I think I want to marry him sometime, but not yet. He wants us to get married next June. That's only nine months away. I think it might be better to wait. If we got married in June, we'd have to save all our money for the wedding and a house. But I don't want to do that. I want us to enjoy ourselves while we're young. I want to go away and travel. I'd like to learn how to ride a horse and how to scuba-dive. Oh, there's lots of things I want to do. If we waited a bit, we could do all those things. If I got married now, I might feel trapped. That would be terrible. But what if I told him I didn't want to marry him yet? Would he understand? He might not. and I don't want to lose him. I do want to marry him. I just want to put the wedding off for a while. That's all.

Answer these questions:

1. What has happened to Lucy?
2. What choices do she have?
3. Why doesn't she want to get married now?
4. What does she want to do now?

READING 4

At a crossroads in life Maureen

Well, my husband died three months ago, and I've got to decide what to do next. He was ill for a long time, so it wasn't a shock. But we were married for 41 years, and I can't imagine life without him.

I don't think I want to live in this house anymore. Anyway, it's so big for just one person. So I might sell it and move to a flat. I'd feel safer if I lived in a flat, because there would be other people around. I think it might be difficult living on my own. Or my daughter says I can live with her and her family. So I might do that, but I'm not sure. I love my daughter and my grandchildren very much. But if I lived with them, I wouldn't feel independent anymore. And I'm still young - I'm only 68! I'm healthy with plenty of friends. There's lots I can still do with my life, I'm sure. I just need to keep busy.

Answer these questions:

1. What has happened to Maureen?
2. What choices do she have?
3. Why can't she make up her mind to live with her daughter?
4. Why would she feel safer if she lived in a flat?

READING 5

Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, USA. A hot July day, and some of the 3 million visitors who come to the park every year are watching one of the geysers erupt. Everyone is impressed, but as they chatter excitedly and eat their ice-creams, not many of them realize that they are standing on top of the largest active volcano in the world. Scientists have known for a long time that Yellowstone is a volcanic area. But the strange thing is that until the 1960s, none of them could find a volcano anywhere in the park. Then, new photos taken by NASA showed the reason why - the whole park, 9,000 square metres of it, is a volcano! Volcanoes like Yellowstone are called 'supervolcanoes', because they are so huge and dangerous - 1,000 times more powerful than ordinary volcanoes. There are about 40 of them on Earth, but none of them has erupted recently. The most recent was 74,000 years ago in Indonesia. The last time Yellowstone Park erupted was 640,000 years ago.

But what would happen if the Yellowstone volcano erupted again today? Here are the events that might follow:

Mark the sentences true(✓), false(X), or don't know {?}. Correct the false sentence.

1. A supervolcano is a volcano which has recently erupted.
2. Not many people know that Yellowstone Park is a supervolcano.
3. Yellowstone Park is an extinct supervolcano.
4. About 40 supervolcanoes have been found on our planet.
5. The most recent eruption of a supervolcano was in Yellowstone Park.
6. It is unlikely that another supervolcano will erupt.

READING 6

Day I - Yellowstone Park, USA

If the volcano erupted, hot ash and rock would shoot up into the air at 250kmph. The cities of Denver and Salt Lake would be destroyed immediately, and 87,000 people would die. Eventually the ash would cover 3A of the USA, and drinking water and food crops would be contaminated.

Week I - Europe

The whole of Europe would be covered by a grey cloud. Summer would turn to winter, and in some places the sea would freeze. No European country would be able to grow food for four or five years.

The next 3 months - Worldwide

90% of our sunlight would be blocked and a volcanic winter would cover the Earth. The tropical forests would die and food crops in warm countries, such as India and China, would fail. Only countries near the North and South Poles could carry on as usual. Iceland would do well, because most of its food is grown in special greenhouses. It might be able to send food to the rest of the world.

Answer the question

What do these numbers refer to in the article?

