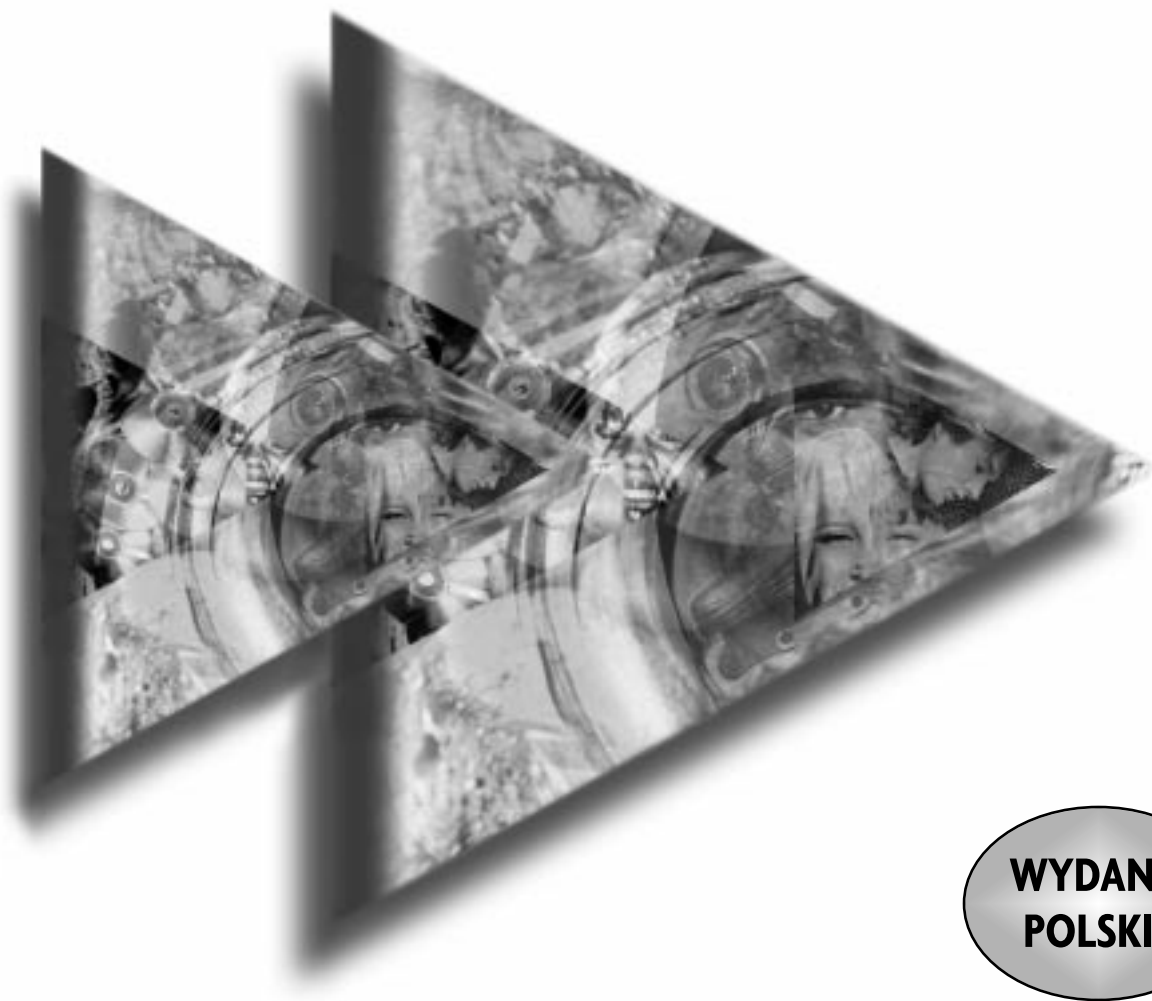


Elementary

Tests

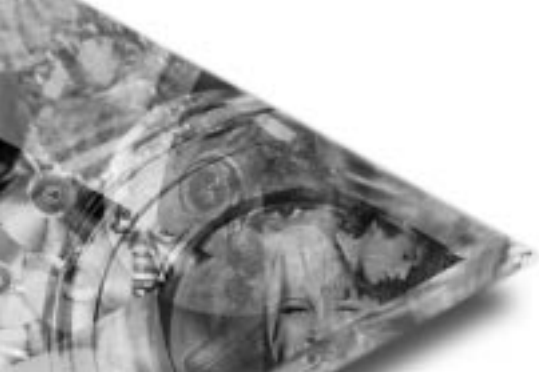
New
Headway
English Course

Amanda Maris



**WYDANIE
POLSKIE**

OXFORD



Zbiór testów do podręcznika New Headway Elementary

Wraz ze wzrostem liczby osób uczących się języka angielskiego rośnie zapotrzebowanie na nowoczesne testy oceniające efekty pracy uczniów i nauczycieli. Wprowadzenie różnych ćwiczeń sprawdzających kompetencje językowe uczniów na początkowym etapie nauczania pozwoli na gruntowne przygotowanie ich nie tylko do nowej matury ale i rozmaitych konkursów językowych, a także olimpiady języka angielskiego, czy popularnych egzaminów *First Certificate* oraz *Certificate of Advanced English*. Proponowany przez nas zbiór testów wraz z załączonymi kryteriami oceny z powodzeniem może być stosowany w każdej szkole, w której korzysta się z podręcznika *New Headway Elementary*. Liczba testów odpowiada liczbie rozdziałów w tym podręczniku. W przygotowaniu są podobne zbiory uzupełniające podręczniki *New Headway Pre-Intermediate* i *New Intermediate*. Główne cele testów:

- wprowadzenie materiałów pozwalających nauczycielom sprawnie ocenić postęp uczniów w zakresie rozwoju ich kompetencji językowych, które byłyby jednocześnie naturalnym uzupełnieniem każdego rozdziału;
- przygotowanie zbioru testów wzorowanych na testach obecnie stosowanych w konkursach i na egzaminach;
- wyrabianie u uczniów nawyku systematycznej oceny rozwoju własnych postępów w zakresie kompetencji językowych;
- umożliwienie nauczycielom wykorzystania proponowanych zadań jako wzorów w przygotowaniu nowych testów i kryteriów oceny.

Typy ćwiczeń

W teście do każdego rozdziału proponujemy ćwiczenia zamknięte i otwarte.

W ćwiczeniach zamkniętych za poprawną uznaje się tylko jedną odpowiedź, np. prawda/fałsz, co pozwala na szybkie ich sprawdzenie i obiektywną ocenę. W punktowaniu ćwiczeń otwartych lub częściowo otwartych konieczne jest rozważenie kilku aspektów poprawności językowej i należy oczekiwać kilku wersji poprawnych odpowiedzi. Różnorodność zadań pozwala na dokładne ustalenie zagadnień wymagających powtórzenia oraz umiejętności, w zakresie których wskazane są intensywniejsze ćwiczenia z całą klasą lub poszczególnymi uczniami.

Typy zadań zamieszczonych w kolejnych testach to: ćwiczenia sprawdzające rozumienie tekstu czytanego zawierające pytania typu prawda/fałsz; uzupełnienie dialogu zwrotami podanymi w formie testu wielokrotnego wyboru; ćwiczenia polegające na łączeniu elementów (słów, obrazków, pytań i odpowiedzi) w logiczne, gramatycznie poprawne związki; uzupełnienie wyrażen wymaganych konstrukcjami gramatycznymi; ćwiczenia polegające na zmianie kolejności elementów, liter w wyrazie czy słów w zdaniu.

Elementy ćwiczeń otwartych i zamkniętych łączone są w zadaniach wymagających przetłumaczenia ćwiczonych wcześniej zwrotów na język angielski oraz w wypowiedziach pisemnych ograniczonych podanymi strukturami lub zwrotami. W testach występują również zadania otwarte w formie swobodnych wypowiedzi pisemnych na zadany temat.

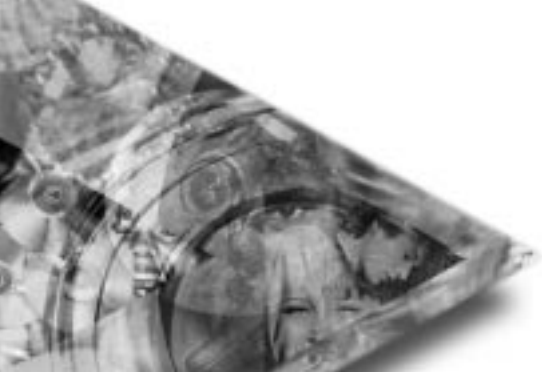
Na wykonanie każdego testu przewidziane jest 45 minut.

Punktacja i ocena

Do każdego ćwiczenia podana jest maksymalna ilość punktów. System ten pozwoli nauczycielowi na szczegółową analizę umiejętności uczniów na podstawie wyników cząstkowych. Suma punktów w całym teście daje ogólny obraz kompetencji językowych uzyskanych przez danego ucznia. W zadaniach otwartych lub częściowo otwartych podana punktacja uzależniona jest od wszystkich elementów języka sprawdzanych w danym ćwiczeniu. Przykładowo, za każde poprawnie przetłumaczone zdanie uczeń może otrzymać 4 punkty. Nauczyciel musi wziąć pod uwagę gramatyczną poprawność zdania (szyk wyrazów, właściwe formy czasowników, użycie czasowników posiłkowych, etc.), pisownię poszczególnych słów, zastosowanie odpowiednich zwrotów oraz treść zdania. Oceniając wyżej wymienione zagadnienia nauczyciel powinien pamiętać również o stopniu zaawansowania uczącego się.

W przypadku oceny swobodnej wypowiedzi pisemnej, poza wymienionymi już czynnikami, należy ocenić komunikatywność, zgodność z tematem, długość odpowiedzi, umiejętne zastosowanie zdań złożonych, oraz użycie właściwego stylu. Zamieszczona niżej tabelka zawiera elementy języka podlegające testowaniu i ma na celu ułatwić nauczycielowi ocenę zadania otwartego.

Zakres znajomości języka podlegający ocenie	Elementy języka oceniane w poszczególnych zakresach	Ocena
Pisownia i interpunkcja	Właściwe użycie wielkich liter, apostrofu, etc. Poprawna pisownia Poprawne zastosowanie znaków interpunkcyjnych	
Poprawność gramatyczna	Szyk wyrazów w zdaniu Formy czasownikowe Zastosowanie przedimków Użycie właściwych części mowy Użycie właściwych form przymiotników i przysłówków	
Słownictwo	Użycie odpowiednich wyrażen Bogactwo i różnorodność zastosowanych zwrotów Umiejętność stosowania synonimów	
Styl	Płynność, spójność, logiczny układ wypowiedzi Zachowanie równowagi w prezentacji opinii	
Wykonanie zadania zgodne z poleceniem	Użycie wymaganej liczby słów, zdań Oczekiwana długość i forma wypowiedzi Zgodność z tematem	
Ogólne wrażenia	Ogólne wrażenie oceniającego	



New Headway Elementary Test Booklet

Note to the teacher

This booklet contains

- **14 Unit Tests** which revise the corresponding unit in *New Headway Elementary Student's Book*. There are two versions (A and B) of each test. They cover the same material, but have been reorganized to allow easier administration of the tests in the classroom. Each test has a total score of 100.
- **An optional listening exercise** at the back of the book for each unit, using the recordings from the Student's Book.
- **An Answer key** for all the exercises.

These tests may be photocopied freely for classroom use. They may not be adapted, printed, or sold without the permission of Oxford University Press.



1

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write the names of the countries under the correct map.

Portugal	Italy	Germany	Japan	The United States
Brazil	Hungary	Spain	England	France



1 Portugal



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____

1 point for each correct answer

9

2 Complete the sentences with *my, your, his, her, its, our, or their*.

- I'm an actor. My job is very interesting.
- We have a dog. _____ name is Blackie.
- We live in a small village. _____ house is small and very pretty.
- My sister works in a theatre. She loves _____ job.
- You're a doctor. Do you like _____ work?
- My friends don't have much money. _____ lives are quite difficult.
- My friend is married to a Brazilian man. _____ name is Ricardo.

2 points for each correct answer

12

3 Match the questions with a correct answer a–i.

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b What's this in English? | a That's right. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> How do you spell your first name? | b It's a notebook. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Where's he from? | c J-U-L-I-A. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> What's his name? | d N-O-T-E-B-O-O-K. |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> How do you spell your surname? | e Portugal. |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> What's your name? | f OK. |
| | g Marta Lazzeri. |
| | h A-L-V-A-R-E-Z. |
| | i Felipe Gonzales. |

2 points for each correct answer 10**4 Write a or an.**

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1 <u>a</u> ticket | 7 ___ telephone |
| 2 <u>an</u> orange | 8 ___ ice-cream |
| 3 ___ car | 9 ___ student |
| 4 ___ newspaper | 10 ___ bag |
| 5 ___ house | 11 ___ apple |
| 6 ___ camera | |

1 point for each correct answer 9**5 Complete the text. Choose eight words from the box.**

from language hospital live have 'm is are
 want like country doctor in

My name's Margarita Sanchez and I'm a (1)_____ .
 I (2)_____ 35. I'm married and I (3)_____
 three children. They (4)_____ five, seven, and ten
 years old. I (5)_____ in a flat (6)_____
 Santander in the north of Spain. I (7)_____ to learn
 English because it's an international (8)_____ .

2 points for each correct answer 16**6 Complete the dialogues. Circle the correct answer.****A** Hello. My name's Angela. (1) _____ 's your name?**B** Kim.**A** Where (2) _____ from, Kim?**B** I'm from Kansas (3) _____ the United States.1 a How b Where c Are **(d) What**2 **(a) are you** b is he c are they d you are

3 a is b country c in d from

A Hello, Karl. (4) _____ are you?**B** (5) _____ , thank you. And you?**A** (6) _____ OK, thanks.

4 a What b Where c When d How

5 a Yes b Fine c Very good d Good

6 a I'm b am c She's d I

A This is a photo of my friends.**B** What (7) _____ their names?**A** Luisa, Hans and Gabi.**B** Where (8) _____ from?**A** Luisa (9) _____ from Italy and Hans and Gabi

(10) _____ from Germany.

7 a am b are c 's d is

8 a are b country c are they d they are

9 a are b am c 're d is

10 a are b is c am d 's

3 points for each correct answer 24**7 Write four sentences about yourself (your name, where you come from, where you live, what you do). Write about your family and explain why you want to learn English.**(5 points per sentence: 2 for grammatical accuracy, 2 for lexis and communication of message, 1 for spelling) 20TOTAL 100



1

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write the names of the countries under the correct map.

Portugal Italy Germany Japan The United States Brazil
Hungary Spain England France



1 Portugal



2 _____



3 _____



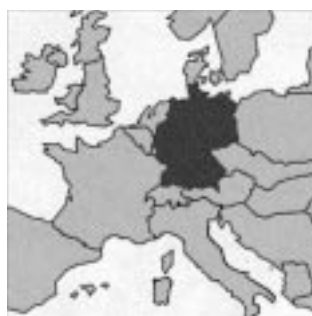
4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____

1 point for each correct answer

9

2 Complete the sentences with *my, your, his, her, its, our, or their*.

- I'm an actor. My job is very interesting.
- You're a doctor. Do you like _____ work?
- My friend is married to a Brazilian man. _____ name is Ricardo.
- My sister works in a theatre. She loves _____ job.
- We live in a small village. _____ house is small and very pretty.
- My friends don't have much money. _____ lives are quite difficult.
- We have a dog. _____ name is Blackie.

2 points for each correct answer

12

3 Write *a* or *an*.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1 <u>a</u> ticket | 4 ___ ice-cream |
| 2 <u>an</u> orange | 5 ___ car |
| 3 ___ camera | 6 ___ student |
| 7 ___ house | 10 ___ telephone |
| 8 ___ apple | 11 ___ bag |
| 9 ___ newspaper | |

1 point for each correct answer

 9**4** Match the questions and answers.

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b What's this in English? | a N-O-T-E-B-O-O-K. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> What's his name? | b OK. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> What's your name? | c That's right. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Where's he from? | d Marta Lazzeri. |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> How do you spell your first name? | e J-U-L-I-A. |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> How do you spell your surname? | f Felipe Gonzales. |
| | g It's a notebook. |
| | h Portugal. |
| | i A-L-V-A-R-E-Z. |

2 points for each correct answer

 10**5** Complete the dialogues. **Circle** the correct answer.**A** Hello. My name's Angela. (1) _____ 's your name?**B** Kim.**A** Where (2) _____ from, Kim?**B** I'm from Kansas (3) _____ the United States.1 a How b Where c Are **(d) What**2 a you are b are they c is he **(d) are you**

3 a from b in c country d is

A Hello, Karl. (4) _____ are you?**B** (5) _____, thank you. And you?**A** (6) _____ OK, thanks.

4 a How b When c Where d What

5 a Good b Yes c Fine d Very good

6 a I b She's c Am d I'm

A This is a photo of my friends.**B** What (7) _____ their names?**A** Luisa, Hans and Gabi.**B** Where (8) _____ from?**A** Luisa (9) _____ from Italy and Hans and Gabi (10) _____ from Germany.

7 a is b 's c are d am

8 a they are b are they c country d are

9 a is b 're c am d are

10 a 's b am c is d are

3 points for each correct answer

 24**6** Complete the text. Choose eight words from the box.

doctor have hospital live 'm are want from
is like language country in

My name's Margarita Sanchez and I'm a (1)_____.
I (2)_____ 35. I'm married and I (3)_____
three children. They (4)_____ five, seven, and ten
years old. I (5)_____ in a flat (6)_____
Santander in the north of Spain. I (7)_____ to learn
English because it's an international (8)_____.

2 points for each correct answer

 16**7** Write four sentences about yourself (your name, where you come from, where you live, what you do). Write about your family and explain why you want to learn English.

(5 points per sentence: 2 for grammatical accuracy,
2 for lexis and communication of message, 1 for spelling)

 20

TOTAL

 100



2

Test A

NAME: _____

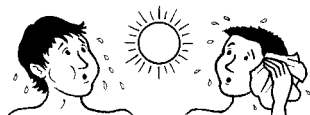
Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write a sentence for each picture. Use a word from the box.

big	hot	easy	old	lovely	new	difficult	cold
old	horrible	small	young				



1 It's big.



2 They're hot.



3 _____



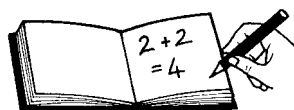
4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



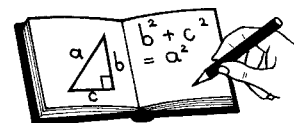
9 _____



10 _____



11 _____

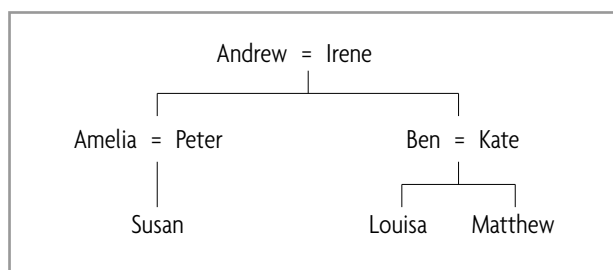


12 _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Look at the family tree and complete the sentences.



- Andrew is Irene's husband.
- Louisa and Matthew are Ben and Kate's children.
- Matthew _____ Louisa's _____.
- Amelia _____ wife.
- Louisa _____ sister.
- Andrew _____ Susan's _____.
- Louisa _____ Ben and Kate's _____.

2 points for each correct answer

10

3 Read the information about James. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

My brother's name is James. He's thirty-four and he's married. His wife's name is Liz. She's thirty-two and she's an engineer. James is a dentist. They have two children. Their daughter, Helen, is seven and their son, Sam, is four.

- James is married. _____
- Liz is James's wife. _____
- Liz is thirty-four. _____
- James and Liz have two daughters. _____
- Helen's brother is four. _____

1 point for each correct answer

5

4 Complete the text with *in, with, at, on, or of*.

I live (1) _____ London. My house is (2) _____ the centre (3) _____ the city. I work for an international firm. I'm (4) _____ work now. My husband, Dave, is a teacher. Our children go to his school. He's (5) _____ school now (6) _____ our children. They are (7) _____ class five but Dave isn't their teacher. My parents are (8) _____ holiday (9) _____ Paris now. We have a photo (10) _____ the Eiffel Tower from them. They like Paris very much.

2 points for each correct answer

 20**5** Complete the dialogue. Choose five words from the box.

Here price Anything Where pounds What want eat glass have pound cup
--

- A** Good morning.
B Morning.
A Can I (1) _____ a ham salad, please?
B (2) _____ to drink?
A Yes, a (3) _____ of coffee, please.
B (4) _____ you are.
A Thanks. How much is that?
B Three (5) _____ seventy-five, please.
A Thanks.

2 points for each correct answer

 10**6** Complete the interview. **Circle** the correct answer.

- A** Hello. (1) _____ are you?
B Fine, thanks.
A (2) _____ your surname?
B Evans.
A And your first name?
B Anne.
A Where (3) _____ from?
B Scotland.
A (4) _____ your address?
B 112 George Street, Glasgow.
A What's your job?
B (5) _____ a teacher.
A How old (6) _____ ?
B I'm twenty-nine.
A And (7) _____ married?
B Yes, I am, and I have two children.

A Is your husband from Scotland, too?**B** No, (8) _____. He's Welsh.**A** Where (9) _____ from?**B** Swansea.**A** How old (10) _____ your children?**B** Seven and five.**A** (11) _____ boys or girls?**B** Both boys.**A** OK. Thank you very much.1 **a** How **b** Where **c** Who **d** What2 **a** What's **b** Who's **c** How's **d** Is3 **a** do you **b** are you **c** are **d** live4 **a** Where's **b** How much **c** What's **d** Who's5 **a** I do **b** I'm **c** I can **d** Am6 **a** have you **b** years **c** do you **d** are you7 **a** do you **b** are you **c** are **d** you are8 **a** he isn't **b** he is **c** we aren't **d** I'm not9 **a** he is **b** are you **c** is she **d** is he10 **a** are **b** have **c** is **d** am11 **a** They're **b** Is he **c** Are they **d** They aren't

3 points for each correct answer

 30**7** Write sentences about someone you know and his/her family of at least four people (their names, their relationship, what they do, how old the children are). Try and use at least one possessive 's.

Begin:

This is . . .

(5 points for communication of message, 5 for grammatical accuracy, 5 for lexis, link words, and spelling)

 15

TOTAL

 100



2

Test B

NAME: _____

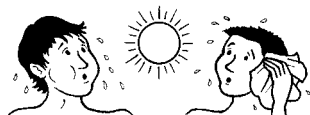
Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write a sentence for each picture. Use a word from the box.

big hot easy old lovely new difficult cold
old horrible small young



1 It's big.



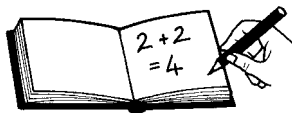
2 They're hot.



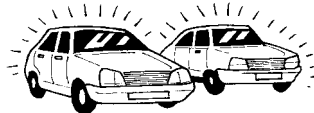
3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



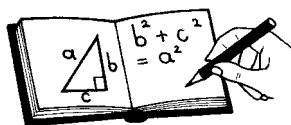
7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____



11 _____



12 _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Read the information about James. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

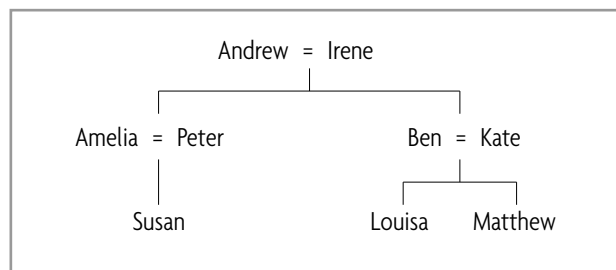
My brother's name is James. He's thirty-four and he's married. His wife's name is Liz. She's thirty-two and she's an engineer. James is a dentist. They have two children. Their daughter, Helen, is seven and their son, Sam, is four.

- 1 James is married. _____
- 2 Liz is James's wife. _____
- 3 Liz is thirty-four. _____
- 4 James and Liz have two daughters. _____
- 5 Helen's brother is four. _____

1 point for each correct answer

5

3 Look at the family tree and complete the sentences.



- 1 Andrew is Irene's husband.
- 2 Louisa and Matthew are Ben and Kate's children.
- 3 Louisa _____ sister.
- 4 Louisa _____ Ben and Kate's _____.
- 5 Amelia _____ wife.
- 6 Matthew _____ Louisa's _____.
- 7 Andrew _____ Susan's _____.

2 points for each correct answer

10

4 Complete the interview. **Circle** the correct answer.

- A** Hello. (1) ___ are you?
B Fine, thanks.
A (2) ___ your surname?
B Evans.
A And your first name?
B Anne.
A Where (3) ___ from?
B Scotland.
A (4) ___ your address?
B 112 George Street, Glasgow.
A What's your job?
B (5) ___ a teacher.
A How old (6) ___ ?
B I'm twenty-nine.
A And (7) ___ married?
B Yes, I am, and I have two children.
A Is your husband from Scotland, too?
B No, (8) ___ . He's Welsh.
A Where (9) ___ from?
B Swansea.
A How old (10) ___ your children?
B Seven and five.
A (11) ___ boys or girls?
B Both boys.
A OK. Thank you very much.

- 1 (a) How b Where c Who d What
 2 a Is b How's c Who's d What's
 3 a live b are c are you d do you
 4 a Who's b How's c What's d Where's
 5 a Am b I can c I'm d I do
 6 a are you b do you c years d have you
 7 a you are b are c are you d do you
 8 a I'm not b he isn't c he is d we aren't
 9 a is he b is she c are you d he is
 10 a am b is c have d are
 11 a Is it b Are they c Is he d They're

3 points for each correct answer

	30
--	----

5 Complete the text with *in, with, at, on, or of*.

I live (1) ___ London. My house is (2) ___ the centre
 (3) ___ the city. I work for an international firm. I'm
 (4) ___ work now. My husband, Dave, is a teacher.
 Our children go to his school. He's (5) ___ school now (6)
 ___ our children. They are (7) ___ class five but Dave
 isn't their teacher. My parents are (8) ___ holiday (9) ___
 Paris now. We have a photo (10) ___ the Eiffel Tower
 from them. They like Paris very much.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

6 Complete the dialogue. Choose five words from the box.

Here	price	Anything	Where	pounds	What	want
eat	glass	have	pound	cup		

- A** Good morning.
B Morning.
A Can I (1) _____ a ham salad, please?
B (2) _____ to drink?
A Yes, a (3) _____ of coffee, please.
B (4) _____ you are.
A Thanks. How much is that?
B Three (5) _____ seventy-five, please.
A Thanks.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

7 Write sentences about someone you know and his/her family of at least four people (their names, their relationship, what they do, how old the children are). Try and use at least one possessive 's.

Begin:

This is . . .

(5 points for communication of message, 5 for grammatical accuracy, 5 for lexis, link words, and spelling)

	15
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



3

Test A

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the sentences with the names of the jobs from the box.

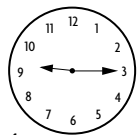
barman postman receptionist interpreter pilot
accountant shopkeeper nurse architect journalist

- 1 A _____ delivers letters.
- 2 A _____ sells things.
- 3 An _____ looks after money.
- 4 A _____ serves drinks.
- 5 A _____ gives people information.
- 6 An _____ designs buildings.
- 7 A _____ flies to different countries.
- 8 A _____ looks after people in hospital.
- 9 A _____ writes for a newspaper.
- 10 An _____ translates from one language to another.

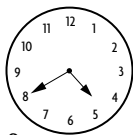
1 point for each correct answer

10

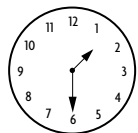
2 Write the times.



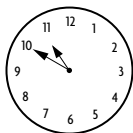
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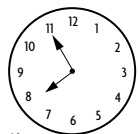
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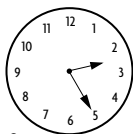
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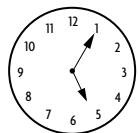
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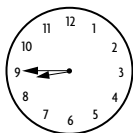
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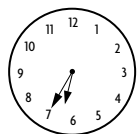
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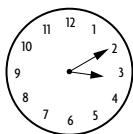
7



8



9



10

2 points for each correct answer

20

3 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

THE LONG-DISTANCE TEACHER

Mr Frank Garret, 65, is a schoolteacher. He is English, but he lives in France, in the village of Yerville. Mr Garret lives in France, but he works in England.

Every Monday he leaves home at 2.30 in the morning and drives 101 miles from his village to Boulogne, where he leaves his car and goes by boat to England. He teaches French from 9.00 in the morning to 3.30 in the afternoon, and then he leaves school. He arrives home at 9.30 in the evening. The journey there and back isn't expensive.

Mr Garret works in England only one day a week.

And what does he do on the other days? He teaches English! He has a class of French students in Yerville.

He says, 'I love my job in England and I love my home in France. I'm a happy man.'

- 1 Mr Garret is 65 years old. _____
- 2 Mr Garret is French. _____
- 3 Mr Garret has a house in France. _____
- 4 Mr Garret goes by bus to Boulogne. _____
- 5 Mr Garret learns French in England. _____
- 6 Mr Garret leaves school at 9.30. _____
- 7 Mr Garret's journey is cheap. _____
- 8 Mr Garret works in France one day a week. _____
- 9 Mr Garret teaches French in Yerville. _____
- 10 Mr Garret likes working in England and living in France. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from the box.

fly play live teach have speak drink give

- 1 My sister works in France. She _____ English in Paris.
- 2 He _____ breakfast at half past seven.
- 3 My son _____ tennis every week.
- 4 My friend _____ three languages.
- 5 My sister is a flight attendant. She _____ to hundreds of cities.

2 points for each correct answer

10

5 Make the sentences negative.

- 1 Keiko works at weekends.
Keiko doesn't work at weekends. _____
- 2 My brother wears a uniform at work.

- 3 He goes to the supermarket every day.

- 4 Barbara drives to work.

- 5 He has a lot of free time in the evenings.

- 6 She watches TV every morning.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

6 Write questions.

- 1 He works for IBM.
Does he work for IBM? _____
- 2 She comes from Manchester.

- 3 He goes swimming every week.

- 4 Diane goes to school by bus.

- 5 She travels a lot.

- 6 Peter lives near the centre.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

7 Write questions.

- 1 Where / John / come from?
Where does John come from? _____
- 2 Where / Alison / learn Japanese?

- 3 What / your husband / do?

- 4 How much / this book / cost?

- 5 What time / Mark / leave in the mornings?

- 6 How many children / your sister / have?

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

8 Circle the correct word in each sentence.

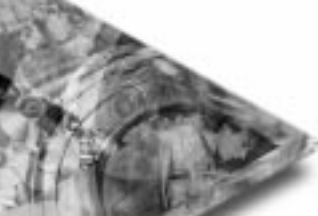
- 1 My mother looks after / with old people.
- 2 Does he work in / for an office?
- 3 Simon likes living at / in a big city.
- 4 My friend lives on / in an island.
- 5 She goes walking at / in summer.
- 6 We have supper on / in the evening.
- 7 My wife likes going for / to walks.
- 8 My Dad plays golf for / in his free time.
- 9 My sister is married to / with an actor.
- 10 He delivers beer to / at the pub.
- 11 My brother goes to France on / by boat.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

TOTAL

	100
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3

Test B

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

THE LONG-DISTANCE TEACHER

Mr Frank Garret, 65, is a schoolteacher. He is English, but he lives in France, in the village of Yerville. Mr Garret lives in France, but he works in England.

Every Monday he leaves home at 2.30 in the morning and drives 101 miles from his village to Boulogne, where he leaves his car and goes by boat to England. He teaches French from 9.00 in the morning to 3.30 in the afternoon, and then he leaves school. He arrives home at 9.30 in the evening. The journey there and back isn't expensive.

Mr Garret works in England only one day a week.

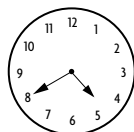
And what does he do on the other days? He teaches English! He has a class of French students in Yerville.

He says, 'I love my job in England and I love my home in France. I'm a happy man.'

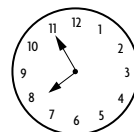
- 1 Mr Garret is 65 years old. _____
- 2 Mr Garret is French. _____
- 3 Mr Garret has a house in France. _____
- 4 Mr Garret goes by bus to Boulogne. _____
- 5 Mr Garret learns French in England. _____
- 6 Mr Garret leaves school at 9.30. _____
- 7 Mr Garret's journey is cheap. _____
- 8 Mr Garret works in France one day a week. _____
- 9 Mr Garret teaches French in Yerville. _____
- 10 Mr Garret likes working in England and living in France. _____

1 point for each correct answer

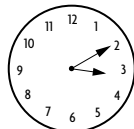
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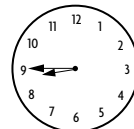
7



8



9



10

2 points for each correct answer

20

3 Complete the sentences with the names of the jobs from the box.

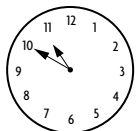
barman postman receptionist interpreter pilot
accountant shopkeeper nurse architect journalist

- 1 A _____ serves drinks.
- 2 An _____ designs buildings.
- 3 A _____ delivers letters.
- 4 A _____ flies to different countries.
- 5 An _____ looks after money.
- 6 A _____ writes for a newspaper.
- 7 A _____ sells things.
- 8 A _____ gives people information.
- 9 An _____ translates from one language to another.
- 10 A _____ looks after people in hospital.

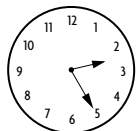
1 point for each correct answer

10

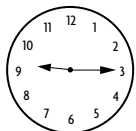
2 Write the times.



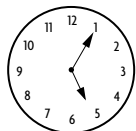
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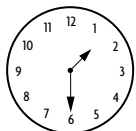
2



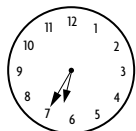
3



4



5



6

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from the box.

fly play live teach have speak drink give

- 1 My son _____ tennis every week.
- 2 My sister is a flight attendant. She _____ to hundreds of cities.
- 3 He _____ breakfast at half past seven.
- 4 My sister works in France. She _____ English in Paris.
- 5 My friend _____ three languages.

2 points for each correct answer

10

5 Write questions.

1 He works for IBM.

Does he work for IBM? _____

2 Diane goes to school by bus.

3 Peter lives near the centre.

4 He goes swimming every week.

5 She comes from Manchester.

6 She travels a lot.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

6 Make the sentences negative.

1 Keiko works at weekends.

Keiko doesn't work at weekends. _____

2 Barbara drives to work.

3 She watches TV every morning.

4 He goes to the supermarket every day.

5 My brother wears a uniform at work.

6 He has a lot of free time in the evenings.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

7 Circle the correct word in each sentence.1 My mother looks after / with old people.

2 She goes walking at / in summer.

3 My wife likes going for / to walks.

4 Does he work in / for an office?

5 My Dad plays golf for / in his free time.

6 My friend lives on / in an island.

7 He delivers beer to / at the pub.

8 Simon likes living at / in a big city.

9 We have supper on / in the evening.

10 My brother goes to France on / by boat.

11 My sister is married to / with an actor.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

8 Write questions.

1 Where/John/come from?

Where does John come from? _____

2 How much/this book/cost?

3 How many children/your sister/have?

4 What/your husband/do?

5 Where/Alison/learn Japanese?

6 What time/Mark/leave in the mornings?

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



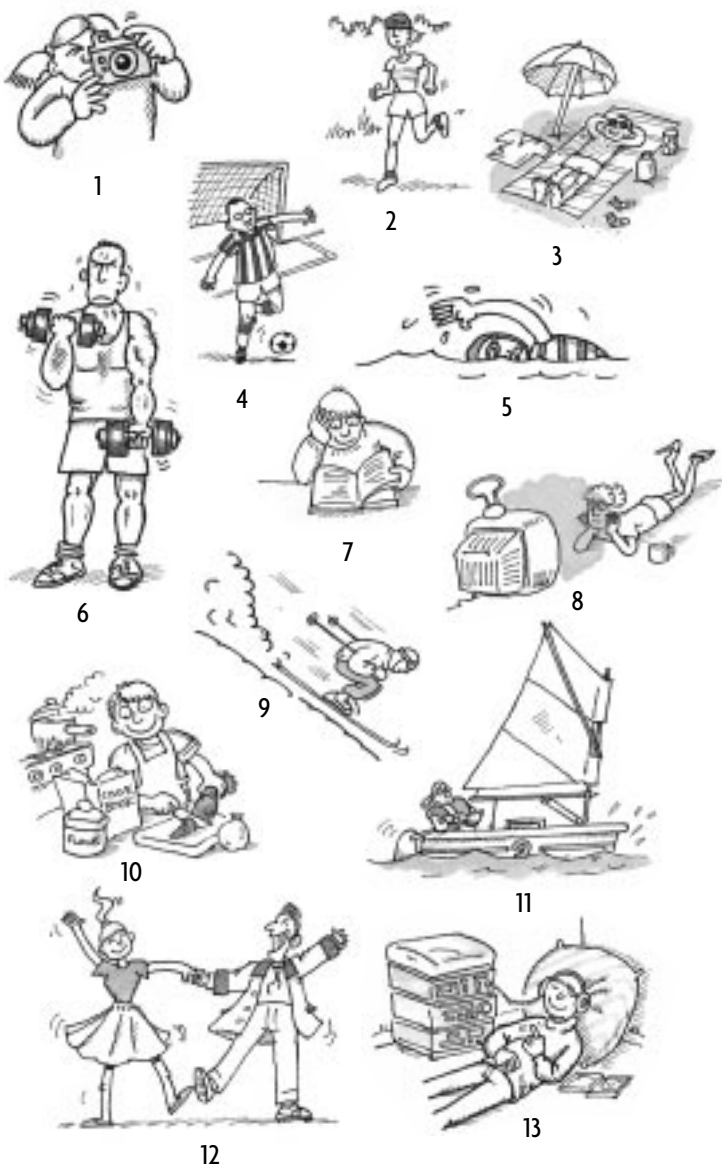
4

Test A

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the pictures to the activities.



- a dancing
- b jogging
- c skiing
- d playing football
- e taking photographs
- f cooking
- g sunbathing
- h sailing
- i swimming
- j going to the gym
- k listening to music
- l watching TV
- m reading

2 points for each correct answer

	26
--	----

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

MANUELA DA SILVA FROM PORTUGAL

People think it's always warm and sunny in Portugal, but January and February are often cold, wet, and grey. I don't like winter. I usually meet friends in restaurants and bars and we chat. Sometimes we go to a Brazilian bar. I love Brazilian music. But then suddenly it's summer and at weekends we drive to the beach, sunbathe, and go swimming. I love summer.

- 1 Manuela is from Brazil.
- 2 The weather is always warm and sunny in Portugal.
- 3 Manuela goes to bars with her friends when it's cold and grey.
- 4 Manuela goes to a Brazilian bar in summer.
- 5 Manuela goes swimming in summer.
- 6 Manuela doesn't like winter but she likes summer.

1 point for each correct answer

	5
--	---

3 Circle the correct word in each sentence.

- 1 I don't like reading / read much.
- 2 He likes take / taking photographs of his family.
- 3 I like / liking playing football.
- 4 We like go / going swimming in summer.
- 5 She loves sunbathe / sunbathing on the beach.
- 6 They go / going walking in winter.

1 point for each correct answer

	5
--	---

4 Complete the dialogues. Choose words from the box.

I'm sorry That's OK Pardon Excuse me It doesn't matter
--

- A** (1) _____ .
- B** Yes?
- A** Do you have a pen?
- B** (2) _____ , I don't.
- A** (3) _____ .
- A** I'm sorry I'm late.
- B** (4) _____ ?
- A** I'm sorry I'm late.
- B** (5) _____ . Come in.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from the box.

write	watch	talk	relax	read	meet	see	go	get
up	make							

- 1 They _____ a lot of interesting people in their work.
- 2 My mother _____ on Sundays because she's tired.
- 3 We _____ to bed early on Sundays.
- 4 My brother _____ videos at weekends.
- 5 I _____ the newspaper every morning.

1 point for each correct answer

	5
--	---

6 Make the sentences negative.

- 1 I start work early on Tuesdays.
I don't start work early on Tuesdays.
- 2 Carol does her homework every evening.

- 3 We go to the beach in summer.

- 4 He stays in bed late on Sundays.

- 5 They smoke a lot.

- 6 I write articles for newspapers.

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

7 Write questions.

- 1 What time / you / get up?
What time do you get up?
- 2 How many languages / he / speak?

- 3 Where / your friends / come from?

- 4 she / work / eight hours a day?

5 Where / you / go / in summer?
_____**6** you / see / your family / very often?

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

8 Write short answers to the questions.

- 1 Does he eat meat?
Yes, he does.
- 2 Do they want a drink?
No, _____.
- 3 Do you go shopping every day?
No, _____.
- 4 Does she cook very often?
No, _____.
- 5 Do you live with your parents?
Yes, _____.
- 6 Does he speak Italian?
Yes, _____.