3 million 1960s 9,000 40 74,000 640,000 250kmph
87,000 $\frac{3}{4}$ 90%

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

III. Correct the mistakes in grammar, vocabulary, and spelling.

1. We had such terrible wether.

2. If he worked harder, he earned more money.

3. I was such scared!

4. He's such the clever man.

5. Thank you for inviteing us.

6. I'm sure the film might finish soon.

7. They might to win the game.

8. She's got so much friends.

9. If I would have more time, I would play golf.

10. He gave out smoking a month ago.

11. I'm looking after my umbrella. Have you seen it anywhere?

12. If I would know the answer, I'd tell you.

13. What will you do if you were president?

14. You wouldn't be tired if you go to bed earlier.

15. The weather forecast says it might probably rain.

16. We'll go to Jane's party but we're not sure if we can.

17. I'll look out that word in my dictionary for you.

18. This is an expensive bike, so look it after carefully.
19. He's a such good skier.
20. It was so an interesting film.
21. Politicians tell such many lies.
22. We had so a brilliant time in Amsterdam last year that we've decided to go back.
23. I've got a such lot of work to do that I don't know where to begin!
24. Her parents are so nice people.
25. I didn't realise that the exam was so much difficult.
26. It was such a generous present.
27. If I had more money, I bought a boat.
28. She was such interesting.
29. It's such the good idea.
30. I'm going to lye down for a minute.
31. If I were you, I didn't say anything.
32. We've run out the milk.
33. I'm sure it might be a good concert.
34. If I won the lottery, I would give some money up.
35. It might to raining later.
36. They gave us so many information.

37. I'd lend you the money if I'd have it.
38. If I have more money, I'd go on holiday.
39. We could play football if the weather would be nice.
40. I'll help you in the garden if my back didn't hurt.
41. If I were English, I didn't have to study the language!

IV. Rewrite these sentences without changing the meaning.

1. I can't contact him because he hasn't got a mobile phone.
If.....
2. I won't go to the pub with you because I haven't got any money.
If.....
3. I can't go to the party in the country because I haven't got a car.
If.....
4. She doesn't work so she doesn't have any money.
If.....
5. He's not going to the concert because he's got a headache. He'd
.....
6. Her classmates don't like her because she's mean.
If.....
7. I'm not rich. I don't live in a big house.
If.....
8. Steve works in the evening. He has no time to play with his children.
If.....
9. Sue buys a lot of clothes. She has no money.
If.....

10. I haven't got a car. I can't give you a lift.
If.....

11. I go to bed late. I'm tired in the morning.
If.....

12. Judy hasn't got a watch. She's always late.
If.....

13. Perhaps it will rain tomorrow.
It

14. Perhaps we'll go to Spain for our holidays.
We.....

15. Perhaps I won't go out tonight.
I.....

16. Perhaps Joe and Ellie will come round for a drink this evening.
Joe and Ellie.....

17. Perhaps I'll get a PlayStation for my birthday.
I

18. Perhaps Dave won't phone me tonight.
Dave

19. I'm not rich, so I don't live in a big house.
If

20. She spends a lot of money, so she's poor.
If

21. She smokes forty cigarettes a day, so she coughs a lot. If
.....

22. He doesn't understand Portuguese, so he won't work in Brazil.
If

23. They don't have a garden, so they don't grow vegetables.

If

24. I don't have a boat, so I won't sail around the world.

If

25. He loves Italy, so he always goes there on holiday.

If

V. Translate the sentences into English or Vietnamese.

1. Her house is such a mess!

2. It was such an awful meal!

3. They had such a nice time.

4. I can't stand this weather.

5. Thank you so much for helping me.

6. Their house is such a mess! I don't know how they live in it.

7. There were so many people at the party! There was nowhere to dance.

8. I'm so hungry! I could eat a horse.

9. Jane and Pete are such nice people! But I can't stand their kids.

10. I've spent so much money this week! I don't know where it's all gone.

11. A present! For me? You're so kind! You really didn't have to.

12. We've had such a nice time! Thank you so much for inviting us.

13. Molly's such a clever dog! She understands every word I say.

14. If we didn't have to work, we'd travel round the world.

15. If you took more exercise, you'd be fitter.

16. I'd help you if I had more time.
17. If I were you, I'd forget all about it.
18. If I won the lottery, I'd give all the money to charity.
19. If I were a politician, I'd always tell the truth.
20. If I were you, I'd ask the teacher/I'd accept the job.
21. If I had the answer, I'd tell you.
22. If I had the time, I'd travel the world/I'd help you.
23. If I found a £50 note, I wouldn't keep it.
24. If I knew the answer, I'd tell you.
25. If I didn't know the answer. I'd ask the teacher.
26. If I didn't live in a big city, I'd be bored.
27. If I were rich, I'd travel round the world. First I'd go to Canada, then I'd go to New York.
28. If he worked harder, he'd have more money.
29. I'd go to work if I felt better, but I feel terrible.
30. If I could speak perfect English, I wouldn't be in this classroom.
31. What would you do if a stranger gave you £1 million?
32. What would you say if I asked you to marry me?
33. I found a wallet in the street.
34. If I were you, I'd take it to the nearest police station.