1 point for each correct answer

	5
--	---

9 Write sentences about you and a friend. Write about three things that you do together and three things that one does but the other doesn't. Try to use:

both a lot sometimes usually

(4 points per item: 1 for grammatical accuracy, 1 for lexis, 1 for use of both, a lot, sometimes, usually, 1 for spelling)

	24
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



4

Test B

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

MANUELA DA SILVA FROM PORTUGAL

People think it's always warm and sunny in Portugal, but January and February are often cold, wet, and grey. I don't like winter. I usually meet friends in restaurants and bars and we chat. Sometimes we go to a Brazilian bar. I love Brazilian music. But then suddenly it's summer and at weekends we drive to the beach, sunbathe, and go swimming. I love summer.

- 1 Manuela is from Brazil. x
- 2 Manuela goes swimming in summer. _____
- 3 Manuela goes to a Brazilian bar in summer. _____
- 4 Manuela goes to bars with her friends when it's cold and grey. _____
- 5 Manuela doesn't like winter but she likes summer. _____
- 6 The weather is always warm and sunny in Portugal. _____

1 point for each correct answer

5

2 Make the sentences negative.

- 1 I start work early on Tuesdays.
I don't start work early on Tuesdays.
- 2 He stays in bed late on Sundays.

- 3 I write articles for newspapers.

- 4 We go to the beach in summer.

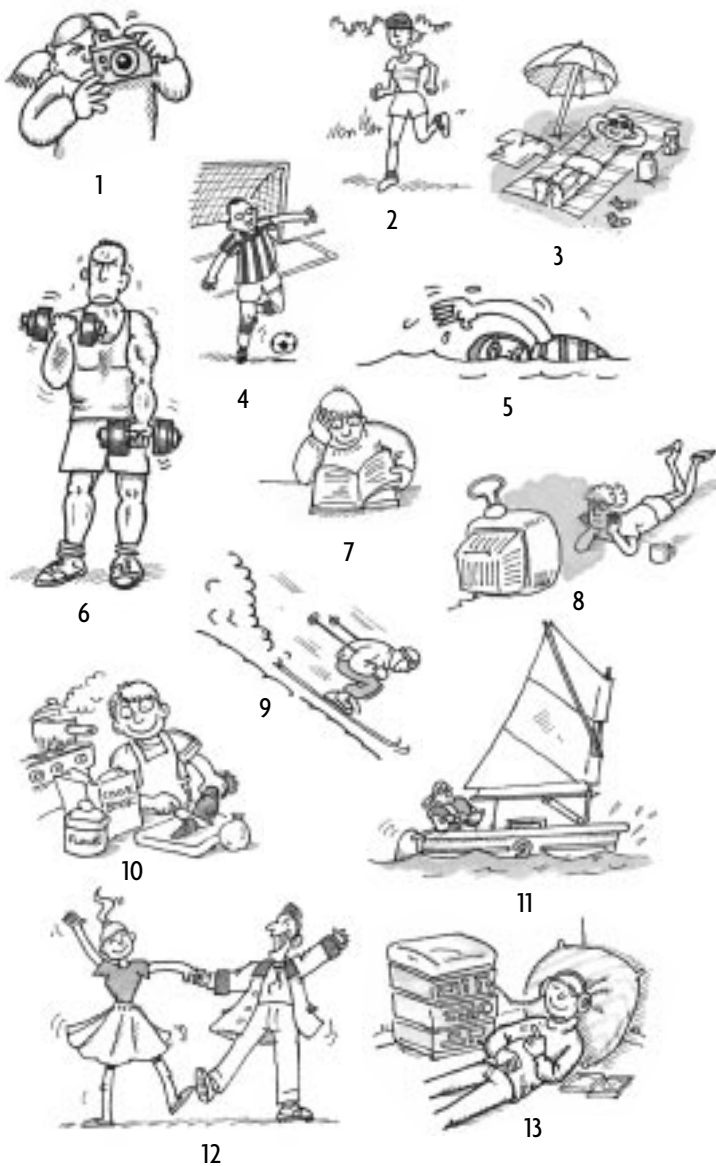
- 5 Carol does her homework every evening.

- 6 They smoke a lot.

2 points for each correct answer

10

3 Match the pictures to the activities.



- a playing football
- h taking photographs
- b cooking
- i reading
- c dancing
- j sailing
- d sunbathing
- k going to the gym
- e skiing
- l listening to music
- f watching TV
- m swimming
- g jogging

2 points for each correct answer

26

4 Circle the correct word in each sentence.

- 1 I don't like reading / read much.
- 2 We like go / going swimming in summer.
- 3 They go / going walking in winter.
- 4 I like / liking playing football.
- 5 He likes take / taking photographs of his family.
- 6 She loves sunbathe / sunbathing on the beach.

1 point for each correct answer

 5**5** Complete the dialogues. Choose words from the box.

I'm sorry	That's OK	Pardon	Excuse me	It doesn't matter
-----------	-----------	--------	-----------	-------------------

- A** I'm sorry I'm late.
B (1) _____ ?
A I'm sorry I'm late.
B (2) _____ . Come in.
A (3) _____ .
B Yes?
A Do you have a pen?
B (4) _____ , I don't.
A (5) _____ .

2 points for each correct answer

 10**6** Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb from the box.

write	watch	talk	relax	read	meet	see	go	get up	make
-------	-------	------	-------	------	------	-----	----	--------	------

- 1 We _____ to bed early on Sundays.
- 2 I _____ the newspaper every morning.
- 3 My mother _____ on Sundays because she's tired.
- 4 They _____ a lot of interesting people in their work.
- 5 My brother _____ videos at weekends.

1 point for each correct answer

 5**7** Write short answers to the questions.

- 1 Does he eat meat?
Yes, he does.
- 2 Does she cook very often?
No, _____.
- 3 Does he speak Italian?
Yes, _____.
- 4 Do you go shopping every day?
No, _____.
- 5 Do they want a drink?
No, _____.
- 6 Do you live with your parents?
Yes, _____.

1 point for each correct answer

 5**8** Write questions.

- 1 What time / you / get up?
What time do you get up?
- 2 she / work / eight hours a day?

- 3 you / see / your family / very often?

- 4 Where / your friends / come from?

- 5 How many languages / he / speak?

- 6 Where / you / go / in summer?

2 points for each correct answer

 10**9** Write sentences about you and a friend. Write about three things that you do together and three things that one does but the other doesn't. Try to use:

both a lot sometimes usually

(4 points per item: 1 for grammatical accuracy, 1 for lexis, 1 for use of both, a lot, sometimes, usually, 1 for spelling)

 24

TOTAL

 100

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the definitions to the objects.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> It makes the living room warm. | a an armchair |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> You can sit on it. | b a telephone |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> You can see yourself in it. | c a stereo |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> It's lovely and you look at it. | d a fire |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> Two or three people can sit together on it. | e a mirror |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> You use it when you talk to your friends. | f a table |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> You use it when you listen to music. | g a sofa |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> You can put things on it. | h a picture |

1 point for each correct answer

8

2 Look at the pictures. Circle the correct preposition in each sentence.



1 The pictures are in / on the wall.



2 The bank is next to / under the supermarket.



3 The photo is in / on the television.



4 The bus stop is next to / in front of the bookshop.



5 The lamp is next to / on the sofa.



6 The post box is next to / in front of the chemist's.

2 points for each correct answer

10

3 Look at the picture. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?



- 1 There's a person in the office. _____
- 2 There's a computer on the desk. _____
- 3 There isn't a telephone. _____
- 4 There are some flowers in the office. _____
- 5 There's a picture on the wall. _____
- 6 There aren't any pens on the desk. _____
- 7 There's a bag next to the desk. _____
- 8 There's a chair under the desk. _____
- 9 There's a newspaper in the bag. _____
- 10 There are some magazines on the desk. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Complete the sentences with *and*, *but*, *so*, or *because*.

- 1 I like coffee _____ my husband likes tea.
- 2 My house is old _____ it's very small, too.
- 3 We like our garden _____ it has lots of flowers.
- 4 Jack lives near the sea _____ he often goes swimming.
- 5 I live in a village, _____ I work in a city.
- 6 London is very big _____ it's very exciting.
- 7 I don't like winter _____ it's cold.
- 8 We have an armchair _____ a sofa in this room.

2 points for each correct answer

16

5 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

- A** (1) *Help / Excuse me!* Is there an Indian restaurant in this town?
B Yes, there's (2) *an / one* in Queen Street.
 (3) *Take / Go* the first left and then the second right.
A Is it (4) *far / next*?
B No. Just five minutes from here.

2 points for each correct answer

 8

10 a some b the c a d any

11 a Is there b There's c There are d Are there

12 a there's b there isn't c there are d there is

2 points for each correct answer

 22**7** Describe your sitting room. Write about at least eight things, saying what is/isn't in there, and what your family does in that room. Try and use prepositions.

(6 points for general description, 5 for grammar, 5 for lexis, 5 for use of prepositions, 5 for communication of message)

 26**6** Complete the conversation. Circle the correct answer.

- A** (1) ___ 's your name?
B Frances.
A Where do you live?
B I live in Highville, a town in the south of England.
A How many people live in Highville?
B About twenty thousand. The town is quite small.
A What do people do in the evenings and in their free time?
B (2) ___ lots of pubs where people meet their friends.
 (3) ___ also a very good sports centre for tennis, squash, and swimming.
A (4) ___ (5) ___ good restaurants?
B Yes, (6) ___. The Italian restaurant in the High Street is very good and I go to the Chinese restaurant quite often, too.
A Do you like living in Highville?
B Yes, I do. There are (7) ___ beautiful buildings in Highville and the people are very friendly.
A What don't you like about it?
B Well, I love going to the theatre and I love shopping, but (8) ___ a theatre in Highville and (9) ___ (10) ___ good shops.
A (11) ___ a cinema?
B Yes, (12) ___, but I don't like going to the cinema much.

1 a How b Where c Are (d) What

2 a Are there b There are c There's d Is there

3 a There are b Is there c Are there d There's

4 a Are there b Is there c There are d There's

5 a the b any c a d some

6 a are there b there is c there are d there's

7 a any b a c a lot of d some

8 a there aren't b it isn't c there isn't d there's

9 a there isn't b there aren't

c they don't d they aren't

TOTAL

 100



5

Test B

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Look at the pictures. **Circle** the correct preposition in each sentence.



1 The pictures are *in / on* the wall.

2 The bus stop is *next to / in front of* the bookshop.



3 The post box is *next to / in front of* the chemist's.



4 The photo is *in / on* the television.



5 The bank is *next to / under* the supermarket.



6 The lamp is *next to / on* the sofa.

2 points for each correct answer

10

2 Look at the picture. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

1 point for each correct answer

8



- 1 There are some flowers in the office. _____
- 2 There aren't any pens on the desk. _____
- 3 There's a person in the office. _____
- 4 There's a bag next to the desk. _____
- 5 There isn't a telephone. _____
- 6 There's a newspaper in the bag. _____
- 7 There's a computer on the desk. _____
- 8 There's a picture on the wall. _____
- 9 There are some magazines on the desk. _____
- 10 There's a chair under the desk. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

3 Match the definitions to the objects.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> It's lovely and you look at it. | a an armchair |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> You use it when you talk to your friends. | b a telephone |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> It makes the living room warm. | c a stereo |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> You use it when you listen to music. | d a fire |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> You can see yourself in it. | e a mirror |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> You can put things on it. | f a table |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> You can sit on it. | g a sofa |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Two or three people can sit together on it. | h a picture |

4 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.

- A (1) ___ 's your name?
 B Frances.
 A Where do you live?
 B I live in Highville, a town in the south of England.
 A How many people live in Highville?
 B About twenty thousand. The town is quite small.
 A What do people do in the evenings and in their free time?
 B (2) ___ lots of pubs where people meet their friends.
 (3) ___ also a very good sports centre for tennis, squash, and swimming.
 A (4) ___ (5) ___ good restaurants?

B Yes, (6) ____ . The Italian restaurant in the High Street is very good and I go to the Chinese restaurant quite often, too.

A Do you like living in Highville?

B Yes, I do. There are (7) ____ beautiful buildings in Highville and the people are very friendly.

A What don't you like about it?

B Well, I love going to the theatre and I love shopping, but (8) ____ a theatre in Highville and (9)____ (10) ____ good shops.

A (11) ____ a cinema?

B Yes, (12) ____ , but I don't like going to the cinema much.

1 a How b Where c Are **(d) What**

2 a Is there b There's c There are d Are there

3 a There's b Are there c Is there d There are

4 a There's b There are c Is there d Are there

5 a some b a c any d the

6 a there's b there are c there is d are there

7 a some b a lot of c a d any

8 a there's b there isn't c it isn't d there aren't

9 a they aren't b they don't
c there aren't d there isn't

10 a any b a c the d some

11 a Are there b There are c There's d Is there

12 a there is b there are c there isn't d there's

2 points for each correct answer

6 Complete the sentences with *and*, *but*, *so*, or *because*.

1 Jack lives near the sea _____ he often goes swimming.

2 London is very big _____ it's very exciting.

3 I like coffee _____ my husband likes tea.

4 I don't like winter _____ it's cold.

5 We like our garden _____ it has lots of flowers.

6 We have an armchair _____ a sofa in this room.

7 My house is old _____ it's very small, too.

8 I live in a village, _____ I work in a city.

2 points for each correct answer

7 Describe your sitting room. Write about at least eight things, saying what is/isn't in there, and what your family does in that room. Try and use prepositions.

(6 points for general description, 5 for grammar, 5 for lexis, 5 for use of prepositions, 5 for communication of message)

TOTAL

5 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

A (1) *Help / Excuse me!* Is there an Indian restaurant in this town?

B Yes, there's (2) *an / one* in Queen Street.

(3) *Take / Go* the first left and then the second right.

A Is it (4) *far / next* ?

B No. Just five minutes from here.

2 points for each correct answer



6

Test A

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the verbs and nouns.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> e play | a a computer |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> drive | b a bike |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> spell | c chess |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> ride | d your name |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> speak | e the piano |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> play | f poetry |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> program | g Italian food |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> cook | h a car |
| 9 <input type="checkbox"/> write | i Japanese |

1 point for each correct answer

8

2 Write sentences.

- I / speak / when / two
I could speak when I was two. _____
- They / swim / when / five

- We / not read / until / six

- She / play the piano / when / nine

- I / not write / until / ten

- You / tell the time / when / four

- They / not walk / until / two

2 points for each correct answer

12

3 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

Jaya Rajah is fourteen, but he doesn't go to school, he goes to New York University. He is in a class of twenty-year-olds. Jaya was born in Madras in India but now lives in a house in New York with his mother, father, and brother. They can all speak English. His father is a doctor.

Jaya was different from a very young age. He could write before he could say 'Mummy' or 'Daddy'. He could play the piano when he was five and use a computer when he was eight. Now he studies from 8.15 to 4.00 every day at the university. Then he studies at

home with his father from 6.30 to 10.00 every evening. Jaya doesn't have any friends. He never goes out in the evenings, but he sometimes watches TV. He says, 'I live for one thing – I want to be a doctor before I am seventeen. Other children of my age are boring. They can't understand me.'

- Jaya is the same age as the other students in his class. _____
- Jaya wasn't born in the United States. _____
- Jaya was very good at music when he was a young child. _____
- Jaya goes out with his friends in the evenings. _____
- Jaya wants to do the same job as his father. _____
- Jaya likes being with children of his age. _____

1 point for each correct answer

6

4 Look at the table and complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

	MARK	HELEN	DAVE
swim	✓	✓	✓
draw	x	✓	✓
ski	x	x	x
paint	✓	x	✓
sing	x	✓	✓
dance	x	✓	x

- Mark, Helen, and Dave can swim .
- Mark and Dave can't dance but they can paint .
- Helen _____ ski or _____ .
- Helen and Dave can't _____ but they _____ draw.
- Mark _____ and swim.
- Mark and Dave _____ or ski.
- Nobody _____ .

2 points for each correct answer

10

5 Write questions and short answers.

1 you / swim? yes

*Can you swim?**Yes, I can.*

2 they / paint? no

*Can they paint?**No, they can't.*

3 Belinda / dance? yes

4 Martin and Ella / ski? yes

5 your parents / sing? no

6 you / draw? no

7 you and your brother / swim? yes

2 points for each correct question and answer

	10
--	----

6 Complete the sentences with *for*, *at*, *with*, *until*, and *to*.

1 He works _____ eight hours _____ 5.30 every day.

2 My sister is _____ the cinema _____ her boyfriend.

3 Can I speak _____ you?

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

7 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.**A** When and where (1) _____ ?**B** In London in 1980.**A** And you?**B** I (2) _____ the same year as you but I (3) _____ in England.
My parents (4) _____ in Germany then and so I (5) _____ in Munich.**A** How long (6) _____ in Germany for?**B** Until I was seven.**A** (7) _____ happy there?**B** Yes, (8) _____, but my parents (9) _____. Their jobs (10) _____ very hard and Germany (11) _____ very expensive.1 a you were born b was you born
c you born d were you born

2 a born b were born c was born d am born

3 a weren't born b wasn't born
c not born d don't born

4 a are b live c was d were

5 a born b were born c am born d was born

6 a were you b are you c you were d was you

7 a Were b Are you c Were you d You were

8 a I am b I was c you were d I wasn't

9 a aren't b wasn't c isn't d weren't

10 a were b was c is d are

11 a were b is c was d are

4 points for each correct answer

	44
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



6

Test B

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Look at the table and complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

	MARK	HELEN	DAVE
swim	✓	✓	✓
draw	✗	✓	✓
ski	✗	✗	✗
paint	✓	✗	✓
sing	✗	✓	✓
dance	✗	✓	✗

- 4 You / tell the time / when / four

- 5 She / play the piano / when / nine

- 6 They / not walk / until / two

- 7 We / not read / until / six

2 points for each correct answer 12

- 1 Mark, Helen, and Dave can swim .
- 2 Mark and Dave can't dance but they can paint .
- 3 Mark _____ and swim.
- 4 Nobody _____ .
- 5 Mark and Dave _____ or ski.
- 6 Helen _____ ski or _____ .
- 7 Helen and Dave can't _____ but they _____ draw.

2 points for each correct answer 10

2 Match the verbs and nouns.

- 1 e play a a computer
- 2 program b a bike
- 3 drive c chess
- 4 cook d your name
- 5 ride e the piano
- 6 speak f poetry
- 7 spell g Italian food
- 8 play h a car
- 9 write i Japanese

1 point for each correct answer 8

3 Write sentences.

- 1 I / speak / when / two
I could speak when I was two.
- 2 I / not write / until / ten

- 3 They / swim / when / five

4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

Jaya Rajah is fourteen, but he doesn't go to school, he goes to New York University. He is in a class of twenty-year-olds. Jaya was born in Madras in India but now lives in a house in New York with his mother, father, and brother. They can all speak English. His father is a doctor.

Jaya was different from a very young age. He could write before he could say 'Mummy' or 'Daddy'. He could play the piano when he was five and use a computer when he was eight. Now he studies from 8.15 to 4.00 every day at the university. Then he studies at home with his father from 6.30 to 10.00 every evening. Jaya doesn't have any friends. He never goes out in the evenings, but he sometimes watches TV. He says, 'I live for one thing – I want to be a doctor before I am seventeen. Other children of my age are boring. They can't understand me.'

- 1 Jaya is the same age as the other students in his class. _____
- 2 Jaya wasn't born in the United States. _____
- 3 Jaya was very good at music when he was a young child. _____
- 4 Jaya goes out with his friends in the evenings. _____
- 5 Jaya wants to do the same job as his father. _____
- 6 Jaya likes being with children of his age. _____

1 point for each correct answer 6

5 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.**A** When and where (1) ____ ?**B** In London in 1980.**A** And you?**B** I (2) ____ the same year as you but I (3) ____ in England.

My parents (4) ____ in Germany then and so I (5) ____ in Munich.

A How long (6) ____ in Germany for?**B** Until I was seven.**A** (7) ____ happy there?**B** Yes, (8) ____ , but my parents (9) ____ . Their jobs (10) ____ very hard and Germany (11) ____ very expensive.1 a were you born b you born
c was you born d you were born

2 a am born b was born c were born d born

3 a don't born b not born c wasn't born
d weren't born

4 a were b was c live d are

5 a was born b am born c were born d born

6 a was you b you were c are you d were you

7 a You were b Were you c Are you d Were

8 a I wasn't b you were c I was d I am

9 a weren't b isn't c wasn't d aren't

10 a are b is c was d were

11 a are b was c is d were

4 points for each correct answer

 44

3 your parents / sing? no

4 you and your brother / swim? yes

5 Martin and Ella / ski? yes

6 Belinda / dance? yes

7 you / draw? no

2 points for each correct question and answer

 10

TOTAL

 100**6** Complete the sentences with *for*, *at*, *with*, *until*, and *to*.

1 Can I speak ____ you?

2 He works ____ eight hours ____ 5.30 every day.

3 My sister is ____ the cinema ____ her boyfriend.

2 points for each correct answer

 10**7** Write questions and short answers.

1 you / swim? yes

Can you swim?Yes, I can.

2 they / paint? no

Can they paint?No, they can't.



7

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write the verbs in the correct column and then write the Past Simple forms.

study meet give win buy visit speak become
stay leave start get enjoy stop do lose

REGULAR VERBS

IRREGULAR VERBS

1 point for each correct answer: 16
1/2 for correct category; 1/2 for past form

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

CHARLES DICKENS (1812–1870)

Charles Dickens is a famous writer in the English language. He wrote about the real world of England and many of the people in his books were not rich, but poor and hungry.

Charles Dickens's family lived in London and his father worked in an office. It was a good job, but he always spent a lot of money and often there was no money to buy food. There were eight children in the family, so life was hard.

Charles went to school and his teachers thought he was very clever. But when Charles was only eleven, his father lost all his money and the family left their house. Charles got a job washing bottles. He worked ten hours a day and he earned six shillings (30p) a week. Every night, after work, he walked four miles back to his room. Charles hated it and never forgot it. He used it in many books, for example *David Copperfield* and *Oliver Twist*.

- 1 Charles Dickens was born in 1812. _____
- 2 Charles Dickens wrote in English. _____
- 3 Charles Dickens only wrote about rich people. _____
- 4 Charles Dickens' father had a job in an office. _____
- 5 Charles Dickens' life was difficult because he had eight children. _____
- 6 Charles Dickens was good at school. _____
- 7 Charles Dickens spent all his father's money. _____
- 8 Charles Dickens worked every night. _____
- 9 Charles Dickens earned very little money. _____
- 10 *Oliver Twist* was Charles Dickens' friend. _____

1 point for each correct answer 10

3 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple. Make one of the verbs negative.

marry earn die stay come be born become
have help work study speak stop like

My grandparents (1) _____ in Hungary in the 1920s. They (2) _____ to England in 1946, after the war. My grandfather worked in a factory in Birmingham and he (3) _____ English at night.

My grandmother (4) _____ at home because she only (5) _____ Hungarian and so she couldn't get a job. Life was difficult because my grandfather (6) _____ much money in the factory. My grandparents (7) _____ three children, my mother and my two uncles. They (8) _____ their parents as much as they could. My grandparents (9) _____ work when they were sixty and they liked having a lot of free time together. Unfortunately, my grandfather (10) _____ in 1994, but my grandmother is still alive.

2 points for each correct answer 20

4 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.**A** Where (1) ___ last Saturday evening?**B** I went to work.**A** To work? Why?**B** Because I (2) ___ the money.**A** But you (3) ___ every Saturday last month, too. Why don't you have any money now?**B** Because I (4) ___ all the money from last month.**A** What (5) ___ with the money?**B** A CD and video game.**A** (6) ___ your sister the money that you (7) ___ for last week?**B** No, (8) ___. I (9) ___, but there isn't a problem. She always has a lot of money. Anyway, what (10) ___ last Saturday evening?**A** I (11) ___ out because I had no money!1 a did you b go **c** did you go d do you go

2 a needed b needs c did need d do need

3 a work b did work c didn't work d worked

4 a spent b spend c spende d did spend

5 a do you buy b did you buy
c you buy d you bought6 a You give b You gave
c Did you give d You did give

7 a ask b asks c asked d didn't ask

8 a I didn't b I don't c I did d I do

9 a can b couldn't c could d can't

10 a you did b do you do c you didn't d did you do

11 a don't go b go c didn't go d not go

4 points for each correct answer

	40
--	----

5 Write sentences about someone in your family. Where and when was he/she born? Where did he/she live when he/she was small? What did he/she study? What did he/she do in his/her free time? Also write about his/her first job.*(6 points for communication of ideas, 4 for grammatical accuracy, 4 for lexis and use of link words)*

	14
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TOTAL

	100
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7

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple. Make one of the verbs negative.

marry earn die stay come be born become
have help work study speak stop like

My grandparents (1) _____ in Hungary in the 1920s. They (2) _____ to England in 1946, after the war. My grandfather worked in a factory in Birmingham and he (3) _____ English at night.

My grandmother (4) _____ at home because she only (5) _____ Hungarian and so she couldn't get a job. Life was difficult because my grandfather (6) _____ much money in the factory. My grandparents (7) _____ three children, my mother and my two uncles. They (8) _____ their parents as much as they could. My grandparents (9) _____ work when they were sixty and they liked having a lot of free time together. Unfortunately, my grandfather (10) _____ in 1994, but my grandmother is still alive.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

2 Write the verbs in the correct column and then write the Past Simple forms.

study meet give win buy visit speak become
stay leave start get enjoy stop do lose

REGULAR VERBS	IRREGULAR VERBS
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

1 point for each correct answer; 1/2 for correct category; 1/2 for past form

	16
--	----

3 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.

- A** Where (1) _____ last Saturday evening?
B I went to work.
A To work? Why?
B Because I (2) _____ the money.
A But you (3) _____ every Saturday last month, too. Why don't you have any money now?
B Because I (4) _____ all the money from last month.
A What (5) _____ with the money?
B A CD and video game.
A (6) _____ your sister the money that you (7) _____ for last week?
B No, (8) _____. I (9) _____, but there isn't a problem. She always has a lot of money. Anyway, what (10) _____ last Saturday evening?
A I (11) _____ out because I had no money!
- 1 a do you go **b** did you go c go d did you
2 a do need b did need c needs d needed
3 a worked b didn't work c did work d work
4 a did spend b spend c spend d spent
5 a you bought b you buy
 c did you buy d do you buy
6 a You did give b Did you give
 c You gave d You give
7 a didn't ask b asked c asks d ask
8 a I do b I did c I don't d I didn't
9 a can't b could c couldn't d can
10 a did you do b you didn't c do you do d you did
11 a not go b didn't go c go d don't go

4 points for each correct answer

	40
--	----

4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?**CHARLES DICKENS (1812–1870)**

Charles Dickens is a famous writer in the English language. He wrote about the real world of England and many of the people in his books were not rich, but poor and hungry.

Charles Dickens's family lived in London and his father worked in an office. It was a good job, but he always spent a lot of money and often there was no money to buy food. There were eight children in the family, so life was hard.

Charles went to school and his teachers thought he was very clever. But when Charles was only eleven, his father lost all his money and the family left their house. Charles got a job washing bottles. He worked ten hours a day and he earned six shillings (30p) a week. Every night, after work, he walked four miles back to his room. Charles hated it and never forgot it. He used it in many books, for example *David Copperfield* and *Oliver Twist*.

- 1 Charles Dickens was born in 1812.
- 2 Charles Dickens wrote in English.
- 3 Charles Dickens only wrote about rich people.
- 4 Charles Dickens' father had a job in an office.
- 5 Charles Dickens' life was difficult because he had eight children.
- 6 Charles Dickens was good at school.
- 7 Charles Dickens spent all his father's money.
- 8 Charles Dickens worked every night.
- 9 Charles Dickens earned very little money.
- 10 Oliver Twist was Charles Dickens' friend.

1 point for each correct answer

	10
--	----

5 Write sentences about someone in your family. Where and when was he/she born? Where did he/she live when he/she was small? What did he/she study? What did he/she do in his/her free time? Also write about his/her first job.

(6 points for communication of ideas, 4 for grammatical accuracy, 4 for lexis and use of link words)

	14
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



8

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the numbers and words.

- | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------|------|---|--------------|
| 1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> k | 30th | a | third |
| 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 12th | b | twentieth |
| 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2nd | c | thirty-first |
| 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 31st | d | tenth |
| 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 5th | e | first |
| 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 10th | f | twelfth |
| 7 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 21st | g | fifth |
| 8 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1st | h | twenty-first |
| 9 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 4th | i | fourth |
| 10 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 20th | j | second |
| 11 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 3rd | k | thirtieth |

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Write the time expressions in the correct column.

Saturday morning weekends my birthday autumn
 half past one the twenty-first century the afternoon
 Thursday November Christmas Day

in	at	on
-----------	-----------	-----------

_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

1 point for each correct answer

10

3 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

JEANS

Two Americans, Jacob Davis and Levi Strauss, made the first jeans in 1851. Davis bought cloth from Levi's shop. He told Levi that he had a special way to make strong trousers for workmen. The first jeans were blue. In 1965 jeans became fashionable for women after they saw them in Vogue magazine. In the 1990's Calvin Klein earned \$12.5 million a week from jeans.

TELEVISION

A Scotsman, John Logie Baird, transmitted the first television picture on 25 November, 1929. The first thing on television was a boy who worked in the office next to Baird's workroom in London. In 1929 Baird sent pictures from London to Glasgow. In 1940 he sent pictures to New York, and also produced the first colour TV pictures.

- Levi Strauss was English. _____
- Jacob Davis sold cloth in his shop. _____
- Levi Strauss and Jacob Davis made clothes for strong workmen. _____
- Women saw jeans in a magazine and liked them. _____
- Calvin Klein earned \$12.5 million in one week. _____
- John Logie Baird was from Scotland. _____
- A boy sent the first television picture. _____
- Baird worked in London. _____
- Baird sent a television to Glasgow. _____
- In 1940 Baird moved to New York. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Match the questions with a correct answer a-i.

- | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| 1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d | Did you go out yesterday evening? | a | Two months. |
| 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | When did you start your new job? | b | I love my new job. |
| 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Did he call his parents? | c | Thanks very much. |
| 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | My grandmother is 105 years old. | d | Yes, I did. |
| 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> | The cake you made was wonderful. | e | No, thank you. |
| 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> | What did you do yesterday evening? | f | Two months ago. |
| | | | g | I'm not sure. |
| | | | h | We went to the cinema. |
| | | | i | I don't believe it! |

2 points for each correct answer

10

5 Make the sentences negative.

1 I drove to work yesterday.

I didn't drive to work yesterday.

2 My sister made a cake for my last birthday.

3 We listened to the radio yesterday evening.

4 They took the bus into town last Saturday.

5 He went on holiday to Spain last summer.

6 You ate a lot at lunch time.

7 I wore my jeans at school.

8 They called their parents last week.

9 My friends wrote to me last month.

10 You did all the shopping last Friday.

11 I cooked dinner every day last week.

2 points for each correct answer

20

6 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.**A** Hi, Emma. How are you?**B** Fine, thanks.**A** And how's John?**B** John? John isn't my boyfriend now. Dave is my new boyfriend.**A** Oh, when (1) ___ Dave?**B** We met (2) ___ . (3) ___ the eighth (4) ___ September.**A** How (5) ___ ?**B** I (6) ___ him in a disco and I fell (7) ___ love (8) ___ his eyes.**A** Can I ask you a question (9) ___ John?**B** Yes, of course.**A** Why did you leave John and go out with Dave?**B** I (10) ___ John but I love Dave.

1 a you meet b did you meet c you met d you did meet

2 a three months b before three months
c from three months d three months ago

3 a On b In c At d To

4 a the b at c of d in

5 a did you and Dave meet b did Dave meet
c you and Dave met d did they meet

6 a meet b did meet c didn't meet d met

7 a on b in c into d to

8 a from b of c with d to

9 a about b to c by d of

10 a loved b didn't love c love d not love

4 points for each correct answer

40

TOTAL

100



8

Test B

NAME: _____

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

JEANS

Two Americans, Jacob Davis and Levi Strauss, made the first jeans in 1923. Davis bought cloth from Levi's shop. He told Levi that he had a special way to make strong trousers for workmen. The first jeans were blue. In 1965 jeans became fashionable for women after they saw them in Vogue magazine. In the 1990's Calvin Klein earned \$12.5 million a week from jeans.

TELEVISION

A Scotsman, John Logie Baird, transmitted the first television picture on 25 November, 1905. The first thing on television was a boy who worked in the office next to Baird's workroom in London. In 1929 Baird sent pictures from London to Glasgow. In 1940 he sent pictures to New York, and also produced the first colour TV pictures.

- 1 Levi Strauss was English. _____
- 2 Jacob Davis sold cloth in his shop. _____
- 3 Levis Strauss and Jacob Davis made clothes for strong workmen. _____
- 4 Women saw jeans in a magazine and liked them. _____
- 5 Calvin Klein earned \$12.5 million in one week. _____
- 6 John Logie Baird was from Scotland. _____
- 7 A boy sent the first television picture. _____
- 8 Baird worked in London. _____
- 9 Baird sent a television to Glasgow. _____
- 10 In 1940 Baird moved to New York _____

1 point for each correct answer 10

2 Match the questions with a correct answer.

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d Did you go out yesterday evening? | a Two months. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> What did you do yesterday evening? | b I love my new job. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Did he call his parents? | c Thanks very much. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> When did you start your new job? | d Yes, I did. |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> My grandmother is 105 years old. | e No, thank you. |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> The cake you made was wonderful. | f Two months ago. |
| | g I'm not sure. |
| | h We went to the cinema. |
| | i I don't believe it! |

2 points for each correct answer 10

3 Write the time expressions in the correct column.

Saturday morning	weekends	my birthday	autumn
half past one	the twenty-first century	the afternoon	
Thursday	November	Christmas Day	

in	at	on
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

1 point for each correct answer 10

4 Match the numbers and words.

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> k 30th | a third |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 21st | b twentieth |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 12th | c thirty-first |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 1st | d tenth |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 31st | e first |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 20th | f twelfth |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd | g fifth |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 10th | h twenty-first |
| 9 <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd | i fourth |
| 10 <input type="checkbox"/> 4th | j second |
| 11 <input type="checkbox"/> 5th | k thirtieth |

1 point for each correct answer 10

5 Complete the conversation. Circle the correct answer.

- A** Hi, Emma. How are you? And how's John?
B John? John isn't my boyfriend now. Dave is my new boyfriend.
- A** Oh, when (1) ___ Dave?
B We met (2) ___ . (3) ___ the eighth (4) ___ September.
A How (5) ___ ?
B I (6) ___ him in a disco and I fell (7) ___ love (8) ___ his eyes.
A Can I ask you a question (9) ___ John?
B Yes, of course.
A Why did you leave John and go out with Dave?
B I (10) ___ John but I love Dave.

- 1 a you did meet b you met
c did you meet d you meet
- 2 a three months ago b from three months
c before three months d three months
- 3 a To b At c In d On
- 4 a in b of c at d the
- 5 a did they meet b you and Dave met
c did Dave meet d did you and Dave meet
- 6 a met b didn't meet c did meet d meet
- 7 a to b into c in d on
- 8 a to b with c of d from
- 9 a of b by c to d about
- 10 a not love b love c didn't love d loved

4 points for each correct answer

	40
--	----

9 I cooked dinner every day last week.

10 My friends wrote to me last month.

11 He went on holiday to Spain last summer.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----

6 Make the sentences negative.

1 I drove to work yesterday.

I didn't drive to work yesterday.

2 I wore my jeans at school.

3 My sister made a cake for my last birthday.

4 They called their parents last week.

5 They took the bus into town last Saturday.

6 You did all the shopping last Friday.

7 We listened to the radio yesterday evening.

8 You ate a lot at lunch time.

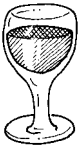
9

NAME: _____

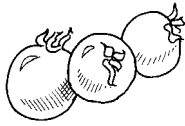
Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the pictures to the names of the food and drink.



a



b



c



d



e



f



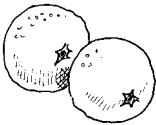
g



h



i



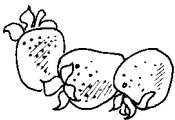
j



k



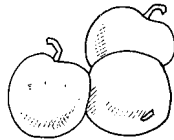
l



m



n



o

- 1 e ice cream
- 2 wine
- 3 sandwiches
- 4 tomatoes
- 5 bread
- 6 eggs
- 7 rice
- 8 strawberries

- 9 bananas
- 10 tea
- 11 oranges
- 12 apple juice
- 13 chocolate
- 14 grapes
- 15 apples

1 point for each correct answer

14

2 Are the nouns usually countable (C) or uncountable (U)?

- | | | | |
|---------|----------|-----------|-----|
| 1 book | <u>C</u> | 7 biscuit | ___ |
| 2 water | <u>U</u> | 8 glass | ___ |
| 3 wine | ___ | 9 meal | ___ |
| 4 fruit | ___ | 10 milk | ___ |
| 5 apple | ___ | 11 egg | ___ |
| 6 money | ___ | 12 cheese | ___ |

1 point for each correct answer

10

3 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

MEALS IN BRITAIN

A typical full English breakfast is a very big meal – sausages, bacon, eggs, tomatoes, mushrooms and of course toast. But nowadays many people don't have time to eat all this and just have toast, or sometimes fruit and yoghurt. The typical breakfast drink is tea, which people have with cold milk. Some people have coffee made with just hot water. Many visitors to Britain think this coffee is horrible!

For many people lunch is a quick meal. In cities there are a lot of sandwich bars, where office workers can choose the kind of bread they want, either brown or white, and then all sorts of salad and meat or fish to go in the sandwich. Pubs often serve good, cheap food, both hot and cold. School-children can have a hot meal at school, but many just take a snack from home – a sandwich, a drink, some fruit, and perhaps some crisps.

People eat their evening meal quite early, often at about six o'clock. A typical dinner is meat and vegetables, especially on Sundays, when all the family eat together.

- 1 Many British people don't eat a full English breakfast. _____
- 2 Many British people choose toast for breakfast. _____
- 3 The typical drink with breakfast is coffee. _____
- 4 Many visitors to Britain love British coffee. _____
- 5 A lot of British people have a sandwich for lunch. _____
- 6 Many offices in cities have sandwich bars. _____
- 7 People can buy hot and cold food in a British pub. _____
- 8 Schoolchildren have a hot lunch at home. _____
- 9 British people usually have lunch at six o'clock. _____
- 10 People in Britain often eat meat on Sundays. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

- 1 **A** Do you like Would you like a drink?
B No, thanks. I'm not thirsty.
- 2 **A** Do you like / Would you like French food?
B Yes, I love it.
- 3 **A** Can I help you?
B Yes. I like / I'd like a cheese sandwich, please.
- 4 **A** Do you like / Would you like some wine?
B Yes. A bottle of red, please.
- 5 **A** What activities do you do?
B I like / I'd like ice-skating.
- 6 **A** Are you ready to order dessert?
B Yes. I'd like / I like some apple pie.

1 point for each correct answer

 5**5** Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

- 1 I have a brother but I don't have any sisters.
- 2 There are some letters on the desk.
- 3 Is there _____ milk in the fridge?
- 4 Would you like _____ sugar in your coffee?
- 5 I'd like _____ strawberries, please.
- 6 Can I have _____ Coke, please?
- 7 There aren't _____ plates in the cupboard.
- 8 Would the children like _____ apple?
- 9 We'd like _____ fruit for dessert.
- 10 He's thirsty. He'd like _____ beer.
- 11 There isn't _____ art gallery in this town.
- 12 I can't find _____ mushrooms in the kitchen.

2 points for each correct answer

 20**6** Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.

- 1 How much money do you spend in a month?
- 2 How many sisters do you have?
- 3 _____ hours of English do you study in a week?
- 4 _____ meat would you like?
- 5 _____ free time do you have this week?
- 6 _____ hours did you work last week?
- 7 _____ carrots do you need for the recipe?
- 8 _____ chocolate do you eat in a week?
- 9 _____ holidays do you have a year?

10 _____ is that?

11 _____ people live in this city?

12 _____ wine did he drink last night?

1 point for each correct answer

 10**7** Complete the requests with *Can*/*Could I* or *Can*/*Could you*.

- 1 _____ borrow your pencil, please?
- 2 _____ have the recipe, please?
- 3 _____ pass the fizzy water, please?
- 4 _____ lend me some CDs, please?
- 5 _____ see the cookbook, please?
- 6 _____ help me do the crossword, please?
- 7 _____ buy me some stamps, please?
- 8 _____ watch the movie, please?