35. I don't like my sister's boyfriend.
36. If I were you, I wouldn't say anything.
37. I've had a row with my mother.
38. If I were you, I'd buy her some flowers.
39. I never have enough money.
40. If I were you, I'd stop buying so many CDs.
41. My neighbours make a lot of noise. If I were you, I'd move.
42. I really need to do more exercise. If I were you, I'd cycle to work.
43. A What's for supper?
B We're having lamb. Its in the oven.
44. A What time are we eating?
B Don't worry. It'll be ready before your TV programme.
45. A Who's eating with us?
B I've invited Jerry, but he might be late. It depends on the traffic.
46. I'm going into town tomorrow. I'm having lunch with Jo at 1.00.
47. A Are you going to have a winter holiday this year? B I might. I haven't decided yet.
48. A What sort of car are you going to buy?
B Well. I'd like to buy a Mercedes or a BMW. But of course, they would be too expensive, so I might get a Fiat or a Toyota. One thing's for sure, it'll be second-hand.

49. A Where are you going on holiday this year?

B As usual Tom and I can't agree, so we might go to Scotland, or maybe Spain. You know us. we always book at the last minute anyway!

50. A What are we having to eat tonight?

B Well, it might be steak or it might be just a takeaway pizza. Probably the pizza - I feel too tired to cook.

51. A Who are you going to the dance with?

B Well, I might ask Tony, but then there's also Richard. He's a great dancer, so I might ask him.

52. A What would you do if you won the lottery?

B In my dreams! But what would I do? Well. I might just give it all away to a dogs' home. No. actually, I think I might travel the world.

53. I'm looking for my glasses. Have you seen them anywhere?

54. I like these jeans. Can I try them on?

55. You shouldn't drop litter on the floor! Pick it up!

56. Don't throw away the newspaper. I haven't read it yet.

57. If you don't feel well, go and lie down.

58. 'Do you like my dress?' let me see. Turn round. Yes. Very nice.'

59. Why are all these lights on? Turn them off.
60. Can I look up this word in your dictionary?
61. I've run out of milk, so I can't have any cereal.
62. My boss is a great guy. I get on well with him.
63. Leave little Ela here. I'll look after her while you're out.

UNIT 12

I. Choose the best answer.

1. My husband often work home with him.
 A. brings B. takes C. comes D. goes
2. If you ... me my cheque book, I'll write a cheque for your trip so you can ... it to school tomorrow.
 A. bring / take B. take /bring C. come / go D. go / come
3. Will's ... me to Paris next week. Would you like me to anything back for you?
 A. bringing / taking B. taking / bringing
 C. taking / bring D. take / bringing
4. Tony's to dinner tonight and he's his new girlfriend.
 A. going / bringing B. coming / taking
 C. coming / bringing D. going / taking
5. I'mthe dog to the vet tomorrow. He hatesto the vet!
 A. bringing / going B. taking / going
 C. taking / coming D. bringing / coming
6. The manager ... here to look for you a moment ago. She wants to see you before you ... home.
 A. came / went B. come / came C. came / go D. comes /go
7. I've met her several times I can't remember her name.
 A. but /still B. although still
 C. However/often D. especially/ just
8.he's18, he's won Wimbledon twice.
 A. But /still B. Although / only
 C. However/often D. Especially/ just
9. I love playing squash., I don't win.
 A. but /still B. although still