2 points for each correct answer

 16**8** Write three paragraphs about how people eat in Poland.
Write about breakfast, lunch, and dinner.(5 points for each paragraph: 2 for communication of ideas,
2 for grammatical accuracy, 1 for lexis) 15

TOTAL

 100



9

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.

- 1 How much money do you spend in a month?
- 2 How many sisters do you have?
- 3 _____ hours did you work last week?
- 4 _____ chocolate do you eat in a week?
- 5 _____ hours of English do you study in a week?
- 6 _____ holidays do you have a year?
- 7 _____ free time do you have this week?
- 8 _____ people live in this city?
- 9 _____ meat would you like?
- 10 _____ carrots do you need for the recipe?
- 11 _____ wine did he drink last night?
- 12 _____ is that?

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

- 1 A *Do you like* / *Would you like* a drink?
B No, thanks. I'm not thirsty.
- 2 A Are you ready to order dessert?
B Yes. *I'd like* / *I like* some apple pie.
- 3 A Can I help you?
B Yes. *I like* / *I'd like* a cheese sandwich, please.
- 4 A *Do you like* / *Would you like* French food?
B Yes, I love it.
- 5 A What activities do you do?
B *I like* / *I'd like* ice-skating.
- 6 A *Do you like* / *Would you like* some wine?
B Yes. A bottle of red, please.

1 point for each correct answer

5

3 Are the nouns usually countable (C) or uncountable (U)?

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1 book <u>C</u> | 7 apple _____ |
| 2 water <u>U</u> | 8 egg _____ |
| 3 money _____ | 9 fruit _____ |
| 4 glass _____ | 10 biscuit _____ |
| 5 wine _____ | 11 cheese _____ |
| 6 meal _____ | 12 milk _____ |

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

MEALS IN BRITAIN

A typical full English breakfast is a very big meal – sausages, bacon, eggs, tomatoes, mushrooms and of course toast. But nowadays many people don't have time to eat all this and just have toast, or sometimes fruit and yoghurt. The typical breakfast drink is tea, which people have with cold milk. Some people have coffee made with just hot water. Many visitors to Britain think this coffee is horrible!

For many people lunch is a quick meal. In cities there are a lot of sandwich bars, where office workers can choose the kind of bread they want, either brown or white, and then all sorts of salad and meat or fish to go in the sandwich. Pubs often serve good, cheap food, both hot and cold. School-children can have a hot meal at school, but many just take a snack from home – a sandwich, a drink, some fruit, and perhaps some crisps.

People eat their evening meal quite early, often at about six o'clock. A typical dinner is meat and vegetables, especially on Sundays, when all the family eat together.

- 1 Many British people don't eat a full English breakfast. _____
- 2 Many British people choose toast for breakfast. _____
- 3 The typical drink with breakfast is coffee. _____
- 4 Many visitors to Britain love British coffee. _____
- 5 A lot of British people have a sandwich for lunch. _____
- 6 Many offices in cities have sandwich bars. _____
- 7 People can buy hot and cold food in a British pub. _____
- 8 Schoolchildren have a hot lunch at home. _____
- 9 British people usually have lunch at six o'clock. _____
- 10 People in Britain often eat meat on Sundays. _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

5 Complete the requests with *Can/Could I* or *Can/Could you*.

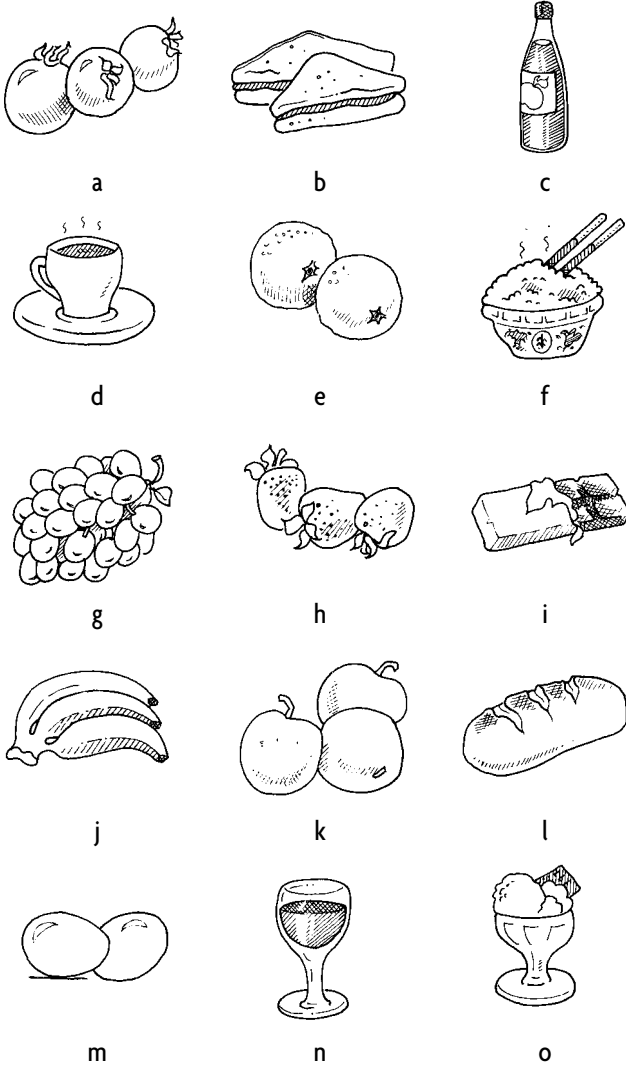
- 1 _____ lend me some CDs, please?
- 2 _____ help me do the crossword, please?
- 3 _____ borrow your pencil, please?
- 4 _____ buy me some stamps, please?
- 5 _____ pass the fizzy water, please?

- 6 _____ watch the movie, please?
 7 _____ have the recipe, please?
 8 _____ see the cookbook, please?

2 points for each correct answer

	16
--	----

6 Match the pictures to the names of the food and drink.



- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> ice cream | 9 <input type="checkbox"/> oranges |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> eggs | 10 <input type="checkbox"/> bananas |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> chocolate | 11 <input type="checkbox"/> apples |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> strawberries | 12 <input type="checkbox"/> grapes |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> sandwiches | 13 <input type="checkbox"/> tomatoes |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> tea | 14 <input type="checkbox"/> rice |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> wine | 15 <input type="checkbox"/> apple juice |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> bread | |

1 point for each correct answer

	14
--	----

7 Complete the sentences with a, an, some, or any.

- 1 I have a brother but I don't have any sisters.
- 2 There are some letters on the desk.
- 3 Can I have _____ Coke, please?
- 4 Would the children like _____ apple?
- 5 Is there _____ milk in the fridge?
- 6 We'd like _____ fruit for dessert.
- 7 I'd like _____ strawberries, please.
- 8 There isn't _____ art gallery in this town.
- 9 Would you like _____ sugar in your coffee?
- 10 There aren't _____ plates in the cupboard.
- 11 I can't find _____ mushrooms in the kitchen.
- 12 He's thirsty. He'd like _____ beer.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

8 Write three paragraphs about how people eat in Poland. Write about breakfast, lunch, and dinner.

(5 points for each paragraph: 2 for communication of ideas, 2 for grammatical accuracy, 1 for lexis)

	15
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



10

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the sentences.

- 1 Good is the opposite of b a d.
- 2 Fast is the opposite of s _ _ _ .
- 3 Exciting is the opposite of b _ _ _ _ _ .
- 4 Cheap is the opposite of e _ _ _ _ _ .
- 5 Clean is the opposite of d _ _ _ _ .
- 6 Quiet is the opposite of n _ _ _ _ .
- 7 Safe is the opposite of d _ _ _ _ _ .
- 8 Friendly is the opposite of u _ _ _ _ _ .
- 9 Old is the opposite of m _ _ _ _ _ .

1 point for each correct answer

8

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

VIENNA

Vienna has a rich history. Its university opened in 1365, and is one of the oldest in Europe. From 1558 to 1806 it was the centre of the Holy Roman Empire and it became an important cultural centre for art and learning in the 18th and 19th centuries. The famous psychiatrist, Sigmund Freud, lived and worked there. Vienna was the music capital of the world for many centuries. Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Brahms, Schubert, and the Strauss family all came to work here. It is now the home of one of the world's most famous orchestras, the Vienna Philharmonic. Its State Opera House is also world famous.

- 1 Vienna is a very rich city. _____
- 2 Vienna was important from the 16th to the 19th centuries. _____
- 3 Vienna has a university which is hundreds of years old. _____
- 4 Many famous psychiatrists lived in Vienna. _____
- 5 Today Vienna is famous for its music. _____

1 point for each correct answer

5

3 Complete the sentences using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets.

- 1 The country is much cleaner than the city. (clean)
- 2 I think Paris is more beautiful than London. (beautiful)
- 3 Dogs are _____ than cats. (noisy)
- 4 I think maths is _____ than English. (boring)

- 5 Noise in the city is _____ than in the country. (bad)
- 6 His horse was _____ than the others. (slow)
- 7 I think skiing is _____ than ice-skating. (dangerous)
- 8 Our last test was _____ than this one. (difficult)
- 9 My house is _____ from town than your house. (far)
- 10 CDs are _____ than cassettes. (expensive)
- 11 London is _____ than Manchester. (big)
- 12 I think American music is _____ than British music. (good)

2 points for each correct answer

20

4 Complete the sentences using the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

- 1 That shop is the oldest building in the street. (old)
- 2 They always stay at the most expensive hotel in London. (expensive)
- 3 These streets are _____ in the whole town. (dirty)
- 4 I think New Orleans is one of _____ cities in the world. (exciting)
- 5 Which is _____ city in Europe? (high)
- 6 They have _____ garden in the street. (pretty)
- 7 Learning to drive was _____ thing in my life. (difficult)
- 8 Which is _____ planet from Earth? (far)
- 9 Who's _____ person in your family? (intelligent)
- 10 Where can I find _____ food in London? (good)
- 11 They bought _____ car that they could find. (cheap)
- 12 I went to New York last year. It was _____ holiday in my life. (bad)

2 points for each correct answer

20

5 Write the sentences using the correct form of *have got*.

1 My city has a cinema but it doesn't have a theatre.

My city has got a cinema but it hasn't got a theatre.

2 Do you have a car? Yes, I do.

Have you got a car? Yes, I have.

3 Does your school have a computer centre? Yes, it does.

Yes, it does.

4 They have two daughters but they don't have a son.

They have two daughters but they don't have a son.

5 We have a lovely house but we don't have a garden.

We have a lovely house but we don't have a garden.

6 Do they have a lot of money? No, they don't.

No, they don't.

7 I don't have much free time because I have a lot of homework.

I don't have much free time because I have a lot of homework.

8 Does your brother have a girlfriend? No, he doesn't.

No, he doesn't.

9 Does your city have an art gallery? No, but it has a good theatre.

No, but it has a good theatre.

10 She has lots of cassettes but she doesn't have many CDs.

She has lots of cassettes but she doesn't have many CDs.

11 You don't have a big house but you have a pretty garden.

You don't have a big house but you have a pretty garden.

12 Do you have a dog? No, I don't.

No, I don't.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

6 Complete the text. Choose nine words from the box.

bigger	ago	from	shops	Foreign	population	
Tourists	biggest	here	buildings	for	Travel	hear
shopping	number					

LONDON

London has a (1) _____ of about 7,000,000.

It lies on the River Thames, where the Romans landed nearly 2,000 years (2) _____. From about 1800 until World War Two, London was the (3) _____ city in the world, but now there are many cities which are much (4) _____.

London is famous (5) _____ many things.

(6) _____ come from all over the world to visit its historic (7) _____, such as Buckingham Palace, and the Houses of Parliament, where you can see and (8) _____ the famous clock, Big Ben. They also come to visit its theatres, its museums, and its many (9) _____, such as Harrods.

3 points for each correct answer

	27
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



10

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the sentences using the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

- That shop is the oldest building in the street. (old)
- They always stay at the most expensive hotel in London. (expensive)
- They have _____ garden in the street. (pretty)
- Which is _____ planet from Earth? (far)
- These streets are _____ in the whole town. (dirty)
- Who's _____ person in your family? (intelligent)
- Which is _____ city in Europe? (high)
- They bought _____ car that they could find. (cheap)
- I think New Orleans is one of _____ cities in the world. (exciting)
- Learning to drive was _____ thing in my life. (difficult)
- I went to New York last year. It was _____ holiday in my life. (bad)
- Where can I find _____ food in London? (good)

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

2 Complete the sentences.

- Good is the opposite of b a d.
- Safe is the opposite of d _ _ _ _ _ .
- Fast is the opposite of s _ _ _ .
- Friendly is the opposite of u _ _ _ _ _ .
- Cheap is the opposite of e _ _ _ _ _ .
- Old is the opposite of m _ _ _ _ .
- Exciting is the opposite of b _ _ _ _ .
- Quiet is the opposite of n _ _ _ _ .
- Clean is the opposite of d _ _ _ _ .

1 point for each correct answer

	8
--	---

3 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

VIENNA

Vienna has a rich history. Its university opened in 1365, and is one of the oldest in Europe. From 1558 to 1806 it was the centre of the Holy Roman Empire and it became an important cultural centre for art and learning in the 18th and 19th centuries. The famous psychiatrist, Sigmund Freud, lived and worked there. Vienna was the music capital of the world for many centuries. Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Brahms, Schubert, and the Strauss family all came to work here. It is now the home of one of the world's most famous orchestras, the Vienna Philharmonic. Its State Opera House is also world famous.

- Vienna is a very rich city. _____
- Vienna was important from the 16th to the 19th centuries. _____
- Vienna has a university which is hundreds of years old. _____
- Many famous psychiatrists lived in Vienna. _____
- Today Vienna is famous for its music. _____

1 point for each correct answer

	5
--	---

4 Complete the sentences using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets.

- The country is much cleaner than the city. (clean)
- I think Paris is more beautiful than London. (beautiful)
- His horse was _____ than the others. (slow)
- Our last test was _____ than this one. (difficult)
- Dogs are _____ than cats. (noisy)
- My house is _____ from town than your house. (far)
- Noise in the city is _____ than in the country. (bad)
- London is _____ than Manchester. (big)
- I think maths is _____ than English. (boring)
- I think skiing is _____ than ice-skating. (dangerous)

11 I think American music is _____ than British music. (good)

12 CDs are _____ than cassettes. (expensive)

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

6 Does your city have an art gallery? No, but it has a good theatre.

7 We have a lovely house but we don't have a garden.

8 You don't have a big house but you have a pretty garden.

9 They have two daughters but they don't have a son.

10 I don't have much free time because I have a lot of homework.

11 Do you have a dog? No, I don't.

12 She has lots of cassettes but she doesn't have many CDs.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
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TOTAL

	100
--	-----

5 Complete the text. Choose nine words from the box.

number bigger Travel from buildings population shops ago biggest Foreign here for hear shopping Tourists
--

LONDON

London has a (1) _____ of about 7,000,000. It lies on the River Thames, where the Romans landed nearly 2,000 years (2) _____. From about 1800 until World War Two, London was the (3) _____ city in the world, but now there are many cities which are much (4) _____.

London is famous (5) _____ many things. (6) _____ come from all over the world to visit its historic (7) _____, such as Buckingham Palace, and the Houses of Parliament, where you can see and (8) _____ the famous clock, Big Ben. They also come to visit its theatres, its museums, and its many (9) _____, such as Harrods.

3 points for each correct answer

	27
--	----

6 Write the sentences using the correct form of *have got*.

1 My city has a cinema but it doesn't have a theatre.

My city has got a cinema but it hasn't got a theatre. _____

2 Do you have a car? Yes, I do.

Have you got a car? Yes, I have. _____

3 Do they have a lot of money? No, they don't.

4 Does your brother have a girlfriend? No, he doesn't.

5 Does your school have a computer centre? Yes, it does.



11

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Find ten articles of clothing. Write the words in the spaces.

T	R	O	U	S	E	R	S	H	I	R	S
R	O	D	W	H	E	L	H	E	T	I	H
A	U	H	J	A	C	K	E	T	B	A	O
I	S	H	U	R	T	U	P	L	I	O	E
N	E	C	M	I	C	D	R	E	S	S	S
E	R	N	P	A	O	R	X	U	H	K	O
R	S	U	E	N	A	E	S	S	U	I	T
S	H	I	R	T	T	S	Z	P	U	R	K
E	A	G	P	A	L	R	B	O	O	T	S
V	S	I	J	E	A	N	S	F	S	I	M

jumper _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Write the *-ing* form of the verbs.

- 1 watch watching
- 2 run running
- 3 write writing
- 4 swim _____
- 5 drive _____
- 6 drink _____
- 7 listen _____
- 8 have _____
- 9 get _____
- 10 read _____
- 11 think _____
- 12 smile _____
- 13 sit _____

1 point for each correct answer

10

3 Complete the sentences using the Present Continuous form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 I can't come to the cinema. I'm doing my homework. (do)
- 2 You can't go outside. You aren't wearing any shoes. (not wear)
- 3 She can't answer the phone because she _____ her hair. (wash)
- 4 I _____ out this evening because I've got a headache. (not go)
- 5 You can't listen to music because the stereo _____. (not work)
- 6 My parents aren't here at the moment. They _____ golf. (play)
- 7 What's the matter? Why _____ you _____? (cry)
- 8 What _____ the children _____ in the garden? (do)
- 9 They _____ this afternoon because they're both very tired. (not work)
- 10 We don't want to leave the party. We _____ to a very interesting person. (talk)
- 11 My children _____ English at the moment. (learn)
- 12 The sky is cloudy. Why _____ you _____ sunglasses? (wear)

2 points for each correct answer

20

4 Circle the correct alternative(s) in each sentence.

- 1 Your / Yours house is bigger than my / mine.
- 2 Whose / Who is this? It's John.
- 3 This pen isn't hers / her. Is it your / yours?
- 4 Ours / Our children are older than their / theirs.
- 5 Who / Whose is this? It's John's.
- 6 Who's / Whose having a party? I am.
- 7 Who's / Whose are these? They're mine.
- 8 Her / Hers children are students at my / mine school.

2 points for each correct answer

20

5 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.

A Hi, Fiona. (1) ___ the party?

B Yes, (2) ___, thanks, but can I ask you a question?

A Of course.

B (3) ___ that man over there? I think he's very good-looking.

A Who? I can't see.

B He (4) ___ near the door.

A (5) ___ jeans and a red T-shirt?

B No, (6) ___. He's got brown hair and he's tall and very handsome.

A Oh, that's Robert.

B What (7) ___ ?

A He's a writer. He (8) ___ a novel at the moment.

B I'd love to meet him. Is he married?

A No, but he (9) ___ married next month.

B Oh well, I (10) ___ for a new boyfriend at the moment anyway!

1 a Are you enjoying b Do you enjoy
c You enjoy d Enjoy

2 a I do b I'm c I enjoy d I am

3 a Whose b Who are c Who's d Where

4 a stands b 's standing c standing d are standing

5 a Does he wear b He is wearing
c Is he wearing d He's wearing

6 a he is b he doesn't c I'm not d he isn't

7 a does he do b did he do c his job d is he doing

8 a writing b 's writing c are writing d writes

9 a getting b 's getting c got d gets

10 a don't look b isn't looking c 'm not looking
d not look

4 points for each correct answer

	40
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



11

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Write the *-ing* form of the verbs.

- 1 watch *watching*
- 2 run *running*
- 3 write *writing*
- 4 listen
- 5 get
- 6 swim
- 7 read
- 8 drink
- 9 smile
- 10 drive
- 11 have
- 12 sit
- 13 think

1 point for each correct answer

	10
--	----

2 Find ten articles of clothing. Write the words in the spaces.

T	R	O	U	S	E	R	S	H	I	R	S
R	O	D	W	H	E	L	H	E	T	I	H
A	U	H	J	A	C	K	E	T	B	A	O
I	S	H	U	R	T	U	P	L	I	O	E
N	E	C	M	I	C	D	R	E	S	S	S
E	R	N	P	A	O	R	X	U	H	K	O
R	S	U	E	N	A	E	S	S	U	I	T
S	H	I	R	T	T	S	Z	P	U	R	K
E	A	G	P	A	L	R	B	O	O	T	S
V	S	I	J	E	A	N	S	F	S	I	M

- jumper* _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

1 point for each correct answer

	10
--	----

3 Circle the correct alternative(s) in each sentence.

- 1 *Your* Yours house is bigger than *my* / *mine* .
- 2 *Who's* / *Whose* having a party? I am.
- 3 *Whose* / *Who* is this? It's John.
- 4 *Who's* / *Whose* are these? They're mine.
- 5 *Ours* / *Our* children are older than *their* / *theirs* .
- 6 *Her* / *Hers* children are students at *my* / *mine* school.
- 7 This pen isn't *hers* / *her* . Is it *your* / *yours* ?
- 8 *Who* / *Whose* is this? It's John's.

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

4 Complete the sentences using the Present Continuous form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 I can't come to the cinema. I'm *doing* my homework. (do)
- 2 You can't go outside. You *aren't wearing* any shoes. (not wear)
- 3 My parents aren't here at the moment. They _____ golf. (play)
- 4 What _____ the children _____ in the garden? (do)
- 5 She can't answer the phone because she _____ her hair. (wash)
- 6 They _____ this afternoon because they're both very tired. (not work)
- 7 You can't listen to music because the stereo _____ . (not work)
- 8 My children _____ English at the moment. (learn)
- 9 I _____ out this evening because I've got a headache. (not go)
- 10 What's the matter? Why _____ you _____ ? (cry)
- 11 The sky is cloudy. Why _____ you _____ sunglasses? (wear)
- 12 We don't want to leave the party. We _____ to a very interesting person. (talk)

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

5 Complete the conversation. (Circle) the correct answer.

A Hi, Fiona. (1) ___ the party?

B Yes, (2) ___, thanks, but can I ask you a question?

A Of course.

B (3) ___ that man over there? I think he's very good-looking.

A Who? I can't see.

B He (4) ___ near the door.

A (5) ___ jeans and a red T-shirt?

B No, (6) ___. He's got brown hair and he's tall and very handsome.

A Oh, that's Robert.

B What (7) ___ ?

A He's a writer. He (8) ___ a novel at the moment.

B I'd love to meet him. Is he married?

A No, but he (9) ___ married next month.

B Oh well, I (10) ___ for a new boyfriend at the moment anyway!

1 a Enjoy b You enjoy

c Do you enjoy d Are you enjoying

2 a I am b I enjoy c I'm d I do

3 a Where b Who's c Who are d Whose

4 a are standing b standing c 's standing d stands

5 a He's wearing b Is he wearing

c He is wearing d Does he wear

6 a he isn't b I'm not c he doesn't d he is

7 a is he doing b his job c did he do d does he do

8 a writes b are writing c 's writing d writing

9 a gets b got c 's getting d getting

10 a not look b 'm not looking

c isn't looking d don't look

4 points for each correct answer

	40
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



12

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the weather symbols to the words.



- | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> foggy | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> windy | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> snowy |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> rainy | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> cloudy | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> sunny |

1 point for each correct answer

	6
--	---

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

SUE GLASS, RACING DRIVER

Sue Glass had a car accident when she was eight so she didn't like driving. When she grew up this was a problem, because she got a job with a car company. Then six years ago she met Julian Swayland, a racing driver, and she told him she was afraid of cars. He wanted to help, so he took her to Brands Hatch, a Grand Prix racing circuit. He drove her round corners at 100 mph and she loved it. Then she heard about a special motor racing course. She did the course with five men and was amazed when she got top marks. She says:

'I think I did well because I listened to everything the teacher said. I needed to because I was so afraid. The men often didn't listen. The best moment was my first championship race. I didn't win but I came fourth. I beat 20 men. I love the excitement of motor racing but it's a dangerous sport and I'm always very frightened.'

- 1 Sue Glass didn't like driving because she had a car accident. _____
- 2 When Sue Glass grew up she worked for a car company. _____
- 3 Julian Swayland was afraid of cars. _____
- 4 Julian took Sue to Brands Hatch because he wanted to help her. _____
- 5 Sue drove a car at 100 mph. _____
- 6 Sue listened to the teacher so she did the course very well. _____
- 7 Sue was afraid of the men on her course. _____
- 8 Sue won her fourth championship race. _____
- 9 Sue was better than 20 men on the course. _____
- 10 Sue loves motor racing because it's dangerous. _____

1 point for each correct answer

	10
--	----

3 Complete the sentences using *at*, *in*, *on*, *like*, or *of*.

- 1 There's a good concert _____ Channel 3.
- 2 He's going to France _____ a year's time.
- 3 Is there a film _____ TV tonight?
- 4 Are you afraid _____ him?
- 5 I'm very good _____ swimming.
- 6 What was the weather _____ during your holiday?
- 7 What's _____ at the cinema?

2 points for each correct answer

	14
--	----

4 Complete the sentences using *going to* and the verb in brackets.

- 1 Look at those clouds! It 's going to rain . (rain)
- 2 This film is boring. I 'm not going to watch it . (not watch)
- 3 Hurry up! We _____ late. (be)
- 4 I'm very tired. I _____ at home this evening. (stay)
- 5 It's very cold. They _____ in the garden this afternoon. (not work)
- 6 Careful! That book _____ . (fall)
- 7 It's my birthday next Saturday. My friend _____ dinner for me. (cook)
- 8 We haven't got much money. We _____ a new car. (not buy)
- 9 Alan's going to university next year. He _____ journalism. (study)
- 10 We didn't study much this term. We _____ the exam. (not pass)
- 11 They don't like living in the city. They _____ to the country. (move)
- 12 He isn't interested in chemistry. He _____ a doctor. (not be)

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

5 Write questions.

- 1 he / be / a dancer?
Is he going to be a dancer? _____
- 2 What / you / wear for the party?
What are you going to wear for the party? _____
- 3 How long / you / stay / in Germany?

- 4 What / they / do / during the holidays?

- 5 he / get married / next year?

- 6 When / she / take her exams?

- 7 we / have lunch / in a pub?

- 8 you / visit / your family / soon?

- 9 How / they / travel to Prague?

- 10 she / look for / a new job?

- 11 Why / they / sell their house?

- 12 your parents / retire / next year?

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

6 Rewrite the sentences using the infinitive of purpose.

- 1 I'm going to the bank because I want to get some money.
I'm going to the bank to get some money. _____
- 2 Are you studying hard because you want to pass your exams?
Are you studying hard to pass your exams? _____
- 3 I went to town because I wanted to do some shopping.
I went to town to do some shopping. _____
- 4 The children went to the park because they wanted to play.

5 Are you going to the kitchen because you want to make a sandwich?
_____6 I went to New York because I wanted to visit the art galleries.
_____7 They're going to the travel agent's because they want to book a holiday.
_____8 Is he saving money because he wants to buy a car?
_____9 Are they moving to the country because they want to have a quieter life?
_____2 points for each correct answer

	12
--	----

7 Complete the dialogue. Choose six words from the box.
 rainy beautiful shall Let's cold to do sunny
 Can Do for Shall
A It's a (1) _____ day. What (2) _____ we do?**B** It's very (3) _____ and warm. (4) _____ go out.**A** OK. (5) _____ we go to the beach or to the country?**B** I'd like to go to the beach (6) _____ go swimming.**A** OK. I'll get my swimming costume.3 points for each correct answer

	18
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



12

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

SUE GLASS, RACING DRIVER

Sue Glass had a car accident when she was eight so she didn't like driving. When she grew up this was a problem, because she got a job with a car company. Then six years ago she met Julian Swayland, a racing driver, and she told him she was afraid of cars. He wanted to help, so he took her to Brands Hatch, a Grand Prix racing circuit. He drove her round corners at 100 mph and she loved it. Then she heard about a special motor racing course. She did the course with five men and was amazed when she got top marks. She says:

'I think I did well because I listened to everything the teacher said. I needed to because I was so afraid. The men often didn't listen. The best moment was my first championship race. I didn't win but I came fourth. I beat 20 men. I love the excitement of motor racing but it's a dangerous sport and I'm always very frightened.'

- 1 Sue Glass didn't like driving because she had a car accident. _____
- 2 When Sue Glass grew up she worked for a car company. _____
- 3 Julian Swayland was afraid of cars. _____
- 4 Julian took Sue to Brands Hatch because he wanted to help her. _____
- 5 Sue drove a car at 100 mph. _____
- 6 Sue listened to the teacher so she did the course very well. _____
- 7 Sue was afraid of the men on her course. _____
- 8 Sue won her fourth championship race. _____
- 9 Sue was better than 20 men on the course. _____
- 10 Sue loves motor racing because it's dangerous. _____

1 point for each correct answer

	10
--	----

2 Match the weather symbols to the words.



- | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> rainy | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> snowy | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> cloudy |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> sunny | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> foggy | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> windy |

1 point for each correct answer

	6
--	---

3 Complete the sentences using *going to* and the verb in brackets.

- 1 Look at those clouds! It 's going to rain . (rain)
- 2 This film is boring. I 'm not going to watch it . (not watch)
- 3 We didn't study much this term. We _____ the exam. (not pass)
- 4 Careful! That book _____ . (fall)
- 5 We haven't got much money. We _____ a new car. (not buy)
- 6 Hurry up! We _____ late. (be)
- 7 Alan's going to university next year. He _____ journalism. (study)
- 8 It's very cold. They _____ in the garden this afternoon. (not work)
- 9 They don't like living in the city. They _____ to the country. (move)
- 10 I'm very tired. I _____ at home this evening. (stay)
- 11 It's my birthday next Saturday. My friend _____ dinner for me. (cook)
- 12 He isn't interested in chemistry. He _____ a doctor. (not be)

2 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

4 Complete the sentences using *at*, *in*, *on*, *like*, or *of*.

- 1 Are you afraid _____ him?
- 2 What was the weather _____ during your holiday?
- 3 There's a good concert _____ Channel 3.
- 4 I'm very good _____ swimming.
- 5 Is there a film _____ TV tonight?
- 6 What's _____ at the cinema?
- 7 He's going to France _____ a year's time.

2 points for each correct answer

	14
--	----

5 Complete the dialogue. Choose six words from the box.

shall to Do beautiful do cold rainy Can sunny Shall for Let's
--

- A** It's a (1) _____ day. What (2) _____ we do?
B It's very (3) _____ and warm. (4) _____ go out.
A OK. (5) _____ we go to the beach or to the country?
B I'd like to go to the beach (6) _____ go swimming.
A OK. I'll get my swimming costume.

3 points for each correct answer

 18**6** Rewrite the sentences using the infinitive of purpose.

- 1 I'm going to the bank because I want to get some money.
I'm going to the bank to get some money.
- 2 Are you studying hard because you want to pass your exams?
Are you studying hard to pass your exams?
- 3 I went to town because I wanted to do some shopping.
I went to town to do some shopping.
- 4 I went to New York because I wanted to visit the art galleries.

- 5 Are they moving to the country because they want to have a quieter life?

- 6 Are you going to the kitchen because you want to make a sandwich?

- 7 Is he saving money because he wants to buy a car?

- 8 They're going to the travel agent's because they want to book a holiday.

- 9 The children went to the park because they wanted to play.

2 points for each correct answer

 12**7** Write questions.

- 1 he / be / a dancer?
Is he going to be a dancer?
- 2 What / you / wear for the party?
What are you going to wear for the party?
- 3 she / look for / a new job?

- 4 When / she / take her exams?

- 5 you / visit / your family / soon?

- 6 How long / you / stay / in Germany?

- 7 How / they / travel to Prague?

- 8 he / get married / next year?

- 9 Why / they / sell their house?

- 10 What / they / do / during the holidays?

- 11 we / have lunch / in a pub?

- 12 your parents / retire / next year?

2 points for each correct answer

 20

TOTAL

 100



13

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Circle the word in each group which is different.

- 1 newspaper writer novel magazine
- 2 Swiss French Britain Chinese
- 3 bored interesting tired worried
- 4 slowly quietly quickly hard
- 5 medal ticket train platform
- 6 bedroom living room dining room palace

1 point for each correct answer

5

2 Match the question words and answers.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> e How far? | a My sister. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Why? | b In Rome. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Who? | c Last month. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> How many? | d £25.00 |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> What? | e Five kilometres. |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Where? | f Twenty-five. |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> How much? | g Because I'm cold. |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> When? | h A new dress. |

1 point for each correct answer

7

3 Complete the questions using the question words in the box.

which where how much what sort of how old why when who what (x2) how
--

- 1 'How do you travel to work?' 'By bus.'
- 2 '_____ does he do?' 'He's a doctor.'
- 3 '_____ did you start your new job?'
'About six weeks ago.'
- 4 '_____ train are you going to catch?'
'The 7.15.'
- 5 '_____ is your favourite writer?'
'Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.'
- 6 '_____ do you go at weekends?'
'To the beach.'
- 7 '_____ happened in the film?'
'The man and the woman got married.'
- 8 '_____ books do you read?'
'I like detective stories.'
- 9 '_____ did your car cost?'
'It wasn't very expensive.'

10 '_____ didn't you pass the exam?'
'I didn't study very hard.'

11 '_____ were you on your last birthday?'
'Nineteen.'

2 points for each correct answer

20

4 Complete the table.

NOUN	ADJECTIVE
colour	<u>colourful</u>
danger	_____
health	_____
anger	_____
sun	_____
romance	_____
beauty	_____
peace	_____
noise	_____

2 points for each correct answer

16

5 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

- 1 This house is very quiet / quietly.
- 2 I always eat my food very quick / quickly.
- 3 He isn't a very careful / carefully driver.
- 4 You speak English very well / good.
- 5 Smoking is a very badly / bad habit.
- 6 You can travel from London to Paris very easy / easily.
- 7 She's a very well / good dancer.
- 8 Could you speak more slow / slowly, please?
- 9 I thought that test was very easy / easily.

2 points for each correct answer

16

6 Put the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentence. If necessary, change the adjective to an adverb.

- 1 I heard the news and I went home. (immediate)
I heard the news and I went home immediately.
- 2 John cooks. (good)

- 3 She's got a headache. (bad)

4 I love driving. (fast)

5 We did a test yesterday. (hard)

6 Please call the police. (immediate)

7 They always walk through the park. (slow)

8 We work every day. (hard)

9 Anna is a doctor. (good)

2 points for each correct answer

	16
--	----

7 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.

A Good morning. Can you (1) ___ me the (2) ___ of the trains to London for today, please?

B Morning or afternoon?

A Morning, please. After nine o'clock.

B The first train (3) ___ at 9.15 and then there's one at 9.45 and 10.15.

A (4) ___ does the 9.45 arrive in London?

B At 11.15.

A I want to come back this evening, so I'd like a (5) ___, please.

B OK, that's thirty-five pounds fifty, please.

A Here you are.

B Thanks, and here's your ticket.

1 a say b speak c tell d talk

2 a times b hours c platforms d tickets

3 a left b leave c leaving d leaves

4 a What time b How often c How far d What sort

5 a single b platform c day return d period return

4 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



13

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Match the question words and answers.

- | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---|-------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> e | How far? | a | My sister. |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> | Where? | b | In Rome. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> | Why? | c | Last month. |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> | How much? | d | £25.00 |
| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> | How many? | e | Five kilometres. |
| 6 <input type="checkbox"/> | When? | f | Twenty-five. |
| 7 <input type="checkbox"/> | Who? | g | Because I'm cold. |
| 8 <input type="checkbox"/> | What? | h | A new dress. |

1 point for each correct answer

7

2 Complete the questions using the question words in the box.

which where how much what sort of how old
why when who what (x2) ~~how~~

- 'How do you travel to work?' 'By bus.'
- '_____ happened in the film?'
'The man and the woman got married.'
- '_____ does he do?' 'He's a doctor.'
- '_____ books do you read?'
'I like detective stories.'
- '_____ train are you going to catch?'
'The 7.15.'
- '_____ didn't you pass the exam?'
'I didn't study very hard.'
- '_____ did you start your new job?'
'About six weeks ago.'
- '_____ do you go at weekends?'
'To the beach.'
- '_____ were you on your last birthday?'
'Nineteen.'
- '_____ did your car cost?'
'It wasn't very expensive.'
- '_____ is your favourite writer?'
'Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.'

2 points for each correct answer

20

3 Circle the word in each group which is different.

- newspaper writer novel magazine
- slowly quietly quickly hard
- bored interesting tired worried
- Swiss French Britain Chinese
- medal ticket train platform
- bedroom living room dining room palace

1 point for each correct answer

5

4 Circle the correct alternative in each sentence.

- This house is very quiet / quietly.
- She's a very *well* / *good* dancer.
- I always eat my food very *quick* / *quickly*.
- Could you speak more *slow* / *slowly*, please?
- You speak English very *well* / *good*.
- I thought that test was very *easy* / *easily*.
- He isn't a very *careful* / *carefully* driver.
- You can travel from London to Paris very *easy* / *easily*.
- Smoking is a very *badly* / *bad* habit.

2 points for each correct answer

16

5 Complete the table.

NOUN	ADJECTIVE
colour	<u>colourful</u>
romance	_____
danger	_____
beauty	_____
anger	_____
peace	_____
noise	_____
sun	_____
health	_____

2 points for each correct answer

16

6 Complete the conversation. **Circle** the correct answer.

A Good morning. Can you (1) ___ me the (2) ___ of the trains to London for today, please?

B Morning or afternoon?

A Morning, please. After nine o'clock.

B The first train (3) ___ at 9.15 and then there's one at 9.45 and 10.15.

A (4) ___ does the 9.45 arrive in London?

B At 11.15.

A I want to come back this evening, so I'd like a (5) ___, please.

B OK, that's thirty-five pounds fifty, please.

A Here you are.

B Thanks, and here's your ticket.

1 a talk b tell c speak d say

2 a tickets b platforms c hours d times

3 a leaves b leaving c leave d left

4 a What sort b How far c How often d What time

5 a period return b day return c platform d single

4 points for each correct answer

	20
--	----

8 Please call the police. (immediate)

9 We did a test yesterday. (hard)

2 points for each correct answer

	16
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----

7 Put the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentence. If necessary, change the adjective to an adverb.

1 I heard the news and I went home. (immediate)

I heard the news and I went home immediately.

2 They always walk through the park. (slow)

3 John cooks. (good)

4 We work every day. (hard)

5 I love driving. (fast)

6 Anna is a doctor. (good)

7 She's got a headache. (bad)



14

NAME: _____

Test A

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Complete the table.

INFINITIVE	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
see	<u>saw</u>	<u>seen</u>
finish	<u>finished</u>	<u>finished</u>
eat	_____	_____
drink	_____	_____
buy	_____	_____
fly	_____	_____
do	_____	_____
make	_____	_____
have	_____	_____
take	_____	_____
win	_____	_____
meet	_____	_____

1 point for each correct answer: 10
1/2 for Past Simple, 1/2 for past participle

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

TOMMY HARRISON

Tommy Harrison is exactly 100 years old. He's a retired engineer. His wife, Maude, died 14 years ago. They had no children and now he lives alone in his flat in Bristol. Bill has smoked all his life. First he smoked cigarettes, about 10 a day, but 40 years ago he changed to a pipe. He has only been ill once in his life, and that was just before the First World War, when he had rheumatic fever. The only time he visits his doctor is to get a certificate to say that he can still drive his car. Every day he has a full English breakfast - bacon, eggs, toast and marmalade. He has only been abroad once, to France during the war. He says: 'I still go dancing and swimming but I don't want to live for ever, perhaps 12 months more. My father lived until he was 99.'

- Tommy is over 100 years old. _____
- Tommy lives with his wife in Bristol. _____
- Tommy doesn't have a son. _____
- Tommy stopped smoking 40 years ago. _____
- Tommy was ill before the First World War. _____
- Tommy still drives a car. _____
- Tommy lived in France after the war. _____
- Tommy started dancing 12 months ago. _____
- Tommy's father was very old when he died. _____

1 point for each correct answer 9

3 Complete the sentences with *on*, *up*, *off*, or *out*.

- Please turn _____ the light and go to sleep.
- I get _____ at 7.30 a.m. every morning.
- Where can I try _____ this shirt please?
- Shall we go _____ tonight?
- When he grows _____ he wants to be a rock star.
- Are you hot? Why don't you take _____ your coat?

2 points for each correct answer 12

4 Write sentences using the correct form of the Present Perfect and *yet*.

- they buy a house / not move
They've bought a house but they haven't moved yet.
- I / start my new job / not find a flat

- He / learn to drive / not buy a car

- They / fly to Florida / not visit Disneyland

- We / eat the main course / not choose the dessert

- She / send her boyfriend a letter / not receive a reply

2 points for each correct answer 10

5 Write questions with *ever*, and short answers.

- they / eat / Mexican food? yes
Have they ever eaten Mexican food?
Yes, they have.
- you / meet / a famous person? no
Have you ever met a famous person?
No, I haven't.