- C. However/often
D. especially/ just
10. I don't like housework..... I hate doing the washing-up.
A.but /still
B. and / especially
C. However/often
D. especially/ just
11. She'spassed her driving test, soshe's delighted.
A. but /still
B. just/of course
C. However/often
D. especially/ just
12. I was watching TV I heard a strange noise coming from next door.
A. but /still
B. although / still
C. However/often
D. when / suddenly
13. At last! I.....the question.
A. have understood
B. have been understanding
C. understand
D. understood
14. The athletes are tired. They all day.
A. have trained
B. have been training
C. are training
D. trained
15. So, whatyou recently? Anything fun?
A.have ... done...
B. have been doing
C.did do
D. dodo.....
16. My friend a new computer.
A. has been buying
B. bought
C. has bought
D. buys
17.you ?. Your hair looks wet.
A. Have ... swum
B. Have ... been swimming
C. Did swim
D. Are swimming
18. Great news! Joannaa baby boy!
A. has been having
B. had
C.has had
D. is having
19. I in horoscopes.
A. have never believed
B. have never been believing
C. never believed
D. . never have believed
20. Oh, there you are! I for you everywhere!
A. have looked
B. have been looking
C. am looking
D. look

21. What to your arm?

- I tennis a lot this week, and I my elbow.

- A. have you done / have been playing / have hurt
- B. did you done / have been playing / have hurt
- C. have you done / have been playing / hurt
- D. have you done / have played / have hurt

22. Lisa : Your house looks fantastic! You it beautifully.

Peter: Yes, but it's hard work. I ... the bedroom all afternoon and I ... three walls.

Lisa: Never mind. It will look great when you it.

- A. have decorated / have been painting / have only painted / have finished
- B. have decorated / have painted / have only painted / have finished
- C. decorated / have been painting / have only painted / have finished
- D. have decorated / have been painting / have only painted / have finished

23. Hi Jack. I you for ages. What recently? – I

- A. haven't seen / have you done/ have been travelling
- B. haven't seen / have you been doing/ have been travelling
- C. haven't seen / have you been doing/ have been travelling
- D. haven't been seeing / have you been doing/ have been travelling

24. Lisa: That's fantastic! Where?

Daisy: I to Asia. there?

Lisa: No, I haven't, but I to go for a long time.

- A. have you done / have been / Have you ever been / have want
- B. have you done / have been / Have you ever been / wanted
- C. have you done / have been / Have you ever been / want
- D. have you done / have been / Have you ever been / have wanted

25. Hi. a good day? _ Yes, I but I a lot of money.

- A. Have you had / have been shopping / haven't spent
- B. Have you had / am shopping / haven't spent
- C. Have you had / have been shopping / haven't spend
- D. Have you had / have been shopping / have spend

26. Show me what you ...? - Well, I'm afraid I ... anything for you! I to find you a birthday present for ages, but I anything yet.

- A. have bought / have bought / have been trying / haven't found .
- B. have bought / haven't bought / have been trying / have found
- C. have bought / haven't bought / have been trying / haven't found
- D. have bought / haven't bought / have tried / haven't found

27. Alicia..... to the North Pole when she was eight.

- A. flies
- B. flew
- C. has flown
- D. has been flying

28. She to the North Pole yet.

- A. hasn't walked
- B. has walked
- C. has been walking
- D. didn't walked

29. She the 200-mile trip next month.

- A. start
- B. starts
- C. has started
- D. is going to start

30. She the trip for a long time.

- A. has been planning
- B. plans
- C. has planned
- D. planned

31. Her fatherthe journey twice in his life.

- A. has already make
- B. has already made
- C. already has made
- D. made

32. He also Mount Everest in 1993.

- A. climbed
- B. has climbed
- C. climbs
- D. has climb

33. At the moment he not to worry about his daughter's trip.

- A. is trying
- B. tries
- C. has been trying
- D. has tried

34. He that she will enjoy it.

- A. hope
- B. hopes
- C. will hope
- D. has hoped

35. A: Goodbye, everyone! I'm on holiday tomorrow.

B: Where are you

A: Australia. I'm my family to visit their cousins in Sydney.

B: Lucky you! When you back, me a T-shirt!

- A. going/going/ taking/come/bring
- B. going/going/ taking/go/bring
- C. going/going/ bringing/come/bring
- D. going/going/ taking/come/take

36. A: Listen, class! Please finish your work before you home. And tomorrow, don't forget to in your money for the school trip. We're to the Natural History Museum.

B: Oh, Miss Jones! Can't you us somewhere more exciting

- A. come / bring / going / take B. go / bring / going / take
C. go / take / going / take D. go / bring / coming / take

37. Daniel, you were very late last night. What time did you home?

- A. go B. take C. come D. bring

38. I've been decorating my new flat. You must and visit me on Saturday. And Emma and Jake with you. I'll cook you a meal.

- A. go / take B. go / bring C. come / take D. come / bring

39. (In London)

A: I'll miss you when I back home to Spain. You must ... and visit me at Christmas.

B: I'd love to! I want you to this photo with you. It will remind you of the day we to Oxford together.

A: OK. And when you visit, me some more English books to read!

- A. go / come / take / went / bring B. go / come / take / went / take
C. come / come / take / went / bring D. go / come / take / came / bring

40. (In France)

A: I'm to London tomorrow, so tonight my best friend is round to my house to say goodbye. She's a present she wants me to ... to her sister in London.

B: Well, have a good trip!

- A. coming / coming / bringing / take B. going / coming / taking / bring
C. going / coming / bringing / take D. going / going / bringing / take

41. A: Where's the bank? B: It's opposite the supermarket.

- A. Same to you! B. How about you?
C. That's right. D. Excuse me.

42. A: Let's go out for a coffee after the class. B:

- A. Same to you! B. How about you?
C. That's right. D. Good idea.

43. A: I hear you're moving to the USA. B:

- A. Same to you! B. How about you?
C. That's right. D. Good idea.

44. A: Have a good weekend! B:
 A. Same to you! B. How about you?
 C. That's right. D. Good idea.
45. A: My wife's just had a baby. B:
 A. You're welcome. B. Congratulations!
 C. See you later. D. Good idea.
46. A: Bye. B: Bye., at Ken's house.
 A. You're welcome B. Congratulations
 C. See you later D. Good idea
47. A: I've got a job interview tomorrow. B:
 A. You're welcome. B. Good luck.
 C. See you later. D. Good idea.
48. I'm going out.? B: No, I'm going home.
 A. You're welcome. B. How about you?
 C. See you later. D. Good idea.
49. A: Did you watch 'The Vampire's Kiss' last night?
 B: I hate horror movies.
 A. Good idea. B. Same to you!
 C. How about you? D. No, of course not.
50. A: Thanks for all your help. B:
 A. You're welcome. B. Congratulations!
 C. See you later D. No, of course not.
51. (At work) I don't feel well. I, if that's OK .
 A. 'll go home B. went home C. to go for D. come round
52. (At home) I didn't feel well at work today, so I early.
 A. went home B. came home C. go home D. come home
53. The water in the pool looks fantastic! I've just got to ... a swim,
 A. 'll go home B. went home C. to go for D. come round
54. A: You haven't seen my new flat. Why don't you and see it tonight?
 B: I'd love to, but I the cinema with Dave.
 A. come round/ am going to B. go/ go to
 C. come round / to go for D. come round / go
55. I don't feel like cooking tonight. Would you like ... for a meal?
 A. to go out B. come back C. am going skiing D. go home

56. I in the Alps next week. Can you lend me a jacket?
 A. to go out B. come back C. am going skiing D. go home
57. I've got a secret for you and I'll tell you!
 A. Come here B. Come back C. Come round D. Go home
58. I hate you! Go away and don't ever
- A. come here B. come back C. come round D. go home
59. I'm going to Paris for the weekend. Would you like me?
 A. Come here B. Come back C. Come round D. come with
60. It's 8.00!! I Get out of bed. You'll be late for school.
 A. Come here B. Come back C. Come round D. Come on

II. READING COMPREHENSION

READING 1

Al Brown, 31, from a small town in Pennsylvania, USA, had his own delivery business for five years. When he lost it, he also lost his home and his family. He now sleeps on the streets in New York. He has been sleeping for a year. It was very cold at first, but after a while he has got used to it. Street News is a magazine that is sold by homeless people in the city. Selling newspapers gives them a small income, so they can begin to save money for somewhere to live. Al Brown has been selling Street News for six months. He usually sells one hundred copies every day. So far, he has sold ten ones today. But it's still early! He also has lots of friends but he gets fed up with people who think he drinks or takes drugs. His problem is homeless. He wants a job, but he needs somewhere to live before he can get a job. So he needs money to get somewhere to live, but he can't get money because he doesn't have a job and he can't get a job because he hasn't got anywhere to live. He's trapped! But now he's trying hard to make some money by selling Street News.