3 she / fly / on a plane? no

4 you and your brother / see / a horror film? yes

5 they / go / to Australia? yes

6 he / win / a competition? no

7 you / buy / a car? yes

2 points for each correct question and answer

	10
--	----

6 Write questions using the Present Perfect + *yet*, and short answers using *just*.

1 you/finish your homework? yes

*Have you finished your homework yet?**Yes, I've just finished it.*

2 the children/eat their lunch? yes

3 your friend/take his driving test? yes

4 you and your husband/sell your house? yes

5 you/do the shopping? yes

6 she/read the letter? yes

2 points for each correct question and answer

	10
--	----

7 Complete the text. Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Perfect or Past Simple.

I (1) _____ (go) to New York for the first time three years ago. I (2) _____ (meet) an American girl of my age called Stacy. She was very friendly. She asked me, '(3) _____ you _____ (be) to New York before?'

'No, I (4) _____,' I said, and so Stacy offered to help me. '(5) _____ you _____ (see) the Statue of Liberty yet?' she asked. 'Yes, I (6) _____ (see) it yesterday,' I replied. 'OK. What about the Empire State Building?' 'Yes, I (7) _____ just _____ (walk) to the top of it. It (8) _____ (be) wonderful!' 'What else (9) _____ you _____ (visit) in New York?' 'Nothing really. I'd like to go shopping but I (10) _____ (not find) any good shops yet.'

'Well, let's go to Macy's. It's the best shop in New York.' So we (11) _____ (take) the train to Macy's and I (12) _____ (spend) a lot of money! I (13) _____ (leave) New York two weeks later after a wonderful holiday.

3 points for each correct answer

	39
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



14

NAME: _____

Test B

Poniższy test zawiera różne rodzaje ćwiczeń. Przeczytaj uważnie polecenie do każdego ćwiczenia i skorzystaj z podanych przykładów.

1 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (x)?

TOMMY HARRISON

Tommy Harrison is exactly 100 years old. He's a retired engineer. His wife, Maude, died 14 years ago. They had no children and now he lives alone in his flat in Bristol. Bill has smoked all his life. First he smoked cigarettes, about 10 a day, but 40 years ago he changed to a pipe. He has only been ill once in his life, and that was just before the First World War, when he had rheumatic fever. The only time he visits his doctor is to get a certificate to say that he can still drive his car. Every day he has a full English breakfast - bacon, eggs, toast and marmalade. He has only been abroad once, to France during the war. He says: 'I still go dancing and swimming but I don't want to live for ever, perhaps 12 months more. My father lived until he was 99.'

- 1 Tommy is over 100 years old. _____
- 2 Tommy lives with his wife in Bristol. _____
- 3 Tommy doesn't have a son. _____
- 4 Tommy stopped smoking 40 years ago. _____
- 5 Tommy was ill before the First World War. _____
- 6 Tommy still drives a car. _____
- 7 Tommy lived in France after the war. _____
- 8 Tommy started dancing 12 months ago. _____
- 9 Tommy's father was very old when he died. _____

1 point for each correct answer

	9
--	---

2 Complete the sentences with *on, up, off, or out*.

- 1 Shall we go _____ tonight?
- 2 Are you hot? Why don't you take _____ your coat?
- 3 I get _____ at 7.30 a.m. every morning.
- 4 Please turn _____ the light and go to sleep.
- 5 When he grows _____ he wants to be a rock star.
- 6 Where can I try _____ this shirt please?

2 points for each correct answer

	12
--	----

3 Complete the table.

INFINITIVE	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
see	<u>saw</u>	<u>seen</u>
finish	<u>finished</u>	<u>finished</u>
fly	_____	_____
make	_____	_____
eat	_____	_____
have	_____	_____
buy	_____	_____
win	_____	_____
drink	_____	_____
do	_____	_____
meet	_____	_____
take	_____	_____

1 point for each correct answer:

	10
--	----

1/2 for Past Simple, 1/2 for past participle

4 Write questions using the Present Perfect + *yet*, and short answers using *just*.

- 1 you/finish your homework? yes
Have you finished your homework yet? _____
Yes, I've just finished it. _____
- 2 you and your husband/sell your house? yes

- 3 she/read the letter? yes

- 4 your friend/take his driving test? yes

- 5 the children/eat their lunch? yes

- 6 you/do the shopping? yes

2 points for each correct question and answer

	10
--	----

5 Write sentences using the Present Perfect and *yet*.

- 1 they buy a house / not move
They've bought a house but they haven't moved yet. _____
- 2 They / fly to Florida / not visit Disneyland

- 3 She / send her boyfriend a letter / not receive a reply

- 4 He / learn to drive / not buy a car

- 5 I / start my new job / not find a flat

- 6 We / eat the main course / not choose the dessert

2 points for each correct answer

	10
--	----

6 Complete the text. Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Perfect or the Past Simple.

I (1) _____ (go) to New York for the first time three years ago. I (2) _____ (meet) an American girl of my age called Stacy. She was very friendly. She asked me, '(3) _____ you _____ (be) to New York before?'

'No, I (4) _____,' I said, and so Stacy offered to help me. '(5) _____ you _____ (see) the Statue of Liberty yet?' she asked. 'Yes, I (6) _____ (see) it yesterday,' I replied. 'OK. What about the Empire State Building?' 'Yes, I (7) _____ just _____ (walk) to the top of it. It (8) _____ (be) wonderful!' 'What else (9) _____ you _____ (visit) in New York?' 'Nothing really. I'd like to go shopping but I (10) _____ (not find) any good shops yet.'

'Well, let's go to Macy's. It's the best shop in New York.' So we (11) _____ (take) the train to Macy's and I (12) _____ (spend) a lot of money! I (13) _____ (leave) New York two weeks later after a wonderful holiday.

3 points for each correct answer

	39
--	----

7 Write questions with *ever*, and short answers.

- 1 they / eat / Mexican food? yes
Have they ever eaten Mexican food? _____
Yes, they have. _____
- 2 you / meet / a famous person? no
Have you ever met a famous person? _____
No, I haven't. _____
- 3 they / go / to Australia? yes

- 4 you / buy / a car? yes

- 5 you and your brother / see / a horror film? yes

- 6 she / fly / on a plane? no

- 7 he / win / a competition? no

2 points for each correct question and answer

	10
--	----

TOTAL

	100
--	-----



NAME: _____

Listening tests

Unit 1 T 1.11

Dialogue 3 p114

Listen and complete the conversation.

A Hello, 270899.

B Hi, Flora! It's me, Leo. (1) _____ (2) _____ you?

A Not bad, (3) _____. And you?

B (4) _____ well. How are the children?

A (5) _____ fine.

Unit 4 T 4.1

p115

Listen and write the words.

Every morning

go to the (1) gym

On Mondays

always go (2) _____

On Tuesdays

visit my (3) _____

Every afternoon

pick up the (4) _____

In the evenings

usually (5) _____

On Friday evenings

never (6) _____

Unit 2 T 2.10

p114

Tick (✓) the words you hear.

orange

salad

pizza

chicken

juice

tea

tuna

water

chips

cake

drink

Unit 5 T 5.3

Manola from Lisbon p116

Listen and number the words in the order you hear them.

town 7

city

window

flat

shops

bed

Unit 3 T 3.1

p20

Listen and put ✓ or X.

1 Ali is a scientist.

2 Ali comes from Switzerland.

3 Ali works in Geneva.

4 Ali speaks Spanish.

5 Ali's daughter is married.

6 Ali likes walking.

Unit 6 T 6.8

Dialogue 3 p117

Listen and complete the conversation.

A Good morning. Barclays Bank, Watford. How can I help you?

B Good morning. Can I (1) _____ to the manager please?

A I'm (2) _____. Mr Smith isn't in his office at the (3) _____. Can I take a (4) _____?

B Don't worry. I'll (5) _____ back later.

A All right. Goodbye.

B Goodbye.



NAME: _____

Listening tests**Unit 7 T 7.4**

p117

Listen and write the numbers.

- 1 Mattie worked from 6.00 in the morning.
- 2 She earned \$ _____ a day.
- 3 She married when she was _____ .
- 4 She had _____ sons.
- 5 Hubert died _____ years ago.
- 6 Mattie learned to read and write when she was _____ .

Unit 8 T 8.1

Aspirin p118

Listen and complete the text.

Felix Hofman, a 29-year-old (1) chemist who worked for the German company Bayer, (2) _____ the drug Aspirin in March 1899. He gave the first aspirin to his (3) _____ for his arthritis. By (4) _____ it was the best-selling painkiller in the world, and in 1969 the Apollo astronauts took it to the (5) _____. The Spanish philosopher, José Ortega y Gasset, called the 20th (6) _____ 'The Age of Aspirin.'

Unit 9 T 9.5

p119

Listen and number the words in the order you hear them.

- | | |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| fruit | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| wine | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| dogs | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ice-cream | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| books | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| bike | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Unit 10 T 10.8

p121

Listen and tick (✓) the words you hear.

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> bridge | <input type="checkbox"/> field |
| <input type="checkbox"/> wood | <input type="checkbox"/> farm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> pub | <input type="checkbox"/> village |
| <input type="checkbox"/> mountain | <input type="checkbox"/> lake |
| <input type="checkbox"/> hill | <input type="checkbox"/> church |
| <input type="checkbox"/> river | |

Unit 11 T 11.1

p121

Listen and tick (✓) the correct column(s).

	rich	musician	drinking wine	married	laughing	works in LA
HARRY		✓				✓
MANDY						
FIONA						
GEORGE						
ROZ & SAM						

Unit 12 T 12.1

Rosie p121

Listen and finish the sentences.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| going to be | a (1) ballet dancer |
| going to travel | all over (2) _____ |
| want to dance | in Paris and (3) _____ |
| going to have | two (4) _____ |
| going to work | until I'm (5) _____ |
| going to open | a dance (6) _____ |

Listening tests

Unit 13 T 13.3

p122

Listen and complete the text.

It was about 2 o'clock in the morning, and ... (1) suddenly I woke up. I heard a noise. I got out of bed and went slowly (2) _____. There was a light on in the living room. I listened (3) _____. I could hear two men speaking very quietly. 'Burglars!' I thought. 'Two burglars!' (4) _____ I ran back upstairs and phoned the police. I was really frightened. (5) _____ the police arrived quickly. They opened the front door and went into the living room. Then they came upstairs to find me. 'It's all right now, sir,' they (6) _____. 'We turned the television off for you!'

Unit 14 T 14.7

Dialogues 1 and 2 p123

Listen and complete the conversations.

- 1 **A** Listen! ... BA 516 to Geneva. That's our (1) flight.
B Did the announcement say (2) _____ 4 or 14?
A I couldn't hear. I think it said 4.
B Look! There it is on the (3) _____ board.
 It is gate 4.
A OK. Come on! Let's go.
- 2 **A** Can I have your (4) _____, please?
B Yes, of course.
A Thank you. How many suitcases have you got?
B Just one.
A And have you got much hand (5) _____ ?
B Just this bag.
A That's fine.
B Oh ... can I have a seat next to the window?
A Yes, that's OK. Here's your (6) _____ pass.
 Have a nice flight!

Answer Key

UNIT 1 Test A

- 1** 2 France 3 Hungary 4 Germany
5 the United States 6 Spain 7 Japan
8 England 9 Italy 10 Brazil
- 2** 2 Its 3 Our 4 her 5 your 6 Their 7 His
- 3** 2 c 3 e 4 i 5 h 6 g
- 4** 3 a 4 a 5 a 6 a 7 a
8 an 9 a 10 a 11 an
- 5** 1 doctor 2 'm 3 have 4 are
5 live 6 in 7 want 8 language
- 6** 2 a 3 c 4 d 5 b 6 a
7 b 8 c 9 d 10 a

UNIT 1 Test B

- 1** 2 Brazil 3 Spain 4 Japan
5 France 6 England 7 Germany
8 the United States 9 Hungary 10 Italy
- 2** 2 your 3 His 4 her 5 Our 6 Their 7 Its
- 3** 3 a 4 an 5 a 6 a 7 a
8 an 9 a 10 a 11 a
- 4** 2 f 3 d 4 h 5 e 6 i
- 5** 2 d 3 b 4 a 5 c 6 d
7 c 8 b 9 a 10 d
- 6** 1 doctor 2 'm 3 have 4 are
5 live 6 in 7 want 8 language

UNIT 2 Test A

- 1** 3 They're new. 4 She's young.
 5 It's lovely. 6 They're old.
 7 It's easy. 8 They're cold.
 9 It's small. 10 She's old.
 11 It's horrible. 12 It's difficult.
- 2** 3 is, brother 4 is, Peter's 5 is Matthew's
 6 is, grandfather 7 is, daughter
- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
- 4** 1 in 2 in 3 of 4 at 5 at
 6 with 7 in 8 on 9 in 10 of
- 5** 1 have 2 Anything 3 cup 4 Here 5 pounds
- 6** 2 a 3 b 4 c 5 b 6 d
 7 b 8 a 9 d 10 a 11 c

UNIT 2 Test B

- 1** 3 It's lovely. 4 It's small.
 5 It's easy. 6 They're new.
 7 She's old. 8 She's young.
 9 They're old. 10 It's difficult.
 11 They're cold. 12 It's horrible.
- 2** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
- 3** 3 is Matthew's 4 is, daughter 5 is Peter's
 6 is, brother 7 is, grandfather
- 4** 2 d 3 b 4 c 5 c 6 a
 7 c 8 b 9 a 10 d 11 b
- 5** 1 in 2 in 3 of 4 at 5 at
 6 with 7 in 8 on 9 in 10 of
- 6** 1 have 2 Anything 3 cup 4 Here 5 pounds

UNIT 3 Test A

- 1** 1 postman 2 shopkeeper 3 accountant
 4 barman 5 receptionist 6 architect
 7 pilot 8 nurse 9 journalist
 10 interpreter

- 2** 1 It's quarter past nine.
 2 It's twenty to five.
 3 It's half past one.
 4 It's ten to eleven.
 5 It's five to eight.
 6 It's twenty-five past two.
 7 It's five past five.
 8 It's quarter to nine.
 9 It's twenty-five to seven.
 10 It's ten past three.

- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✗ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✗
 6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓

- 4** 1 teaches 2 has 3 plays 4 speaks 5 flies

- 5** 2 My brother doesn't wear a uniform at work.
 3 He doesn't go to the supermarket every day.
 4 Barbara doesn't drive to work.
 5 He doesn't have a lot of free time in the evenings.
 6 She doesn't watch TV every morning.

- 6** 2 Does she come from Manchester?
 3 Does he go swimming every week?
 4 Does Diane go to school by bus?
 5 Does she travel a lot?
 6 Does Peter live near the centre?

- 7** 2 Where does Alison learn Japanese?
 3 What does your husband do?
 4 How much does this book cost?
 5 What time does Mark leave in the mornings?
 6 How many children does your sister have?

- 8** 2 in 3 in 4 on 5 in 6 in
 7 for 8 in 9 to 10 to 11 by

UNIT 3 Test B

- 1** 1 ✓ 2 ✗ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✗
 6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓

- 2** 1 It's ten to eleven.
 2 It's twenty-five past two.
 3 It's quarter past nine.
 4 It's five past five.
 5 It's half past one.
 6 It's twenty-five to seven.
 7 It's twenty to five.
 8 It's five to eight.
 9 It's ten past three.
 10 It's quarter to nine.

- 3** 1 barman 2 architect 3 postman
 4 pilot 5 accountant 6 journalist
 7 shopkeeper 8 receptionist 9 interpreter
 10 nurse

- 4** 1 plays 2 flies 3 has 4 teaches 5 speaks

- 5** 2 Does Diane go to school by bus?
 3 Does Peter live near the centre?
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- 6** 2 Barbara doesn't drive to work.
 3 She doesn't watch TV every morning.
 4 He doesn't go to the supermarket every day.
 5 My brother doesn't wear a uniform at work.
 6 He doesn't have a lot of free time in the evenings.

- 7** 2 in 3 for 4 in 5 in 6 on
 7 to 8 in 9 in 10 by 11 to

- 8** 2 How much does this book cost?
 3 How many children does your sister have?
 4 What does your husband do?
 5 Where does Alison learn Japanese?
 6 What time does Mark leave in the mornings?

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- 2** 3 is, brother 4 is, Peter's 5 is Matthew's
6 is, grandfather 7 is, daughter
- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
- 4** 1 in 2 in 3 of 4 at 5 at
6 with 7 in 8 on 9 in 10 of
- 5** 1 have 2 Anything 3 cup 4 Here 5 pounds
- 6** 2 a 3 b 4 c 5 b 6 d
7 b 8 a 9 d 10 a 11 c

UNIT 2 Test B

- 1** 3 It's lovely. 4 It's small.
5 It's easy. 6 They're new.
7 She's old. 8 She's young.
9 They're old. 10 It's difficult.
11 They're cold. 12 It's horrible.
- 2** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
- 3** 3 is Matthew's 4 is, daughter 5 is Peter's
6 is, brother 7 is, grandfather
- 4** 2 d 3 b 4 c 5 c 6 a
7 c 8 b 9 a 10 d 11 b
- 5** 1 in 2 in 3 of 4 at 5 at
6 with 7 in 8 on 9 in 10 of
- 6** 1 have 2 Anything 3 cup 4 Here 5 pounds

UNIT 3 Test A

- 1** 1 postman 2 shopkeeper 3 accountant
 4 barman 5 receptionist 6 architect
 7 pilot 8 nurse 9 journalist
 10 interpreter

- 2** 1 It's quarter past nine.
 2 It's twenty to five.
 3 It's half past one.
 4 It's ten to eleven.
 5 It's five to eight.
 6 It's twenty-five past two.
 7 It's five past five.
 8 It's quarter to nine.
 9 It's twenty-five to seven.
 10 It's ten past three.

- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✗ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✗
 6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓

- 4** 1 teaches 2 has 3 plays 4 speaks 5 flies

- 5** 2 My brother doesn't wear a uniform at work.
 3 He doesn't go to the supermarket every day.
 4 Barbara doesn't drive to work.
 5 He doesn't have a lot of free time in the evenings.
 6 She doesn't watch TV every morning.

- 6** 2 Does she come from Manchester?
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 5 Does she travel a lot?
 6 Does Peter live near the centre?

- 7** 2 Where does Alison learn Japanese?
 3 What does your husband do?
 4 How much does this book cost?
 5 What time does Mark leave in the mornings?
 6 How many children does your sister have?

- 8** 2 in 3 in 4 on 5 in 6 in
 7 for 8 in 9 to 10 to 11 by

UNIT 3 Test B

- 1** 1 ✓ 2 ✗ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✗
 6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓

- 2** 1 It's ten to eleven.
 2 It's twenty-five past two.
 3 It's quarter past nine.
 4 It's five past five.
 5 It's half past one.
 6 It's twenty-five to seven.
 7 It's twenty to five.
 8 It's five to eight.
 9 It's ten past three.
 10 It's quarter to nine.

- 3** 1 barman 2 architect 3 postman
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 10 nurse

- 4** 1 plays 2 flies 3 has 4 teaches 5 speaks

- 5** 2 Does Diane go to school by bus?
 3 Does Peter live near the centre?
 4 Does he go swimming every week?
 5 Does she come from Manchester?
 6 Does she travel a lot?

- 6** 2 Barbara doesn't drive to work.
 3 She doesn't watch TV every morning.
 4 He doesn't go to the supermarket every day.
 5 My brother doesn't wear a uniform at work.
 6 He doesn't have a lot of free time in the evenings.

- 7** 2 in 3 for 4 in 5 in 6 on
 7 to 8 in 9 in 10 by 11 to

- 8** 2 How much does this book cost?
 3 How many children does your sister have?
 4 What does your husband do?
 5 Where does Alison learn Japanese?
 6 What time does Mark leave in the mornings?

UNIT 6 Test A

- 1** 2 h 3 d 4 b 5 i 6 c 7 a 8 g 9 f
- 2** 2 They could swim when they were five.
3 We couldn't read until we were six.
4 She could play the piano when she was nine.
5 I couldn't write until I was ten.
6 You could tell the time when you were four.
7 They couldn't walk until they were two.
- 3** 1 x 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 x 5 ✓ 6 x
- 4** 3 can't, paint 4 ski, can 5 can paint
6 can't dance 7 can ski
- 5** 3 Can Belinda dance? Yes, she can.
4 Can Martin and Ella ski? Yes, they can.
5 Can your parents sing? No, they can't.
6 Can you draw? No, I can't.
7 Can you and your brother swim? Yes, we can.
- 6** 1 for, until 2 at, with 3 to
- 7** 1 d 2 c 3 b 4 d 5 d
6 a 7 c 8 b 9 d 10 a
11 c

UNIT 6 Test B

- 1** 3 can paint 4 can ski 5 can't dance
6 can't, paint 7 ski, can
- 2** 2 a 3 h 4 g 5 b 6 i 7 d 8 c 9 f
- 3** 2 I couldn't write until I was ten.
3 They could swim when they were five.
4 You could tell the time when you were four.
5 She could play the piano when she was nine.
6 They couldn't walk until they were two.
7 We couldn't read until we were six.
- 4** 1 x 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 x 5 ✓ 6 x
- 5** 1 a 2 b 3 c 4 a 5 a
6 d 7 b 8 c 9 a 10 d
11 b
- 6** 1 to 2 for, until 3 at, with
- 7** 3 Can your parents sing? No, they can't.
4 Can you and your brother swim? Yes, we can.
5 Can Martin and Ella ski? Yes, they can.
6 Can Belinda dance? Yes, she can.
7 Can you draw? No, I can't.