1. How many copies does he sell a day?
2. How long has he been selling Street News?
3. Has he made many friends?
4. How many copies has he sold today?

5. How long has he been sleeping in the streets?

6. Why is he boring with some of his friends?

7. What does “homeless” mean?

8. What is “Street News”?

READING 2

Read the complete article. Answer the questions.

When Alicia Hempleman-Adams was eight years old, she became the youngest person to travel to the North Pole. But that was on a plane when she visited her father, the British explorer David Hempleman-Adams. Now the 15-year-old has decided to follow in her dad’s frozen footsteps. Next month, Alicia is going to set off on a journey to the Arctic that could put her in the record books, as the youngest person to walk to the North Pole.

Alicia won’t be alone. Four others, including her physical education teacher, are also going to walk the 200-mile route across Baffin Island in northern Canada.

She has been training hard for the journey. She has been walking a lot with a heavy backpack, and she has also been practising pulling a sled long distances. ‘It’s going to be pretty cold,’ she said. ‘It’s -20°C at the moment, and it might get to -30°C. But I think we’re prepared.’

Alicia has to be well-prepared if she wants to be like her dad. David Hempleman-Adams, 48, has been travelling in the Arctic and Antarctic for 25 years. He has walked to the South Pole once, and the North Pole twice. In 2000 he was the first to fly in a balloon over the North Pole. He has also climbed the highest mountains in all seven continents.

Mr Hempleman-Adams said that it took a long time before he agreed to let his daughter go on the trip. 'I am a little worried. It's going to be very hard. She's half my size and a teenager, so I think the cold will be a big problem.'

Alicia's mother is also trying to stay calm about the trip. She thinks that Alicia is too young to make the journey. Mr Hempleman-Adams said, 'My wife has always thought I'm silly to be an explorer.' And when his 90-year-old grandmother heard of the latest plan, she shouted, 'Oh, no, not again!'

He said, 'If Alicia doesn't finish, it's not a problem. She's got the rest of her life to do it. You've got to enjoy it. There's no other reason for doing adventure.'

What advice does he give his daughter? 'Take it easy,' he said.

Answer these questions:

1. Has Alicia been to the North Pole before?
2. Who is she going to walk with?
3. What has she been doing to prepare for the journey?
4. What has her father done in his exploring career?
5. What does he think about her trip? And what does he think her main problem will be?
6. How do Alicia's mother and great-grandmother feel about it?

READING 3

Faster than her father

By Nguyen Hoang Thuc Doan

Snow girl wins in Arctic

The teenage daughter of the well known polar explorer, David Hempleman-Adams, was celebrating yesterday. She's just become the youngest person to complete a route to the North Pole on foot.

'It was amazing.'

Alicia Hempleman-Adams said, 'We were walking up waterfalls and mountains, and across frozen lakes. It was amazing.'

Alicia has survived temperatures of -45°C and strong winds to finish the 200-mile walk in 10 days, two days quicker than planned. She has also finished the journey faster than her father did it!

How does she feel at the end of her Arctic adventure? 'It's a really good feeling. I'm glad we completed it. It's more of an achievement.'

I'm extremely proud.

But how does her father feel about her achievement?

Mr Hempleman-Adams said, 'I'm extremely proud, of course. I always wanted her to enjoy it. It has certainly given her a new maturity. I'm very proud - and a bit annoyed! She took a day less than I did - of course, she had much better skis than I had!'

Alicia is flying back to Britain today, as she is going back to school on Monday. She says she doesn't want to be an explorer, though. She would prefer to do something 'more arty' in the future!

Answer the questions

1. What has she been doing to prepare for the journey?
2. What has her father done in his exploring career?
3. What does her father think about her trip? And what does he think her main problem will be?

READING 4

Stelios Haji-Ioannou

The creator of easyjet airlines and the 'easy' brand

Stelios was born in Greece in 1967. He was educated in Athens and then studied economics at the London School of Economics. When he was only 17, he drove a Porsche.

He started his first business, a shipping company, when he was 25. He sold it in 2005 for \$1.3 billion. He now has a fortune worth at least £400 million.

Stelios is best-known for creating Easyjet, which he has been running since 1995. Easyjet is Europe's largest low-cost airline. It has over 100 jets which fly to more than forty destinations. In its lifetime, Easyjet has carried over 150 million passengers.

Over the years, Stelios has started several businesses -Internet cafes, travel, leisure, and personal finance.

Stelios supports various educational schemes. He has been helping students by giving them money to study at the London School of Economics since 2005. He has so far given the college over £2m.

Since 2004 he has been working with 100 employees in Camden, north London. He also works in Athens. He travels for about four months a year, because he is looking for new business ideas. His motto is 'The cheaper you can make something, the more people there are who can afford it.'

Answer the questions:

1. Where was Stelios born?
2. Where was he educated in?
3. What sort of car did he drive?
4. When did he sell a shipping company?
5. How long has he been running EasyJect?

6. How many people has EasyJect carried?
7. How does he support various educational schemes?
8. Why does he travel for about four months a year?

Answer the questions:

1. When was Stelios born?
2. What did he study at the London School of Economics?
3. How old was he when he started his first business, a shipping company?
4. How much did he sell a shipping company for?
5. What sort of businesses has Stelios started?
6. How long has he been helping students at the London School of Economics?
7. Where has he been working with workers?
8. What is his motto?

READING 5

Fish has been eaten in Britain, an island, for thousands of years. In the 17th century potatoes were brought from Latin America. However, it wasn't until the 19th century that a Mr Marlin had the idea of putting fish and potatoes together and making fish and chips. When he opened his fish and chip shop in London in 1860 it quickly became popular with working people who needed quick, filling meals.

By the 1920s there were 31,000 fish and chip shops in Britain, and although this number is now only 8,000, there are eight for every McDonald's. A recent study found that Britain's favourite fast food is still fish and chips. Second, third, and fourth positions went to pizza (Italian), duck (Chinese), and curry (Indian).

The traditional way to eat fish and chips is to buy them wrapped in paper and to eat them with salt and vinegar. Originally, they were wrapped in newspaper but most are sold in white paper now.

Write T (true) or False (F). Correct the false sentences.

1. Fish was eaten in Britain two thousand years ago.
2. Potatoes were exported to Latin America.
3. Chips were eaten in Britain in the 14th century.
4. The first fish and chip shop was opened by Mr McDonald.
5. The first fish and chip shop was opened in the 19th century.
6. There are more fish and chip shops in Britain now than in the 20th century.
7. There are more fish and chip shops than McDonald's in Britain.
8. Fish and chips are usually eaten from a plate.
9. Now they are not usually wrapped in newspaper.

10. Find a word in the text that means: enough (food) to stop you feeling hungry (adj.):

READING 6

The Girl Who Reads Aloud

by JIM YARDLEY

BEIJING - Most mornings, while a noisy queue of traffic is driving slowly down the Third Ring Road into the city centre, a girl called Ouyang Junying leaves her flat and stands beside the road. She turns away from the traffic, opens a book, and starts reading aloud.

It is one of the worst traffic jams in the city, but Ms Ouyang, 29, has been doing this every morning for nearly five years. She is studying English and believes that the noise helps her to concentrate.

It is also the reason why she has become a sort of celebrity. For thousands of motorists, she is 'The Girl Who Reads Aloud'. While she is reading, the rest of Beijing stares at her and wonders, 'Who is this young woman? How long has she been standing there? And why is she reading in such a terrible place?'

In Beijing, there are 15 million people living in very small flats, so there are lots of people in the city parks, doing everything from tai chi to ballroom dancing. But Ms Ouyang doesn't like the parks. 'If I study in a park, people always watch me and I don't feel comfortable. But if cars pass me in the street, I don't care,' she says.

Read the newspaper article and answer the questions.

1. Which road does Ouyang Junying live near to?
2. What has she been doing every morning for the last five years?
3. Why has she been doing this?
4. What name has she been given by the motorists?

5. How long has she been living in Beijing? Since 1995.
6. Why has she been studying English for so many years?
7. What has happened since the TV programme?
8. How has she been helping the architect?

Find words in the text which mean ...