UNIT 7 Test A

1	REGULAR VERBS	IRREGULAR VERBS
	study studied	meet met
	visit visited	give gave
	stay stayed	win won
	start started	buy bought
	enjoy enjoyed	speak spoke
	stop stopped	become became
		leave left
		get got
		do did
		lose lost

2	1 ✓	2 ✓	3 ✗	4 ✓	5 ✗
	6 ✓	7 ✗	8 ✓	9 ✓	10 ✗

3	1 were born	2 came	3 studied
	4 stayed	5 spoke	6 didn't earn
	7 had	8 helped	9 stopped
	10 died		

4	1 c	2 a	3 d	4 a	5 b
	6 c	7 c	8 a	9 b	10 d
	11 c				

UNIT 7 Test B

1	1 were born	2 came	3 studied
	4 stayed	5 spoke	6 didn't earn
	7 had	8 helped	9 stopped
	10 died		

2	REGULAR VERBS	IRREGULAR VERBS
	study studied	meet met
	visit visited	give gave
	stay stayed	win won
	start started	buy bought
	enjoy enjoyed	speak spoke
	stop stopped	become became
		leave left
		get got
		do did
		lose lost

3	1 b	2 d	3 a	4 d	5 c
	6 b	7 b	8 d	9 c	10 a
	11 b				

4	1 ✓	2 ✓	3 ✗	4 ✓	5 ✗
	6 ✓	7 ✗	8 ✓	9 ✓	10 ✗

UNIT 8 Test A

- 1** 2 f 3 j 4 c 5 g 6 d
7 h 8 e 9 i 10 b 11 a
- 2** IN AT ON
autumn weekends Saturday morning
the twenty-first century half past one my birthday
the afternoon Thursday
November Christmas Day
- 3** 1 x 2 x 3 x 4 ✓ 5 ✓
6 ✓ 7 x 8 ✓ 9 x 10 x
- 4** 2 f 3 g 4 i 5 c 6 h
- 5** 2 My sister didn't make a cake for my last birthday.
3 We didn't listen to the radio yesterday evening.
4 They didn't take the bus into town last Saturday.
5 He didn't go on holiday to Spain last summer.
6 You didn't eat a lot at lunch time.
7 I didn't wear my jeans at school.
8 They didn't call their parents last week.
9 My friends didn't write to me last month.
10 You didn't do all the shopping last Friday.
11 I didn't cook dinner every day last week.
- 6** 1 b 2 d 3 a 4 c 5 a
6 d 7 b 8 c 9 a 10 b

UNIT 8 Test B

- 1** 1 x 2 x 3 x 4 ✓ 5 ✓
6 ✓ 7 x 8 ✓ 9 x 10 x
- 2** 2 h 3 g 4 f 5 i 6 c
- 3** IN AT ON
autumn Saturday morning weekends
the twenty-first century my birthday half past one
the afternoon Thursday
November Christmas Day
- 4** 2 h 3 f 4 e 5 c 6 b
7 j 8 d 9 a 10 i 11 g
- 5** 1 c 2 a 3 d 4 b 5 d
6 a 7 c 8 b 9 d 10 c
- 6** 2 I didn't wear my jeans at school.
3 My sister didn't make a cake for my last birthday.
4 They didn't call their parents last week.
5 They didn't take the bus into town last Saturday.
6 You didn't do all the shopping last Friday.
7 We didn't listen to the radio yesterday evening.
8 You didn't eat a lot at lunch time.
9 I didn't cook dinner every day last week.
10 My friends didn't write to me last month.
11 He didn't go on holiday to Spain last summer.

UNIT 9 Test A

- 1** 2 a 3 l 4 b 5 d 6 i
7 f 8 m 9 c 10 k 11 j
12 g 13 h 14 n 15 o
- 2** 3 U 4 U 5 C 6 U 7 C
8 C 9 C 10 U 11 C 12 U
- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓
- 4** 2 Do you like 3 I'd like 4 Would you like
5 I like 6 I'd like
- 5** 3 any 4 some 5 some 6 a
7 any 8 an 9 some 10 some
11 an 12 any
- 6** 3 How many 4 How much 5 How much
6 How many 7 How many 8 How much
9 How many 10 How much 11 How many
12 How much
- 7** 1 Can/Could I ...
2 Can/Could I ...
3 Can/Could you ...
4 Can/Could you ...
5 Can/Could I ...
6 Can/Could you ...
7 Can/Could you ...
8 Can/Could I ...

UNIT 9 Test B

- 1** 2 m 3 i 4 h 5 b 6 d
7 n 8 l 9 e 10 j 11 k
12 g 13 a 14 f 15 c
- 2** 3 U 4 C 5 U 6 C 7 C
8 C 9 U 10 C 11 U 12 U
- 3** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✗ 5 ✓
6 ✗ 7 ✓ 8 ✗ 9 ✗ 10 ✓
- 4** 2 I'd like 3 I'd like 4 Do you like
5 I like 6 Would you like
- 5** 3 a 4 an 5 any 6 some
7 some 8 an 9 some 10 any
11 any 12 some
- 6** 3 How many 4 How much 5 How many
6 How many 7 How much 8 How many
9 How much 10 How many 11 How much
12 How much
- 7** 1 Can/Could you ...
2 Can/Could you ...
3 Can/Could I ...
4 Can/Could you ...
5 Can/Could you ...
6 Can/Could I ...
7 Can/Could I ...
8 Can/Could I ...

UNIT 10 Test A

- 1** 2 slow 3 boring 4 expensive
 5 dirty 6 noisy 7 dangerous
 8 unfriendly 9 modern

- 2** 1 ✗ 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✓

- 3** 3 noisier 4 more boring 5 worse
 6 slower 7 more dangerous 8 more difficult
 9 farther 10 more expensive 11 bigger
 12 better

- 4** 3 the dirtiest 4 the most exciting
 5 the highest 6 the prettiest
 7 the most difficult 8 the farthest
 9 the most intelligent 10 the best
 11 the cheapest 12 the worst

- 5** 3 Has your school got a computer centre?
 Yes, it has.
 4 They have got two daughters but they haven't got a son.
 5 We have got a lovely house but we haven't got a garden.
 6 Have they got a lot of money?
 No, they haven't.
 7 I haven't got much free time because I have got a lot
 of homework.
 8 Has your brother got a girlfriend?
 No, he hasn't.
 9 Has your city got an art gallery?
 No (it hasn't), but it has got a good theatre.
 10 She has got lots of cassettes but she hasn't got many CDs.
 11 You haven't got a big house but you have got a
 pretty garden.
 12 Have you got a dog?
 No, I haven't.

- 6** 1 population 2 ago 3 biggest
 4 bigger 5 for 6 Tourists
 7 buildings 8 hear 9 shops

UNIT 10 Test B

- 1** 3 the prettiest 4 the farthest
 5 the dirtiest 6 the most intelligent
 7 the highest 8 the cheapest
 9 the most exciting 10 the most difficult
 11 the worst 12 the best

- 2** 2 dangerous 3 slow 4 unfriendly
 5 expensive 6 modern 7 boring
 8 noisy 9 dirty

- 3** 1 ✗ 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 ✗ 5 ✓

- 4** 3 slower 4 more difficult 5 noisier
 6 farther 7 worse 8 bigger
 9 more boring 10 more dangerous 11 better
 12 more expensive

- 5** 1 population 2 ago 3 biggest
 4 bigger 5 for 6 Tourists
 7 buildings 8 hear 9 shops

- 6** 3 Have they got a lot of money?
 No, they haven't.
 4 Has your brother got a girlfriend?
 No, he hasn't.
 5 Has your school got a computer centre?
 Yes, it has.
 6 Has your city got an art gallery?
 No (it hasn't), but it has got a good theatre.
 7 We have got a lovely house but we haven't got a garden.
 8 You haven't got a big house but you have got
 a pretty garden.
 9 They have got two daughters but they haven't got a son.
 10 I haven't got much free time because I have got a lot
 of homework.
 11 Have you got a dog? No, I haven't.
 12 She has got lots of cassettes but she hasn't got many CDs.

UNIT 11 Test A

1

T	R	O	U	S	E	R	S	H	I	R	S
R	O	D	W	H	E	L	H	E	T	I	H
A	U	H	J	A	C	K	E	T	B	A	O
I	S	H	U	R	T	U	P	L	I	O	E
N	E	C	M	I	C	D	R	E	S	S	S
E	R	N	P	A	O	R	X	U	H	K	O
R	S	U	E	N	A	E	S	S	U	I	T
S	H	I	R	T	T	S	Z	P	U	R	K
E	A	G	P	A	L	R	B	O	O	T	S
V	S	I	J	E	A	N	S	F	S	I	M

- 2
- | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 4 swimming | 5 driving | 6 drinking |
| 7 listening | 8 having | 9 getting |
| 10 reading | 11 thinking | 12 smiling |
| 13 sitting | | |

- 3
- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 3 's washing | 4 'm not going |
| 5 isn't working | 6 're playing |
| 7 are ... crying | 8 are ... doing |
| 9 aren't working | 10 're talking |
| 11 are learning | 12 are ... wearing |

- 4
- | | | |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| 2 Who | 3 hers, yours | 4 Our, theirs |
| 5 Whose | 6 Who's | 7 Whose |
| 8 Her, my | | |

- 5
- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 1 a | 2 d | 3 c | 4 b | 5 c |
| 6 d | 7 a | 8 b | 9 b | 10 c |

UNIT 11 Test B

- 1
- | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|
| 4 listening | 5 getting | 6 swimming |
| 7 reading | 8 drinking | 9 smiling |
| 10 driving | 11 having | 12 sitting |
| 13 thinking | | |

2

T	R	O	U	S	E	R	S	H	I	R	S
R	O	D	W	H	E	L	H	E	T	I	H
A	U	H	J	A	C	K	E	T	B	A	O
I	S	H	U	R	T	U	P	L	I	O	E
N	E	C	M	I	C	D	R	E	S	S	S
E	R	N	P	A	O	R	X	U	H	K	O
R	S	U	E	N	A	E	S	S	U	I	T
S	H	I	R	T	T	S	Z	P	U	R	K
E	A	G	P	A	L	R	B	O	O	T	S
V	S	I	J	E	A	N	S	F	S	I	M

- 3
- | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------------|
| 2 Who's | 3 Whose | 4 Whose |
| 5 Our | 6 Her, my | 7 hers, yours |
| 8 Whose | | |

- 4
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 3 're playing | 4 are ... doing |
| 5 's washing | 6 aren't working |
| 7 isn't working | 8 are learning |
| 9 'm not going | 10 are ... crying |
| 11 are ... wearing | 12 're talking |

- 5
- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 1 d | 2 a | 3 b | 4 c | 5 b |
| 6 a | 7 d | 8 c | 9 c | 10 b |

UNIT 12 Test A

- 1** 1 d 2 e 3 b 4 a 5 f 6 c
- 2** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✓ 5 ✗
6 ✓ 7 ✗ 8 ✗ 9 ✓ 10 ✗
- 3** 1 on 2 in 3 on 4 of 5 at
6 like 7 on
- 4** 3 're going to be 4 'm going to stay
5 aren't going to work 6 's going to fall
7 's going to cook 8 aren't going to buy
9 's going to study 10 aren't going to pass
11 're going to move 12 isn't going to be
- 5** 3 How long are you going to stay in Germany?
4 What are they going to do during the holidays?
5 Is he going to get married next year?
6 When is she going to take her exams?
7 Are we going to have lunch in a pub?
8 Are you going to visit your family soon?
9 How are they going to travel to Prague?
10 Is she going to look for a new job?
11 Why are they going to sell their house?
12 Are your parents going to retire next year?
- 6** 4 The children went to the park to play.
5 Are you going to the kitchen to make a sandwich?
6 I went to New York to visit the art galleries.
7 They're going to the travel agent's to book a holiday.
8 Is he saving money to buy a car?
9 Are they moving to the country to have a quieter life?
- 7** 1 beautiful 2 shall 3 sunny 4 Let's
5 Shall 6 to

UNIT 12 Test B

- 1** 1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 ✗ 4 ✓ 5 ✗
6 ✓ 7 ✗ 8 ✗ 9 ✓ 10 ✗
- 2** 1 e 2 c 3 f 4 d 5 a 6 b
- 3** 3 aren't going to pass 4 's going to fall
7 's going to study 8 aren't going to work
5 aren't going to buy 6 're going to be
9 're going to move 10 'm going to stay
11 's going to cook 12 isn't going to be
- 4** 1 of 2 like 3 on 4 at 5 on
6 on 7 in
- 5** 1 beautiful 2 shall 3 sunny 4 Let's
5 Shall 6 to
- 6** 4 I went to New York to visit the art galleries.
5 Are they moving to the country to have a quieter life?
6 Are you going to the kitchen to make a sandwich?
7 Is he saving money to buy a car?
8 They're going to the travel agent's to book a holiday.
9 The children went to the park to play.
- 7** 3 Is she going to look for a new job?
4 When is she going to take her exams?
5 Are you going to visit your family soon?
6 How long are you going to stay in Germany?
7 How are they going to travel to Prague?
8 Is he going to get married next year?
9 Why are they going to sell their house?
10 What are they going to do during the holidays?
11 Are we going to have lunch in a pub?
12 Are your parents going to retire next year?

UNIT 13 Test A

- 1** 2 Britain 3 interesting 4 hard 5 medal
6 palace
- 2** 2 g 3 a 4 f 5 h 6 b 7 d 8 c
- 3** 2 What 3 When 4 Which
5 Who 6 Where 7 What
8 What sort of 9 How much 10 Why
11 How old
- 4** dangerous
healthy
angry
sunny
romantic
beautiful
peaceful
noisy
- 5** 2 quickly 3 careful 4 well 5 bad
6 easily 7 good 8 slowly 9 easy
- 6** 2 John cooks well.
3 She's got a bad headache.
4 I love driving fast.
5 We did a hard test yesterday.
6 Please call the police immediately.
7 They always walk slowly through the park.
8 We work hard every day.
9 Anna is a good doctor.
- 7** 1 c 2 a 3 d 4 a 5 c

UNIT 13 Test B

- 1** 2 b 3 g 4 d 5 f 6 c 7 a 8 h
- 2** 2 What 3 What 4 What sort of
5 Which 6 Why 7 When
8 Where 9 How old 10 How much
11 Who
- 3** 2 hard 3 interesting 4 Britain 5 medal
6 palace
- 4** 2 good 3 quickly 4 slowly 5 well
6 easy 7 careful 8 easily 9 bad
- 5** romantic
dangerous
beautiful
angry
peaceful
noisy
sunny
healthy
- 6** 1 b 2 d 3 a 4 d 5 b
- 7** 2 They always walk slowly through the park.
3 John cooks well.
4 We work hard every day.
5 I love driving fast.
6 Anna is a good doctor.
7 She's got a bad headache.
8 Please call the police immediately.
9 We did a hard test yesterday.

UNIT 14 Test A

- 1**
- | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|
| PAST SIMPLE | | PAST PARTICIPLE |
| ate | | eaten |
| drank | | drunk |
| bought | | bought |
| flew | | flown |
| did | | done |
| made | | made |
| had | | had |
| took | | taken |
| won | | won |
| met | | met |
- 2**
- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 x | 2 x | 3 ✓ | 4 x | 5 ✓ |
| 6 ✓ | 7 x | 8 x | 9 ✓ | |
- 3**
- | | | | | | |
|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|
| 1 off | 2 up | 3 on | 4 out | 5 up | 6 off |
|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|
- 4**
- I've started my new job but I haven't found a flat yet.
 - He's learnt to drive but he hasn't bought a car yet.
 - They've flown to Florida but they haven't visited Disneyland yet.
 - We've eaten the main course but we haven't chosen the dessert yet.
 - She's sent her boyfriend a letter but she hasn't received a reply yet.
- 5**
- Has she ever flown on a plane? No, she hasn't.
 - Have you and your brother ever seen a horror film? Yes, we have.
 - Have they ever been to Australia? Yes, they have.
 - Has he ever won a competition? No, he hasn't.
 - Have you ever bought a car? Yes, I have.
- 6**
- Have the children eaten their lunch yet? Yes, they've just eaten it.
 - Has your friend taken his driving test yet? Yes, he's just taken it.
 - Have you and your husband sold your house yet? Yes, we've just sold it.
 - Have you done the shopping yet? Yes, I've just done it.
 - Has she read the letter yet? Yes, she's just read it.
- 7**
- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1 went | 2 met | 3 Have ... been |
| 4 haven't | 5 Have ... seen | 6 saw |
| 7 have ... walked | 8 was | 9 have ... visited |
| 10 haven't found | 11 took | 12 spent |
| 13 left | | |

UNIT 14 Test B

- 1**
- | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1 x | 2 x | 3 ✓ | 4 x | 5 ✓ |
| 6 ✓ | 7 x | 8 x | 9 ✓ | |
- 2**
- | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|------|-------|------|------|
| 1 out | 2 off | 3 up | 4 off | 5 up | 6 on |
|-------|-------|------|-------|------|------|
- 3**
- | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|
| PAST SIMPLE | | PAST PARTICIPLE |
| flew | | flown |
| made | | made |
| ate | | eaten |
| had | | had |
| bought | | bought |
| won | | won |
| drank | | drunk |
| did | | done |
| met | | met |
| took | | taken |
- 4**
- Have you and your husband sold your house yet? Yes, we've just sold it.
 - Has she read the letter yet? Yes, she's just read it.
 - Has your friend taken his driving test yet? Yes, he's just taken it.
 - Have the children eaten their lunch yet? Yes, they've just eaten it.
 - Have you done the shopping yet? Yes, I've just done it.
- 5**
- They've flown to Florida but they haven't visited Disneyland yet.
 - She's sent her boyfriend a letter but she hasn't received a reply yet.
 - He's learnt to drive but he hasn't bought a car yet.
 - I've started my new job but I haven't found a flat yet.
 - We've eaten the main course but we haven't chosen the dessert yet.
- 6**
- | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1 went | 2 met | 3 Have ... been |
| 4 haven't | 5 Have ... seen | 6 saw |
| 7 have ... walked | 8 was | 9 have ... visited |
| 10 haven't found | 11 took | 12 spent |
| 13 left | | |
- 7**
- Have they ever been to Australia? Yes, they have.
 - Have you ever bought a car? Yes, I have.
 - Have you and your brother ever seen a horror film? Yes, we have.
 - Has she ever flown on a plane? No, she hasn't.
 - Has he ever won a competition? No, he hasn't.

Unit 1 Listening

1 How 2 are 3 thanks 4 Very 5 They're

Unit 2 Listening

juice
tuna
drink
salad
water

Unit 3 Listening

1 x 2 ✓ 3 x 4 x 5 ✓

Unit 4 Listening

2 shopping 3 father 4 kids 5 relax 6 go out

Unit 5 Listening

2 flat 3 window 4 bed 5 city 6 shops

Unit 6 Listening

1 speak 2 afraid 3 moment 4 message 5 ring

Unit 7 Listening

2 2 3 16 4 5 5 65 6 86

Unit 8 Listening

2 invented 3 father 4 1950 5 moon 6 century

Unit 9 Listening

1 fruit 2 books 3 bike 4 dogs 5 wine 6 ice-cream

Unit 10 Listening

bridge pub hill river farm lake

Unit 11 Listening

rich: Mandy
drinking wine: Fiona
married: Roz and Sam
laughing: George
lives in LA: Harry

Unit 12 Listening

2 the world 3 Moscow 4 children 5 75 6 school

Unit 13 Listening

2 downstairs 3 carefully 4 immediately 5 fortunately
6 explained

Unit 14 Listening

2 gate 3 departure 4 ticket 5 luggage 6 boarding

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