1. a line of cars or people waiting to do something =
2. a lot of car moving very slowly =
3. to think carefully about what you are doing =
4. a famous person =
5. looks for a long time =

III. Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

1. How long you have been learning English?
2. She's living in Paris for two years
3. Have you known Bob since a long time?
4. She been working very hard lately.
5. I've started learning French three years ago.
6. Did you finish your homework yet?
7. He's Italian. He's coming from Naples.
8. Can you bring this glass of water to that man over there?
9. I told him to go back to home immediately.
10. We've just brought a new washing machine.

11. Where have you been staying when you went to Italy?
12. How long have you been having your mobile phone?
13. She works in a factory for most of her life.
14. He's done his homework all evening.
15. She only is six years old.
16. I love all fish, but I love especially salmon
17. I've seen her five minutes ago.
18. We are here since last Saturday
19. How long have you been knowing Wendy?
20. We didn't make coffee yet.
21. He is waiting to see the doctor since nine o'clock.
22. When have you bought your new car?
23. Mary isn't home. She's been to work.
24. I've run in the park, so I'm tired.
25. I've been running round the park three times.
26. They already had their dinner.
27. I've cooked all day.
28. I live in Venezuela for five years.
29. How long have you been knowing your best friend
30. When have you been arriving home last night?

31. They just have got married.
32. The girl started suddenly to cry.
33. How long you have been learning English?
34. She's living in Paris for two years
35. Have you known Bob since a long time?
36. She been working very hard lately.
37. I've started learning French three years ago.
38. Did you finish your homework yet?
39. He's Italian. He's coming from Naples.
40. Can you bring this glass of water to that man over there?
41. I told him to go back to home immediately.
42. We've just brought a new washing machine.
43. How long have you written that letter?
44. I'm exhausted! I've played tennis for hours.
45. Have you ever been flying to Scotland?
46. Oh, no! I've been losing my car keys.
47. Has the film been starting?
48. How long has she been having her car?
49. I've been breaking my leg.

IV. Order the words to make meaningful sentences.

1. A: phone / you / know / Do / my / is / where / ?

B: but / mine / No / use / you / can / want / you / if

2. A: Hello / that / Jenny / is / ?

B: she's / moment / out / at / afraid / I'm / the

3. A: you / have / me / a / look / at / Let /

B: you / a / sore / got / throat / Have / ?

4. A: so / could / eat / a / I'm / horse / hungry /!

B: sandwich / like / Would / a / you / ?

5. ever / you / to / Austria / been / have / ?

6. haircut / you / have / a / had / recently / ?

7. year / have / films / this / you / seen / what / ?

8. ever / plane / a / you / missed / have / ?

9. restaurant / eaten / a / you / have / in / week / this / ?

10. any / you / have / CDs / bought / month / this / ?

V. Write the sentences using the correct form of the passive,

1. 200 houses / build / last year

2. 4000 books / sell / this week

3. the post / deliver / 8.00 every morning

4. Mercedes cars / not make / Sweden

5. four people / arrest / during yesterday's football match

6. Buckingham Palace/open to the public/1995
7. the new bridge/not build/next year
8. a cure for malaria /just be find/scientists in Paris

VI. Translate into English or Vietnamese.

1. His back hurts because he's been digging the garden.
2. She's got paint on her clothes because she's been painting the bathroom.
3. He's got dirty hands because he's been mending his bicycle.
4. They have no money because they've been shopping.
5. They're tired because they've been playing tennis.
6. Her eyes hurt because she's been reading.
7. He's wet because he's been washing the dog.
8. He's got a red face because he's been cooking/baking.
9. Thanks for a lovely evening.
10. If I were you, I'd go.
11. It doesn't matter.
12. What a pity.
13. How do you do?
14. What seems to be the matter?
15. How can I help you?
16. See you later.

17. He's such a clever boy!
18. Who's calling, please?
19. His back hurts because he's been digging the garden.
20. She's got paint on her clothes because she's been painting the bathroom.
21. He's got dirty hands because he's been mending his bicycle.
22. They have no money because they've been shopping.
23. They're tired because they've been playing tennis.
24. Her eyes hurt because she's been /reading/working/ studying.
25. He's wet because he's been washing the dog.
26. He's got a red face because he's been cooking/baking.